

November 2019

UPGRADE AND INSTALLATION OF STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE ALONG DIVISIONAL RD. 1001, FROM KM 3.64 – KM 7.69, HANGKLIP, WESTERN CAPE

DEA&DP reference number: 16/3/3/1/B2/31/1009/19

Environmental Control Officer Monthly Report

## **OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY**

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## **Executive summary**

The Overberg District Municipality was appointed as the Environmental Control Officer (ECO) by the Department of Transport and Public Works for the upgrade and installation of stormwater infrastructure along Divisional rd. 1001, from km 3.64 – km 7.69, Hangklip, Western Cape.

This document serves as the monthly report for November 2019 and is the third ECO report for this project.

The following areas were inspected during weekly site inspections.

- The pipe- culvert at km 6.34
- Stockpile site
- Storage area for plant and equipment
- Water abstraction point

#### Compliance score:

Monitoring categories	Conformance Score (%)
Western Cape Government: Environmental Authorisation	80%
Environmental management programme	89%
Rehabilitation report	Not applicable
Contractor's method statements	87.5%

TOTAL 88%	

Issues of concern identified during the inspection:

#### Way forward:

- The Roads Department closes for the period 17 December 2019 to 10 January 2020 during which no construction activities will be conducted at the site. Construction work at the culvert sites will only commence in the new year. ECO inspections during December will mainly focus on the site camp and water abstraction point.
- Alien vegetation control measures on the topsoil stockpile needs to be implemented

Project Team			
Contact person	Position	Organisation	Email address
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Rulien Volschenk	Environmental Control Officer	ODM	rvolschenk@odm.org.za

## Report approval

Project name:

Upgrade of existing degraded pipe culverts at km4.08, km 5.31, km

7.07, and km 7.42, proposed installation of a new culvert at km 6.34, proposed installation of new sub-soil drains at km 6.36, 6.38, 6.40,

6.42 and 6.44 along divisional road 1001, Hangklip, Western Cape.

Report title:

**Environmental Control Officer Monthly Report** 

Authors:

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DEA&DP reference no.:

16/3/3/1/B2/31/1009/19

Compliance Report no.:

Report signed off by appointed ECO

Mr. Francois Kotze

Manager: Environmental Management

Submission date to project manager:

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# List of acronyms and abbreviations

BAR Basic Assessment Report

BGCMA Breede/Gouritz Catchment Management Agency

DEA&DP Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning

DTWP Department of Transport and Public Works

EA Environmental Authorisation

ECO Environmental Control Officer

EMPr Environmental Management Programme

EO Environmental Officer

ESO Environmental Site Officer

KPI Key Performance Indicator

MMP Maintenance Management Plan

NEMA National Environmental Management Act of 1998

ODM Overberg District Municipality

RE Resident Engineer

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#### Definitions

Alien species Plants and animals which do not arrive naturally in an area - they are

brought in by humans. Alien plants often force indigenous species out of the area. Rooikrans is a good example of alien species in the

Cape.

Biodiversity The rich variety of plants and animals that live in their own

environment. Fynbos is a good example of rich biodiversity in the

Cape.

Competent Authority Refers to the Western Cape Government Department of

Environmental Affairs and Development Planning.

**Contamination** Polluting or making something impure.

Corrective (or remedial) action Response required to address an environmental problem that is in

conflict with the requirements of the EMP. The need for corrective action may be determined through monitoring, audits or

management review.

Ecosystem The relationship and interaction between plants, animals and the

non-living environment.

**Environment** Our surroundings, including living and non-living elements, e.g. land,

soil, plants, animals, air, water and humans. The environment also refers to our social and economic surroundings, and our effect on our

surroundings.

Environmental Authorisation Means the authorisation by a competent authority of a listed activity

or specified activity in terms of the National Environmental Management Act of 1998 and includes a similar authorisation

contemplated in a specific environmental management act.

Habitat The physical environment that is home to plants and animals in an

area, and where they live, feed and reproduce.

Hazardous waste Waste, even in small amounts, that can cause damage to plants,

animals, their habitat and the well-being of human beings, e.g. waste

from factories, detergents, pesticides, hydrocarbons, etc.

**Impact** A description of the potential effect or consequence of an aspect of

the development on a specified component of the biophysical, social

or economic environment within a defined time and space.

Indigenous species Plants and animals that are naturally found in an area.

Infrastructure The network of facilities and services that are needed for economic

activities, e.g. roads, electricity, water, sewerage.

Mitigation Measures designed to avoid, reduce or remedy adverse impacts.

Natural environment Our physical surroundings, including plants and animals, when they

are unspoiled by human activities.

**Rehabilitation** Land rehabilitation is the process of returning the land in a given area

to some degree of its former state, after some process has resulted

in its damage.

**Resources** Parts of our natural environment that we use and protect, e.g. land,

forests, water, wildlife, and minerals.

**Storm water management** Strategies implemented to control the surface flow of storm water

such that erosion, sedimentation and pollution of surface and ground water resources in the immediate and surrounding environments are mitigated. This is specifically important during the construction and

decommissioning phases of a project.

Waste Management Classifying, recycling, treatment and disposal of waste generated

during construction and decommissioning activities.

Wetlands An area of land with water mostly at or near the surface, resulting in

a waterlogged habitat containing characteristic vegetation species

and soil types e.g. vleis, swamps.

#### Introduction

The Department of Transport and Public Works (DTPW): Road infrastructure Branch applied for Environmental Authorisation (EA) for the upgrade of Divisional Road 1001.

Divisional road 1001 is an existing degraded gravel road that will be upgraded to a surfaced road to enhance the road conditions. The resurfacing of the road itself did not trigger any listed activities but the upgrade and installation of new storm water infrastructure did trigger a Basic Assessment Report (BAR).

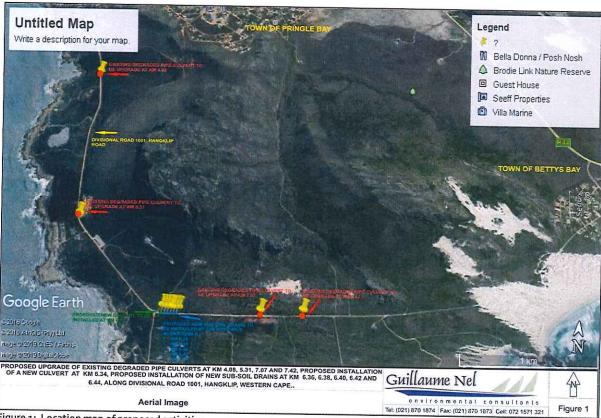


Figure 1: Location map of proposed activities

The DTPW obtained authorisation to undertake the following activities:

- 1) The upgrade of the following existing degraded pipe culverts:
  - Pipe-Culvert at Km 4.08 will be upgraded from an x1 450 mm diameter to: x2 900mm diameter pipe culvert.
  - Pipe-Culvert at Km 5.31 will be upgraded from an x1 453mm diameter to: x2 600mm diameter pipe culvert
  - Pipe- Culvert at km 7.07 will be upgraded from an x1 450mm diameter to: x2 600mm diameter pipe culvert.
  - Pipe Culvert at km 7.42 will be upgraded from an x1 450mm diameter to: x1 900mm diameter pipe culvert.

- 2) The installation of two new goomm diameter pipe culverts with new wing-walls and an apron slab at km6.34; and
- 3) The installation of five new 200mm diameter sub-soil drains with new wing-walls and apron slabs at:
  - Km6.36
  - Km6.38
  - Km6.40
  - Km6.42; and
  - Km6.44

The site camp is located on Portion 101 of Farm 559, Hangklip, Pringle Bay. The site was considered suitable for the following reasons:

- The site falls outside Critical Biodiversity Areas (CBA);
- The site falls within the previously disturbed and degraded road reserve;
- The site is highly infested with invasive vegetation and will be rehabilitated;
- Access to the site is existing; and
- The owner of the property as well as Overstrand Municipality and Overberg District Municipality gave consent.



Figure 2: Refer to white block – approved site camp

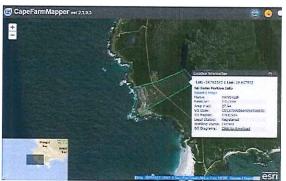


Figure 3: Erf on which the approved site camp is located

As part of the Basic Assessment process an Environmental Management Programme (EMPr), Maintenance Management Plan (MMP) and Rehabilitation Plan were developed to guide construction and operational activities.

## 2. Duties of the ECO

The Environmental Management Services Department of the Overberg District Municipality was appointed as the independent Environmental Control Officer (ECO) by the DTPW.

The ECO's functions in terms of environmental compliance monitoring are to monitor activities as approved in the EA and described in the EMPr, MMP and Rehabilitation Plan.

#### Reporting

As stipulated in the EMPr the ODM is responsible for weekly audits to monitor adherence to relevant environmental legislation, conditions of the EA, and the EMPr.

The <u>ODM will also conduct monthly independent environmental audits</u>. Monthly Audit reports are to verify the projects compliance with the EMP and conditions of the EA.

Environmental audits will also be done quarterly in accordance with Appendix 7 of the NEMA EIA Regulations of 2014 and submitted to the CA.

### Key performance indicators (KPI)

Evidence of the following as KPI, must be included in the audit reports:

- Complaints received from landowners and actions taken.
- Environmental incidents, such as oil spills, concrete spills, etc. and actions taken (litigation excluded).
- Incidents leading to litigation and legal contraventions.
- Environmental damage that needs rehabilitation measures to be taken.

#### Compliance rating

Rating	Definition	Compliance score
Compliant	npliant Complete adherence to the conditions as stipulated in the EA, EMPr, MMP or Rehabilitation Plan.	
Non - compliant		0
Not applicable	Refers to those conditions that is not relevant to this specific report.	2

Formula to be used when calculating the conformance score:

Conformance score (%) = 
$$\frac{\text{Total compliance weight } \div \text{ No. of conditions audited}}{2}$$

# 3. ECO monitoring report

This report concludes the compliance monitoring for the period 18 September 2019 to 30 September 2019.

### Summary of Monthly ECO Monitoring Checklist: August 2019

# 3.1 Western Cape Government: Environmental Authorisation

The Environmental Authorisation (EA) for the upgrade of the upgrade and installation of stormwater infrastructure along Divisional rd. 1001, from km 3.64 - km 7.69, Hangklip, was obtained on 08 of August 2019.

#### Conditions of approval:

Condition  Monitorir	Compliance score	Comment
Appoint an ECO or site agent before commencement of any land clearing or construction activities.	o	Due to a delay in appointment, initial clearing activities have commenced prior to the appointment of the ECO
A copy of the EA, EMPr, audit reports and compliance monitoring reports must be kept at the site of the authorised activities and must be made available to anyone on request, including a publicly accessible website.	2	A copy of EA and EMPr was provided to the site supervisor.  Note: There is no physical site office for documents to be kept. If the public or CA wants access to these documents, they can request it from the site supervisor directly.

Access to the site must be granted, and the environmental reports mentioned above must be produced, to any authorised official representing the Competent Authority who request to see it for the purposes of assessing and/or monitoring compliance with the conditions contained herein.	2	The site is accessible.  Note: There is no physical site office for documents to be kept. If the public or CA wants access to these documents, they can request it from the site supervisor directly.
Auditing		
The holder must undertake an environmental audit quarterly for the duration of the construction phase.	2	N/A. Quarterly reports will be submitted for the period September – November 2019.
Environmental Audit Reports must be submitted to the Competent Authority once every six months during the construction phase.	2	N/A. Audit reports will be submitted.
The final Environmental Audit Report must be submitted to the Competent Authority within six months after operation commenced.	2	N/A. Audit report will be submitted.
The holder must, within 7 days of the submission of each of the above-mentioned reports to the Competent Authority, notify all potential and registered I&AP of the submission and make the report available to anyone on request and on a publicly accessible website.	2	The audit reports will be hosted on www.odm.org.za
Specific cond	itions	
Should any heritage remains be exposed during excavations or any other actions on the site, these must immediately be reported to the Provincial Heritage Resources Authority of the Western Cape.	2	N/A
A qualified archaeologist and/or palaeontologist must be contracted where necessary (at the expense of the holder) to remove any heritage remains. Heritage remains can only be disturbed by a suitably qualified heritage specialist working under a directive from the relevant heritage resources authority.	2	N/A
The construction footprint must be demarcated prior to the commencement of construction activities. Wetland features beyond the	0	Partial compliance. The construction sites are demarcated to some extent, but the boundary between

construction footprint must be demarcated as "no-	construction area and no-go
go" areas.	areas are not clearly defined.

Conformance score: 80%

Total compliance weight: 16

No. of conditions audited: 10

## 3.2 Environmental management programme

The implementation of the EMP is legally binding through NEMA and the relevant EA. The Environmental Control Office, appointed by the developer after environmental approval, must use this EMP during the ECO audits to determine the developer's compliance to it.

Condition	Compliance score	Comment	
Pre-construction: Awareness and training			
Environmental awareness induction session.	0	No formal induction session. Ongoing discussions with the work team regarding specific environmental issues by the ECO and site supervisor.	
Erecting of public information boards.	0	No signage	
Development of awareness posters and a hand out must be produced to create awareness throughout the site.	0	No posters or awareness material on site.	
Pre-construction: Site of	documentation		
Access negotiations and physical access plan.	2	There is a site plan.	
Site daily diary / instruction book.	2	Work instruction sheets are being kept daily	
Records of all remediation / rehabilitation activities	2	Rehabilitation plan is on site. To be implemented after construction.	
Copies of EO/ESO reports	2	Work instruction sheets are being kept daily	
Environmental Management Programme	2	Compliant	
Complaints register	2	Compliant.	
Pre-construction: Site demarcation and development			
The project area and construction footprint must be clearly demarcated.	2	Construction areas are clearly demarcated.	
Pre-construction + construction: Flora			

Prior to construction a search and rescue for seeds, plants and geophytes need to be conducted within the construction footprint.  Adjacent natural areas need to be clearly condoned off and seen as no-go areas.		Search and rescue were conducted.  Partial compliance. The construction sites are demarcated to some extent,
	0	but the boundary between construction area and no-go areas are not clearly defined.
Pre-construction+ con	struction: Faur	na
All possible sensitive faunal species found within the construction footprint must be rescued and relocated to the natural adjacent areas.	2	Compliant
Pre-construction+ cons	truction: Tops	oil
Topsoil to be protected and stored in approved areas.	2	Compliant
Topsoil to be placed back after construction in disturbed areas as part of the rehabilitation.	2	Topsoil to be used for the rehabilitation of construction areas and camp site.
Topsoil need to be clearly seen as no-go areas.	2	Compliant
Topsoil needs to be protected and preserved for rehabilitation purposes.	2	Compliant
Construction: St	ockpiles	
All stockpiled material must be easily accessible on site without any environmental damage of the surrounding properties.	2	Compliant
All temporarily stockpiled material must be stockpiled in such a way that the spread of materials is minimised.	2	Stockpiles are stored in proximity from where it was removed.
In the case of strong wind and/or rain all stockpiled material must be covered with a tarpaulin in order to prevent erosion.	0	Material is not covered.
The stockpiles may only be placed within the demarcated areas	2	Compliant
Stockpiles are to be stabilised if signs of erosion are visible.	2	Compliant
Soils from different horizons must be stockpiled such that topsoil stockpiles do not get contaminated by sub-soil material.	2	Not applicable.

	T	
Topsoil stockpiles must be monitored for invasive exotic vegetation growth. Contractors must remediate as and when required in consultation with the EO, RE and ECO.	0	Alien vegetation regrowth on stockpile.
Stockpiles must not be higher than 1.5m to avoid compaction thereby maintaining the soil integrity and chemical composition.	2	Compliant
Construction: N	Materials	
Any imported material used during the construction needs to be obtained from an approved source. Sand without any seed from invasive species must be used	2	Compliant
No sea sand may be used for mixing in cement and for in-filling.	2	Compliant
No unused materials from the old road infrastructure or materials used for the repair and upgrade of road infrastructure shall be left on site, neither by burying nor by working it into the soil.	2	Compliant.
Construction: Oils ar	nd chemicals	
These substances must be confined to specific and secured areas within the contractor's camp, and in a way that does not pose a danger of pollution even during times of high rainfall.	2	Not applicable. There is no storage of oils and chemicals on site.
These areas must be imperviously bunded with adequate containment (at least 1.1 times the volume of the fuel) for potential spills or leaks	2	Not applicable. There is no storage of oils and chemicals on site.
Drip trays (minimum of 10cm deep) must be placed under all machinery and vehicles.	0	No drip trays were observed.
Any spills larger than 100l should be reported to all local authorities.	2	No incident. Any NEMA section 30 incident will be reported to ODM.
Spill kits must be available on site and in all vehicles that transport hydrocarbons for dispensing to other vehicles on the construction site.	2	Kits are available for the two vehicles transporting hydrocarbons.
All spilled hazardous substances must be contained in impermeable containers for removal to a General & Hazardous Waste Landfill site, (this includes contaminated soils, and drenched spill kit material).	2	Compliant

Construction:	Cement	
Cement must be mixed and transported in leak and		Compliant
splash proof containers.	2	
Should a cement spill occur, then the spilled		- CI'.
material, as with all waste materials, must be		Compliant
removed completely and spoiled in a designated		
spoils site.	2	
Cement batching areas must be located in an area		Compliant
that does not fall within sensitive areas such	_	
as river systems.	2	
The mixing of concrete shall only be done at		Compliant
selected sites on mortar boards or similar		Compliant
structures to contain run-off into natural	2	
vegetation, soils, and streams.		
All empty containers must be stored in a dedicated		Compliant
area and later removed from the site for	_	
appropriate disposal at a Licensed Landfill site	2	
All empty cement bags are to be picked up		Compliant
immediately.	2	Compliant
The visible remains of concrete, either solid, or		Compliant
from washings, shall be physically removed	i	,
immediately and disposed of as waste to a	2	
Licensed Landfill site.		
Construction: Dangerous and toxic	materials (stor	age facilities)
Materials such as fuel, oil, paint, herbicide and	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Not applicable.
insecticides must be sealed and stored in bermed		
areas or under lock and key, as appropriate, in well-	2	
ventilated areas.		
Storage facilities should be bunded, roofed, secure,	·	NI-t I' I I
rain, wind and tamper proof.	,	Not applicable.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2	
Storage areas shall display the required safety signs	·	Not applicable.
depicting "no smoking", No Naked lights" and		
"Danger" containers shall be clearly marked to	2	
indicate contents as well as safety requirements.		
Empty containers shall be removed to a General &		Not applicable.
Hazardous Waste Landfill site.	2	Not applicable.
Construction: Dangerous and toxic materi.	als (bulk stora	
Bulk fuel storage tanks on the site shall be on an		Not applicable. No bulk
impervious surface that is bunded and able to	2	storage of fuel and oils on
contain at least 110% of the volume of the tanks.		site

A Flammable Liquid License must be obtained for diesel volumes greater than 200 litres.	2	Not applicable. No bulk storage of fuel and oils on site
Bulk fuel storage tanks shall be located in a portion of the construction camp where they do not pose a high risk in terms of water.	2	Not applicable. No bulk storage of fuel and oils on site
Bulk fuel storage tanks shall be placed so that they are out of the way of traffic.	2	Not applicable. No bulk storage of fuel and oils on site
Bulk fuel storage should be covered during the rainy season.	2	Not applicable. No bulk storage of fuel and oils on site
Construction: Dangerous and toxic materials	(use of danger	ous and toxic materials)
The contractor shall keep the necessary materials and equipment on site to deal with spills/ fire of the materials present should they occur.	2	Compliant
A record must be kept of all spills and the corrective action taken.	2	Compliant
Construction: Eating areas	and camp follo	owers
The Contractor shall, in conjunction with the EO, designate the restricted eating area for eating during normal working hours.	2	Not applicable
Two refuse bins with lids must be provided and cleaned on a daily basis.	0	Partial compliance: Two bins on site. No lids.
Designated areas for smoking must be provided.	0	Not practical. Because construction activities take place on several locations a designated smoke area cannot be determined
No fires will be allowed on site.	2	Compliant
No animals, domestic or otherwise are allowed on the premises.	2	Compliant
Litter (even if originating outside the camp) and concrete bags etc. must be picked up and put into suitably closed bins.	2	Litter originated from construction or personnel activities is collected and taken away daily.
Construction: Toilets and	ablution facilit	ies

The contractor will be seen with Contract U		
The contractor will be responsible for providing all		There are toilet facilities on
sanitary arrangements for his and the sub-		site.
contractors team.	2	
All toilets will be located within the contractor's		The toilet is situated in the
camp.		
camp.	2	area where the plant
	_	equipment is stored.
The contractor (who must use reputable toilet-		Compliant.
servicing company) shall be responsible for the		Compilant.
cleaning, maintenance and servicing of the toilets.	2	
cicaling, maintenance and servicing of the tollets.		
- 4		
Toilets out on site must be secured to the ground	V)	Compliant.
and have a sufficient locking mechanism		, ,
operational at all times.	2	
Construction Waste		
No illegal dumping of waste.	Hanagement	
No megal domping of waste.	2	Compliant.
Duraf -fl11 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Proof of legal dumping must be able to be		General waste is being
produced on request.		discarded of at the local
	2	transfer station. No waste
	~	the second of the control of the second of t
		certificate is issued for proof.
All refuse bins must have a lid secured so that		
		Waste are removed daily to
animals cannot gain access.	2	avoid luring animals.
Sufficient closed containers must be strategically		Waste are not stockpiled on
located around the construction site to handle the		site.
amount of litter, wastes, rubbish, debris and	_	site.
builders waste generated on the site	2	
builders waste generated on the site.		
All to be a second		
All solid and chemical wastes that are generated		Compliant
must be removed and disposed of at a licensed		
waste disposal site.	2	
Silver ordinario control and the state of th		
A skip, with a cover, must be used to contain refuse		Niet englischt
from composite bing with his and all the contrain retuse		Not applicable.
from campsite bins, rubble and other construction	2	4
material.	2	1
Construction:	Dust	
No abstraction from any river		Water abstraction is
		currently taking place in the
<b>建设工程设计器的基础设计器 医</b>	0	Buffels Rivier. An historic
		water abstraction point.
Potable water const. ( C		
Potable water cannot (as far as possible) be used as		Compliant
a means of dust suppression	2	
The construction camp shall be watered during dry		Compliant
and windy conditions to control dust fallout.	2	1,100
,		

		100
All vehicles transporting material that can be blown		Constinut
off (e.g. soil, rubble etc.) must be covered with a		Compliant
tarpaulin, and speed limits of 20 km/h must be		
adhered to.	2	
dancied to.		
Construction: Workshop equipmen	t maintenanc	e and storage
All maintenance and washing of vehicles and		Compliant
equipment shall be done off-site as far as possible.	2	
'		
The Contractor shall be in possession of an		Compliant
emergency spill kit that must be complete and		
available at all times on site.	2	
Construction:	Noise	
All construction vehicles must be in a good working	İ	Equipment is in a good
order to reduce possible noise pollution.		working condition.
	2	Construction activities are
		limited to business day
	E	working hours.
Construction: Cre	w camps	
The contractor's camp, offices and storage facilities	or carrips	Not applicable. There is no
shall be located within the site boundaries.	2	office and storage facilities.
	_	l
No fires will be allowed on site.	_	Compliant
	2	•
The Contractor shall ensure that there is		Compliant
appropriate fire-fighting equipment available on	2	
site at all times.		
Construction: Erosion		
Visual inspections of the construction area and the	and sequinent	Donowooldy
watercourses should be undertaken frequently.	2	Done weekly.
, and a second of the second o	<del>-</del>	
During the rainy season, silt traps needs to be		Not applicable.
installed within the watercourse before	_	• •
construction may commence	2	
The contractor shall be responsible for		Compliant
rehabilitating all disturbed areas in such a way that	,	
the erosion potential is minimised after		
construction has been completed.	2	
Construction: Access ro	ute/haiii roads	
Construction: Access ro Existing access roads or the most disturbed area to	ute/naul roads	27 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Existing access roads or the most disturbed area to be used as access.	ute/haul roads	Work are restricted to the road reserve.

Road construction vehicles and machinery to		Work are restricted to the
strictly stay on existing road. Adjacent natural		road reserve.
areas need to be clearly seen as no go areas.	2	Toda reserve.
areas need to be clearly seen as no go areas.		
Construction: Crime, sa	l fety and secur	itv
No site staff, other than security personnel and	lety and secon	Compliant
skeleton staff shall be housed on site	2	Compliant
The state of the s	_	
A boundary fence will serve to prevent public		Stockpile area is fenced off.
access to the site,	2	
,		
The site and crew are to be managed in strict	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Compliant
accordance with the Occupational Health and		
Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993) and the	2	
National Building Regulations.		
Construction: Visi	ual impact	
The contractor must rehabilitate all disturbed areas		Will be done in accordance
once construction activities have terminated.	2	with the Rehabilitation Plan.
Topsoil need to be placed back in such a way that it		Will be done in accordance
blends in with the natural contour and surrounding	2	with the Rehabilitation Plan.
of the natural environment.		
Disturbed areas to be planted and sown with		Will be done in accordance
endemic species of the area.	2	with the Rehabilitation Plan.
Rubble and litter must be removed every week or		Rubble and litter are
more often as the need arises and be disposed of at		removed daily.
a registered landfill site	2	Terrioved daily.
Construction: Hy	/drology	
Control erosion and sedimentation in areas		Will be monitored and
especially in close proximity to the watercourse.	2	addressed when required.
Run-off from hard surfaces needs to be channelled		Will be monitored and
away from sensitive slopes and to be designed to	2	addressed when required.
reduce runoff water flow speeds.	2	
The contractor shall are such that		NACII I
The contractor shall ensure that excessive		Will be monitored and
quantities of sand, silt and silt-laden water do not	2	addressed when required.
enter the River system.		
Construction: Soil and	L Groundwater	
	2	
	_	
Topsoil is to be replaced in the location it was		Will be done in accordance
removed from after construction activities is	2	with the Rehabilitation plan.
completed, such that the surface layers are		
	2	Topsoil is separated from other construction material.  Will be done in accordance

replaced so that they again form the surface layers here following construction activities.		
The topsoil is to be stored in a weed-free environment in heaps not exceeding 1.5m in height.	0	The stockpile area was overgrown with Acacia Cyclops. Regrowth of Acacia Cyclops has been observed in the topsoil stockpile.
Stock piles may not be ridden on by any machinery or walked on by staff.	2	Compliant
Soil should not be stored for longer than three months.	2	Top soil can only be placed back once construction activities are concluded. With the installation of the culverts adherence to this condition is viable, but not for the site camp.
Backfill will require contouring to ensure that it blends in with the surrounding environment.	2	Will be done in accordance with the Rehabilitation plan.

Conformance score:

89%

Total compliance weight:

176

No. of conditions audited:

99

### 3.3 Rehabilitation report

Guillaume Nel Environmental Consultants (GNEC) has been appointed to compile a rehabilitation plan for the propose site camp on Farm number 101/559 for the road and storm water infrastructure upgrade along Divisional road 1001, Hangklip, Western Cape.

Rehabilitation measures included:

Activity	Compliance score	Comment
Alien clearing ma	nagement	
An alien clearing Management Plan need to be implemented for at least one year after rehabilitation	2	Not applicable for this report
Rehabilitation by means of pocket	planting and h	nand sowing
Planting of endemic species in accordance with the rehabilitation plan (6 pockets of 10m x 10m)	2	Not applicable for this report

Areas that will not be planted in between the planted pockets will be hand sown with seeds collected during the search and rescue.	2	Not applicable for this report
Ripping and shaping prio	r to rehabilitat	ion
Prior to planting and hand sowing the compacted soil need to be ripped and shaped in such a way that it blends in with the natural contour and drainage lines of the site.	2	Not applicable for this report
Cordoning off rehab	ilitated area	
After rehabilitation the area needs to be clearly cordoned off to ensure that no damage is done to the rehabilitated area.	2	Not applicable for this report
Timing of rehab	ilitation	
Planting will be at the beginning of the rainy season.	2	Not applicable for this report

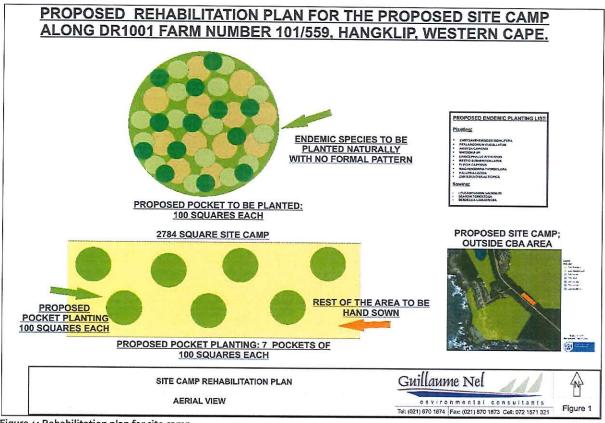


Figure 4: Rehabilitation plan for site camp

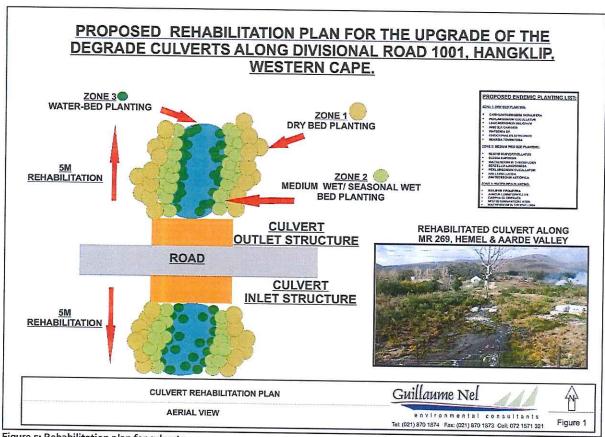


Figure 5: Rehabilitation plan for culverts

Conformance score:

100%

Total compliance weight:

12

No. of conditions audited:

#### Maintenance management plan 3.4

The purpose of the MMP is to maintain both man-made and ecological infrastructure in a manner that either improves the current state of, and/or reduces the negative impacts on a watercourse to ensure that ecosystems services are preserved/improved and to prevent further deterioration of the watercourse.

The MMP that was prepared be Guillaume Nel Environmental Consultants shall be implemented during the operational phase of this project.

#### 3.5 Contractor's method statements

The contractor must provide method statements on the protocols to be followed, and contingencies to be put in place for the following, before construction may begin:

Method statement	Compliance score	Comment	
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Emergency spills procedures for the contamination of soils from spills and fire	2	Compliant
Handling of oils and chemicals	2	Compliant
Cement and concrete batching, which includes the storage, washing & disposal of cement, packaging, tools and plant.	2	Compliant
Diesel tanks and refuelling procedures.	2	Compliant
Crew camps and construction lay down areas.	2	Compliant
Workshop maintenance and cleaning of plant.	2	Compliant
Dust control	0	No method statement
Material safety data sheets (hazardous substances)	2	Compliant

Conformance score:

87.5%

Total compliance weight:

14

No. of conditions audited:

8

#### 3.6 ECO site inspection

Construction activities was limited to a single culvert site due to the specialised work required around the wetland. The areas inspected during the month of November on a weekly basis was: (Refer to Figure 6 for the location of each site).

- The pipe- culvert at km 6.34
- Stockpile site
- Storage area for plant and equipment
- Water abstraction point

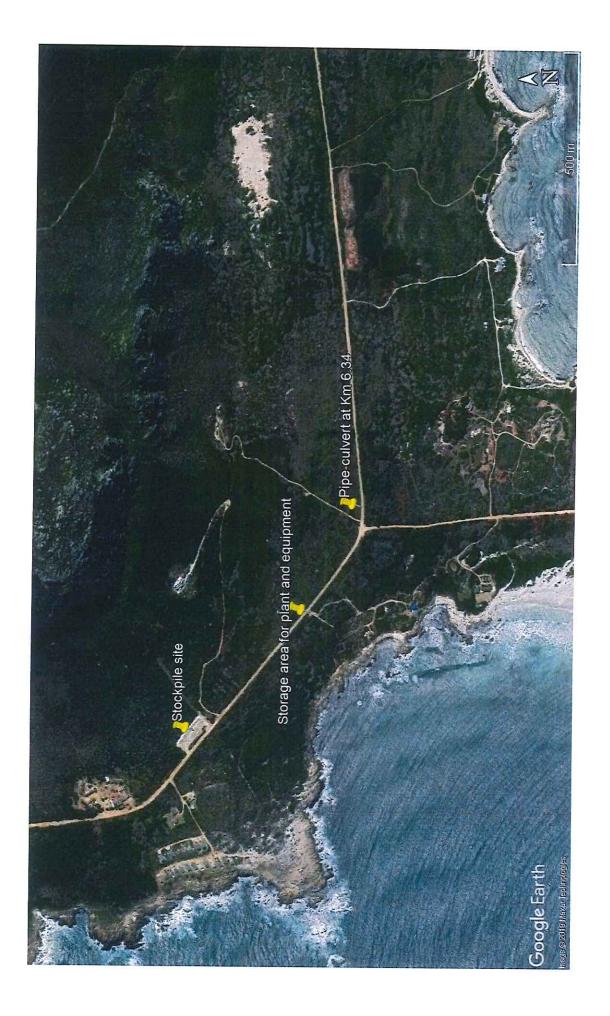


Figure 6: Site inspection map

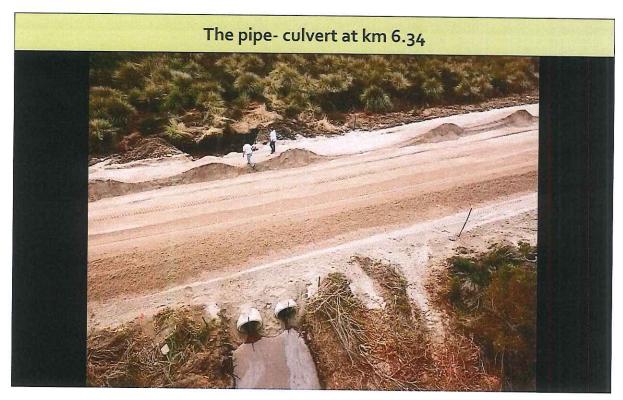


Figure 7: Pipe-culvert at km 6.34 prior to construction



Figure 8: Pipe-culvert outlet after construction



Figure 9: Pipe-culvert inlet after construction



Figure 10: Acacia Cyclops visible on the topsoil stockpile



Figure 11: Construction site: Storage area for plant and equipment

## Water abstraction point



Figure 12: Water abstraction point – 08/11/2019



Figure 14: Water abstraction point -22/11/2019



Figure 13: Water abstraction point - 14/11/2019

## **ECO findings**

- Continued monitoring is taking place at the water abstraction site. The water level at the site remain constant, but there is a reduction in flow from the Buffelsrivier Dam.
- The storage area for the plant and equipment needs to be maintained. The refuse bin needs to be closed and all grease and oil spills removed. There are no drip trays on site.
- Alien vegetation control needs to take place at the topsoil stockpile.

# 4. Issues and complaints

	Date	Description of issue		
	submitted		anseindean	responsible person
н	10 Sept 2019	From: Cllr Fanie Krige	A site meeting was attended on 18	Investigation into an
			September 2019 with Ms S. van	
			Niekerk, DPWT and ODM's	abstraction point:
		Hi Denovan and Tamzyn	Environmental Management	DPWT
			Services Department (acting as	
			ECO).	Weekly monitoring:
		abovementioned issues. She is the owner of a small holding close		ECO
		to the water works and uses the causeway to get access to her	The current site has been historically	
		over her plot for the main water line	used as a water abstraction point by	
		which is also used for checks.	the DPWT. Due to the road	
		-	construction project currently	
		Her concerns are:	underway the volume of abstraction	
			is considerably higher that in the	
			past. This rate of abstraction (±	
			80 000L per day) is envisaged to	
			continue until March 2020.	
		until next year May. She is worried that it is going to affect the		
			It was agreed at the site meeting that	
			alternative abstraction points will be	
			investigated.	
		and what conditions or controls are in place, please.	Potential abstraction sites:	**
			1. The Overstrand Municipality	
		2. The water truck as well as the heavy duty vehicles delivering	water works;	
		orks are damaging the bridge and the	2. Buffels Dam	
		וטמת וא מואס ווו מ חמת אומני.		

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		<ol> <li>Ine rence of the water works was run into by one of the trucks and needs repairs.</li> </ol>	The stream will be monitored on a weekly basis as part of the ECO		
		4. There is a huge hole for the off-flow on site into which animals	inspections.		
		can fall and won't be able to come out of.	(Points 2 – 5 is for the Local		
		5. I propose a site visit to go and see what this is all about. I am available on Thursday or Friday.			***************************************
2	30 October	Good day Rulien, Tamzyn and Francois,	A site meeting was held on 18	BGCMA to follow the	
	2019	I am attaching a copy of the Attendance Register for the meeting	October 2019 between BGCMA, Overstrand Municipality and ODM	CME route to deal with the anonymous.	
		and site visit we had on 18 October 2019 near Pringle Bay.	(appointed ECO) to discuss the water abstraction issue.	ODM to speak with	
		In assessing the case, the following was deduced:	***	CapeNature to	
				investigate the	
		a) The abstraction of raw water for dust suppression and		possibility of getting	
		b) This does not mean the water use would be automatic		access to the dam.	
		Depending on the volumes taken, the appropriate			
		c) The water is taken from the overflow of the Buffelsriver Dam, just outside Pringle Bay. This happens on Farm			
		Hangklip 559/186, which belongs to Cape Nature (former			
		'Weskaapse Natuurbewaringsraad'). No water use is			
		registered, but the large Buffelsrivier Dam has been in			
		existence and provides water for Overstrand			
		municipality. The solution to this challenge perhaps lies			
		with liaison with Cape Nature, as well as Overstrand			
		Municipality, should a need for a concession be an			
		option?;			

<ul> <li>d) The complainant asked why water cannot be taken directly from the Dam or WTW. It was explained that access to the dam seems to be the challenge, and that the District Roads section had ALWAYS taken the water from this specific point at the low-water bridge;</li> <li>e) No evidence of Validation &amp; Verification (Determination of Existing Lawful Use ELU or Historic use) participation was found for this specific property;</li> <li>f) The ecological flows needed to sustain the ectuaring</li> </ul>	를 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다 다	which could impact the quality of water within the estuarine system.  I therefore suggested our CME (Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement section) takes over this case and that I will be assisting where necessary.  I included the CME manager, Ms Nolutando Ndlumbini into this	communication. Nolutando, the complainant opted to remain anonymous, but somehow, the official BGCMA complaint form should be sent to the person, even though this complaint came to us via the Vuvuzela hotline.  Kind regards and thanks,	Fabion Smith