

PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION (POPI) POLICY

[In terms of the Protection of Personal Information Act no. 4 of 2013 as amended Government Gazette 43461 dated 22 June 2020]

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DEFINITIONS

Biometrics	Means a technique of personal identification that is based on physical, physiological or behavioural characterisation including blood typing, fingerprinting, DNA analysis, retinal scanning and voice recognition.
Consent	Means any voluntary, specific and informed expression of will in terms of which permission is given for the processing of personal information.
Data subject	Means the identifiable natural/juristic person to whom personal information relates.
Deputy Information officer	Means all Directors
Information assets	 Means the assets the organisation uses to create, store, transmit, delete and/or destroy information to support its business activities as well as the information systems with which that information is processed. It includes: All electronic and non-electronic information created or used to support business activities regardless of form or medium, for example, paper documents, electronic files, voice communication, text messages, photographic or video content. All applications, devices and other systems with which the organisation processes its information, for example telephones, fax machines, printers, computers, networks, voicemail, e-mail, instant messaging, smartphones and other mobile devices ('ICT assets'),
Information custodian	Means the person responsible for defining and implementing security measures and controls for Information and Communication Technology (ICT) assets.
Information end user	Means the person that interacts with information assets and ICT assets for the purpose of performing an authorised task.
Information officer	Means the Accounting Officer/ Municipal Manager. The Municipal Manager appointed in terms of section 82 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998), or the person who is acting as such.
Information owner	Means the person responsible for, or dependent upon the business process associated with an information asset.
Processing	 Means any operation or activity or any set of operations concerning personal information, including: a) the collection, receipt, recording, organisation, collation, storage, updating, modification, retrieval, alteration, consultation or use. b) dissemination by means of transmission, distribution or making available in any other form; or c) merging, linking, as well as restrictions, degradation, erasure or destruction of information.
Personal information	Means information relating to an identifiable, living, natural person, and where it is applicable, an identifiable, existing juristic person, including, but not limited to –

	 a) Information relating to the race, gender, marital status, nationality, age, physical or mental health, disability, belief, culture, language and birth of the person. b) Information relating to the education or the medical, financial, criminal or employment history of the person. c) any identifying number, symbol, e-mail address, physical address, telephone number, location information, online identifier or other particular assignment to the person. d) the biometric information of the person. e) the personal opinions, views or preferences of the person. f) correspondence sent by the person that is implicitly or explicitly of a private or confidential nature or further correspondence that would reveal the contents of the original correspondence
	 g) the views or opinions of another individual about the person; and h) the name of the person if it appears with other personal information relating to the person or if the disclosure of the name itself would reveal information about the person.
Record	 Means any recorded information, regardless of form or medium, including: Writing on any material; Information produced, recorded or stored by means of any tape recorder, computer equipment, whether hardware or software or both, or other device, and any material subsequently derived from information so produced, recorded or stored; Label, marking or other writing that identifies or describes anything of which it forms part, or to which it is attached by any means. Book, map, plan, graph or drawing. Photograph, film, negative, tape or other device in which one or more visual images are embodied so as to be capable, with or without the aid of some other equipment, of being reproduced.
Responsible party	The responsible party is the entity that needs the personal information for a particular reason and determines the purpose of and means for processing the personal information. In this case, the organisation is the responsible
Special personal information	party. Means personal information as referred to in section 26 of POPIA.
PAIA POPIA	Promotion of Access to Information Act (2/2000) Protection of Personal Information Act (4/2013) as amended Government Gazette 43461 dated 22 June 2020

1. INTRODUCTION

The Overberg District Municipality (ODM) needs to gather and use certain information about individuals and juristic persons (collectively referred to as "data subjects"). These can include clients/customers, suppliers, business contacts, employees and other people the organisation has a relationship with or may need to contact.

The right to privacy is an integral human right recognised and protected in the South African Constitution and in the Protection of Personal Information Act 4 of 2013 (POPIA) as amended Government Gazette 43461 dated 22 June 2020.

The POPIA serves to promote the protection of privacy through providing guiding principles that are intended to be applied to the processing of personal information in a context-sensitive manner. POPIA regulates all organisations who process personal information. Personal information relates to information about employees, customers, suppliers and service providers. A person's right to privacy entails having control over his or her personal information and being able to conduct his or her affairs relatively free from unwanted intrusions.

The ODM regard the protection of personal information very important and wish to ensure that all personal information kept by the municipality is effectively safeguarded.

This policy outlines how the ODM manages personal information which it processes for various business needs.

2. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to incorporate the requirements of the POPIA into the daily operations of the municipality and to ensure that these requirements are documented and implemented to:

- a) give effect to the constitutional right to privacy, by safeguarding personal information when processed by a responsible party, subject to justifiable limitations that are aimed at
 - a) balancing the right to privacy against other rights, particularly the right of access to information; and
 - b) protecting important interests, including the free flow of information within the Republic and across international borders.
- b) regulate the manner in which personal information may be processed.
- c) provide persons with rights and remedies to protect their personal information from processing that is not in accordance with this Act; and
- establish voluntary and compulsory measures, including the establishment of an Information Regulator, to ensure respect for and to promote, enforce and fulfil the rights protected by this Act.

This policy ensures that the municipality complies with the POPIA-

i) The Municipality recognises privacy as a valuable human right.

- ii) Implementing internal controls for the managing the compliance risk associated with the protection of personal information.
- iii) Protects the rights of data subjects.
- iv) Is open about how it stores and processes personal information of data subjects.
- v) Protects itself from the risks of security breaches in any form.
- vi) Raising awareness through training and providing guidance who process information.

3. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this policy is to ensure the constitutional right to privacy, with regards to:

- a) the safeguarding of personal information;
- b) the regulation and processing of personal information;
- c) the execution of the prescribed requirements for the legal processing of personal information; and
- d) the protection of free flow of personal information.

The ODM and its employees shall adhere to this policy concerning the management of all personal information received from, but not limited to, natural persons, employees, councillors, clients, suppliers, agents, representatives, to ensure compliance is applied to this Act and the applicable regulations and rules relating to the protection of personal information is adhered to.

4. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

- Protection of Personal Information Act, 2013
- Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000
- Local Government: Municipal Staff Regulations, 2021

5. PRIVACY STATEMENT

The Overberg District Municipality is committed to protecting your privacy and ensuring that your personal information is collected and used properly, lawfully and transparently. Overberg District Municipality is a Category C (District) Municipality situated within the Overberg Region of the Western Cape.

6. SCOPE AND APPLICATIONS

This policy applies to all Councillors, Municipal Employees (permanent / contract) and any other person or entity working for or on behalf of the municipality. It governs all business activities that involve the processing of personal information, including special personal information, for or on behalf of this organisation.

7. LIST OF PERSONAL INFORMATION

The municipality collect personal information for various reasons in order to fulfil its mandate as government institution in terms of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. The residents expecting essential and other services from the municipality are obliged to share their personal information with the municipality as the withholding and/or refusal of personal information may impact on the municipality's ability to render effective and sufficient services in terms of Schedule 84 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, Act 117 of 1998.

Employees are also obliged to share their personal information with the municipal as it is needed for human resource management. Depending on the nature of the services required, the relationship between the individual and the municipality and the reasons why personal information is required that may be obtained includes but is not limited to:

- a) Forenames and last names.
- b) Identification or Passport number.
- c) Demographic information such as age, gender, physical and postal address.
- d) Marital status, number of dependants
- e) Contact details; financial information, banking details
- f) Remuneration details.
- g) Biometric and Geographic information.
- h) Qualifications; Employment information.
- i) Ownership or rental information.
- j) Vehicle details i.e. vehicle number plate;
- k) Medical information.
- I) Declaration of interest.
- m) Next of Kin information.
- n) Bidders' information.

8. **RESPONSIBLITIES**

All municipal employees and Councillors have a responsibility to ensure that the personal information of data subjects is collected, stored and handled appropriately to ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability thereof.

Each Information End User, Information Owner, Municipal Department that handles personal information must ensure that it is handled and processed in line with this policy and the privacy principles. Information Officers are identified in the Overberg District Municipality Section 14 PAIA Manual as gazetted.

Below follows key positions and their areas of responsibility:

The Information Officer (Municipal Manager) is ultimately responsible for ensuring that the organisation meets its legal obligations. Addressing any personal information and protection from

queries from journalists or media outlets. Below follow key positions and their areas of responsibility:

Information Officer / Directors	ICT Manager	Deputy Information Officers / Information Owner	Human Resource Finance: Salaries
Encouragement of Compliance with the conditions for the lawful processing of personal information	Ensuring all ICT assets used for processing personal information meet capable security standards.	Dealing with requests made to the municipality	Classifying personal information in line with the POPI Act and Regulations. Maintaining internal procedures to support the effective handling and security of personal information.
Dealing with requests made to the municipality	Performing regular checks and scans to ensure security hardware and software is functioning optimally	Reviewing all personal information protection procedures and related policies, in line with an agreed schedule and make recommendations to the Information Officer/ Director where applicable.	Reviewing all personal information protection procedures and related policies, in line with an agreed schedule.
Working with the Regulator in relation to investigations conducted pursuant to Chapter 6 in relation to the directorate under his/ her control	Evaluating any third-party services, the organisation is considering using to Process personal information. For instance, cloud computing services.	Ensuring that all employees, consultants and others that report to the Information Officer/Directors are made aware of and are instructed to comply with this and all other relevant policies	Arranging personal information protection training and advice for the people covered by this policy.
Approving any personal information protection statement attached to communications such as e-mails and letters. Addressing any personal information protection queries from journalists or media outlets.			

Request for personal information

A dedicated e-mail address (popi@odm.org.za) has been created for purposes of requesting personal information.

9. POPIA COORDINATING COMMITTEE

A Coordinating Committee must be established to ensure the coordination of the POPIA compliance tasks and PI requests. The Committee members will be formally appointed by the Accounting Officer. The Committee shall be multi-disciplinary and meet on a quarterly basis. The committee shall consist of the following portfolios:

Directors:

- Head Strategic Services (Municipal Manager)
- Director Community Services
- Director Finance
- Director Corporate Services
- Risk Officer

Departmental Representatives:

- Performance and Risk Management
- IDP and Communications
- Human Resources
- Committee Services, Records Management and Council Support
- Contract, Legal, ICT and Building Management
- Financial Services
- Payroll Management
- Supply Chain Management
- Municipal Health Services
- LED, Tourism and Resorts

Standing Invitees:

• Internal Audit Representative

10. GENERAL STAFF GUIDELINES

- a) The only people able to access any personal information covered by this policy should be those who need it to successfully complete their municipal duties.
- b) Personal information should not be shared informally and must never be shared over social media accounts such as Facebook, LinkedIn, Google Plus, etc.
- c) When access to confidential information is required, employees can request it from their line managers.
- d) The municipality will provide training to all employees in order to facilitate the understanding of their responsibilities when handling personal information.
- e) Employees should keep all personal information secure, by taking sensible precautions and following the guidelines set out herein.
- f) In particular, strong passwords must be used, and they should never be shared.

- g) Personal information should not be disclosed to unauthorised individuals, either within the municipality or externally.
- h) Personal information must be reviewed regularly and updated if it is found to be outdated. If no longer required, it should be deleted and disposed of in line with the disposal instructions.
- i) Employees should request help from their line manager if they are unsure about any aspect of the protection of personal information.
- j) Line managers should seek the assistance of the Head of Department: Strategic Services if they are unsure about any aspect of the protection of personal information.
- k) All personal information should be kept secure and not be disclosed to unauthorised individuals within the municipality or externally.
- Personal information must be reviewed regularly and updated. If no longer required, it should be deleted and disposed of in line with the disposal instructions within the Records Management Policy.
- m) If unsure about any aspect of the protection of personal information, the Assistant or Deputy Information Officers should be contacted.

11. PROCESSING OF INFORMATION

The procedure of processing the personal information refers to the collection, recording, organisation, storage, updating or modification, retrieval, consultation, use, dissemination by means of transmission, distribution or making available in any other form, merging, linking, including inaccessibility, erasure or destruction of personal information. Inform the data subject what the purpose is for the collection of this information and inform the data subject regarding:

- a) whether the information to be collected is a voluntary or mandatory function to be performed.
- b) the consequences of the matter for the data subject should they fail to provide the information.
- c) whether it is ascertained that a legal authority requires the collection of the information for their records.
- d) whether this information needs to be transferred to another source.

11.1 Limitations of processing

ODM will ensure that personal information will be processed in a:

- a) specific, defined and lawful manner.
- b) ensure that the data subject is aware of what information is collected prior to the collection thereof.
- c) ensure the data subject, or should the individual be a minor, a competent person in this instance then consents to the collection of personal information.

12. QUALITY OF INFORMATION

A responsible party must take reasonably practicable steps to ensure that the personal information is complete, accurate, not misleading and updated where necessary. In taking the

steps referred to the aforementioned the responsible party must have regard to the purpose for which personal information is collected or further processed.

13. DOCUMENTATION

A responsible party must maintain the documentation of all processing operations under its responsibility as referred to in section 14 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act.

14. COLLECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION

Information is collected to deliver a quality service to the public. Personal information is collected directly from data subjects where practical and should be in compliance with POPIA. Personal information may be collected through the following channels:

- a) Application forms for vacant positions
- b) Tenders and Contracts
- c) Websites
- d) Through CCTV surveillance cameras (with facial recognition technology)
- e) Through third party service providers
- f) Social media platforms
- g) Responding to questionnaires
- h) Surveys
- i) Section 14 PAIA requests

15. REASONS FOR KEEPING PERSONAL INFORMATION

The municipality may collect and process personal information for the following reasons:

- a) Employment and remuneration and other Human Resources needs.
- b) Process benefits, i.e. medical aid and pension.
- c) Considering bids in terms of tenders and quotations.
- d) Closing agreements and contracts.
- e) Communication sending and sharing of important information.
- f) Register services.
- g) Maintaining data base for essential services.
- h) Respond to inquiries complaints and requests.
- i) Community consultation and feedback.
- j) Addressing the needs and priorities.
- k) Understanding the needs and priorities of the community and other stakeholders.
- I) Security background checks (vetting).
- m) Rendering accounts
- n) Reports to council for bad debt
- o) Disclosure
- p) Audit reports

16. UTILISATION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION

Personal information will only be used for the intended purpose. Consent should be obtained from the data subject if information is to be used for additional practises.

17. SHARING PERSONAL INFORMATION

The municipality shall only share personal information if the municipality has obtained consent in writing from the data subject. Personal information may be shared with the indicated stakeholders and in the manner as follows:

a) SARS

- b) Medical aids and Pension funds
- c) Financial institutions for remuneration purposes and payments
- d) In response to a request for information by a legitimate authority in accordance with, or required by any applicable law, regulation, or legal process.
- e) Where necessary to comply with judicial proceedings, court orders.
- f) To protect the rights, property, or safety of the municipality or others, or as otherwise required by an applicable law.

18. THIRD PARTY INSURANCE AGREEMENTS

Service provides are contractually required to implement suitable information protection and security measures for any personal information that are shared by the municipality. Personal information will only be used for the intended purpose by the Third Party.

19. SAFEGUARDING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION

The municipality is committed to protect personal information from misuse, loss, theft, unauthorized access, modification, or disclosure.

20. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND SERVICE DELIVERY COMMUNICATIONS

The municipality shall not avail personal information to unaffiliated third parties for direct marketing purposes or sell, rent, distribute, or otherwise make personal information commercially available to any third party.

21. DATA SUBJECTS: REQUEST TO ACCESS AND MANAGE PERSONAL INFORMATION

Data subjects have the right to request what personal information the municipality holds about them and why.

a) The data subject may request the municipality to access, amend, update, block, or delete personal information that the municipality holds, subject to legislative requirements that make it compulsory for the municipality to keep such personal information.

- b) The data subject may withdraw or / and object to consent at any time for current or future processing.
- c) The Municipality shall inform the data subject of an information breach.
- d) The data subject has the right to object to the processing of his / her personal information.
- e) The data subject has the right to submit a complaint to the Information Regulator regarding and alleged infringement of any of the rights protected under POPIA.

Access to information can be addressed to the Information Officer. The data subject will be provided with a Personal Information Request form. Once the completed form has been received the Information Officer will verify the identity of the data subject. The Information Officer will acknowledge receipt of any such request within three (3) days of the date of submission. Any such requests will be dealt with by the Information Officer who shall respond within a reasonable period and no later than thirty (30) days of the date of the request. All requests will be process and considered against the Section 14 Manual. A responsible party may or must refuse, as the case may be, to disclose any information requested in terms of subsection (1) to which the grounds for refusal of access to records set out in the applicable sections of Chapter 4 of Part 2 and Chapter 4 of Part 3 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act apply. The provisions of sections 30 and 61 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act are applicable in respect of access to health.

22. POPIA COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

Data subjects have the right to complain in instances where any of their rights under POPIA have been infringed upon. POPIA related complaints in accordance with the following procedure:

- a) POPIA complaints must be submitted to the organisation in writing. Where so required, the Information Officer will provide the data subject with a POPIA Complaint Form.
- b) The Information Officer will provide the complainant with a written acknowledgement of receipt of the complaint within three (3) working days.
- c) The Information Officer will carefully consider the complaint and address the complainant's concerns in an amicable manner. In considering the complaint, the Information Officer will endeavour to resolve the complaint in a fair manner and in accordance with the principles outlined in POPIA.
- d) The Information Officer must also determine whether the complaint relates to an error or breach of confidentiality that has occurred and which may have a wider impact on the organisation's data subjects.
- e) Where the Information Officer has reason to believe that the personal information of data subjects has been accessed or acquired by an unauthorised person, the Information Officer will inform data subjects and the Information Regulator will be informed of this breach.
- f) The Information Officer will revert to the complainant with a proposed solution with the option of escalating the complaint to the organisation's governing body within twenty (20) working days of receipt of the complaint. In all instances, the organisation will provide reasons for any decisions taken and communicate any anticipated deviation from the specified timelines.

23. BREACHES OF THE ACT OR POLICY

Disciplinary action to be taken against any employee reasonably suspected of being implicated in any non-compliant activity outlined within this policy. In the case of ignorance or minor negligence, ODM will undertake to provide further awareness training to the employee. Any gross negligence or the wilful mismanagement of personal information, will be considered a serious form of misconduct. Disciplinary procedures will commence where there is sufficient evidence to support an employee's gross negligence. Disciplinary action and procedures in terms of the applicable code of conduct will be installed against the alleged perpetrator.

24. POLICY REVIEW

The Protection of Personal Information Policy of the Overberg District Municipality will be reviewed as and when required by the POPIA Coordinating Committee.