

# DRAF

# **REVIEW & AMENDED**

# INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR 2025/2026

Drafted in terms of Section 25 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)

---- Tabled 31 March 2025 -----

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#### **ACRONYMS**

CMP Coastal Management Programme

Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs

DCF District Coordinating Forum
DDM District Development Model
DM Disaster Management

EE Employment Equity

EPWP Environmental Health Practitioner
EPWP Expanded Public Works Programme

FTE Full-Time Equivalent

GDP Growth Domestic Product

ICM Integrated Coastal Management
IDP Integrated Development Plan

IUDF Integrated Urban Development Framework

IWMP Integrated Waste Management Plan

IGR Intergovernmental Relations

JDMA Joint District and Metro Approach

KPA Key Performance Area
KPI Key Performance Indicator

LTO Local Labour Forum
Local Tourism Office

MERO Municipal Economic Review & Outlook

MPA Marine Protected Area

mSCOA Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts

MTREF Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework

MPAC Municipal Public Accounts Committee

NDP National Development Plan

NEMA National Environmental Management Act

NO National Outcome

PMS Performance Management System
PPCOMM Public Participation and Communication
PSDF Provincial Spatial Development Framework

PSG Provincial Strategic Goal
PSP Provincial Strategic Plan

RED Regional Economic Development

RTO Regional Tourism Office

**SDBIP** Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan

SDF Spatial Development Framework

SG Strategic Goal

SIME Strategic Integrated Municipal Engagement

**SOP** Standard Operating Procedure

Stem Science Technology Engineering & Maths

**SWSA** Strategic Water Source Area

TIME Technical Integrated Municipal Engagement

**VIPs** Vision Inspired Priorities

WO Work Opportunity

**WOSA** Whole of Society Approach

WSP Workplace Skills Plan

# COUNCIL APPROVAL OF DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP) FOR 2025/2026



#### **EXTRACT FROM THE COUNCIL MINUTES HELD ON 31 MARCH 2025**

Item A52. 31.03.2025

## DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP) FOR 2025/2026

GF Ruiters: Manager: IDP and Communications (Ref.: 16/7)

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT**

To table to Council the Draft Review and Amendment of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for 2025/2026.

#### **BACKGROUND**

Council adopted the 5<sup>th</sup> Generation IDP for period 2022/23 to 2026/27 on 30 May 2022. The 5-year Plan contains key municipal plans and priorities for the current political term of office.

#### Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), Section 34(a)states:

"A municipal council <u>must</u> review its integrated development plan annually in accordance with an assessment of its performance measurements and to the extent that changing circumstance so demand..."

#### and Section 34(b) that states

"A municipal council <u>may</u> amend its integrated development plan in accordance with a prescribed process."

#### Local Government: Performance and Performance Management Regulations, 2001:

"The regulations provide that a municipality's performance management system must entail a framework that describes and represents how the municipality's cycle and process of performance planning, monitoring, measurement, review, reporting and improvement will be conducted; comply with the Municipal Systems Act; and be linked to the municipality's IDP".

#### **PURPOSE**

The Overberg District Municipality's Integrated Development Plan (IDP) requires amendment due to significant structural, environmental, and developmental shifts. Key drivers for this revision include an internal restructuring aimed at enhancing efficiency and resource management, necessitating updates to align with new operational frameworks and departmental responsibilities for improved coordination.

Additionally, climate change's growing impact prompts the introduction of a dedicated section on climate resilience and sustainability, outlining strategies and initiatives that align with national and provincial policies. The IDP must also reflect emerging national and provincial regulations to maintain compliance and effectiveness, incorporating new legislative requirements and funding opportunities guiding municipal governance.

Public participation initiatives will inform the amendment process, ensuring inclusivity and stakeholder engagement, thereby promoting transparency and accountability in municipal planning. Overall, these amendments are crucial for the Overberg District Municipality to remain adaptive, forward-thinking, and capable of fulfilling its mandates in a changing governance and environmental context.

#### **PROGRESS**

Council approved the IDP amendment proposal on 24 February 2025, now available for public comment and feedback from municipalities.

After approval, the Draft Review and Amendment of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) will be published for public comment by 30 April 2025, with hard copies distributed to relevant government departments.:

- ODM Head- and District Offices (x5)
- Cape Agulhas, Overstrand, Theewaterskloof and Swellendam Local municipalities
- Libraries (x26)
- Thusong Centres (x4)

The Draft IDP Review & Amendment will adjust the Municipality's 5-year Plan and inform the Budget and SDBIP for the 2025/2026 financial year.

It is therefore imperative that the **Draft Integrated Development Plan (IDP) Review &** Amendment be read in conjunction with the 5-year IDP adopted on 30 May 2022, as the Review & Amendment does not constitute a new IDP.

#### LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

- Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

None (developed in-house)

**RESOLVED**: (Proposed Cllr. B Sonqwenqwe and seconded by Ald. J Nieuwoudt)

- 1) Council adopts the Draft Review & Amendment of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for 2025/2026.
- **2)** Approval was granted that the Draft Review & Amended Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for 2025/2026 to be published for public comment till 30 April 2025.

CERTIFIED A TRUE EXTRACT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE COUNCIL MEETING HELD ON 31 MARCH 2025.

R BOSMAN MUNICIPAL MANAGER

DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF IDP FOR 2025/2026

#### FOREWORD BY THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR



To be inserted with final approval by 31 May 2025

#### OVERVIEW BY THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER



To be inserted with final approval by 31 May 2025

#### CORE COMPONENTS AS PER S26 OF MUNICIPAL SYSTEMS ACT, 2000

The Integrated Development Plan (IDP) of the Overberg District Municipality for the period 2022/23 to 2026/27 has been developed in accordance with the core components as prescribed in section 26 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000).

The following table depicts how the Overberg District Municipality ensures compliance with the above:

526	Danis Garage	ODM Draft IDP Response		
S26	Requirement / Core Component	Reference	Page/s	
(a)	Municipal council's vision for the long-term development of the municipality with specific	Ch 1: 1.3.2	40	
	emphasis on the municipality's most critical development and internal transformation needs.	Ch 11: 11.1 - 11.5	155 – 229	
(b)	Assessment of the existing level of development in the municipality, which must include an identification of communities which do not have access to basic municipal services.	Ch 2: 2.5	81 – 94	
(c)	Council's development priorities and objectives for its elected term, including its local economic development sime and its internal transformation	Ch 11: 11.1 - 11.5 Ch 6: 6.1 – 6.3	155 – 229 123 – 127	
	development aims and its internal transformation needs.	Cli 0: 0.1 – 0.3	123 – 127	
(d)	Council's development strategies which must be aligned with any national or provincial sectoral plans	Ch 1: 1.3	38 - 41	
	and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.	Ch 4: 4.1 - 4.5 Ch 5: 5.1 - 5.3	105 - 111 113 - 121	
(e)	Spatial development framework which must include the provision of basic guidelines for a land use management system for the municipality.	Ch 7: 7.1 - 7.5	129 - 134	
(f)	Council's operational strategies.	Ch 11: 11.1 - 11.5 Ch 12: 12.1 - 12.4	155 – 229 231 - 242	
(g)	Applicable disaster management plans.	Ch 8: 8.1 - 8.3	111 - 113	
(h)	Financial plan, which must include a budget projection for at least the next three years.	Ch 2: 2.2	46 - 48	
		Ch 9: 9.1 – 9.4	141 - 145	
(i)	Key performance indicators and performance targets.	Ch 10: 10.1	121	
		Ch 11: 11.1 – 11.4	155 – 229	

It is imperative that the <u>2025/2026 Review and Amendment of the Integrated Development Plan</u> be read in conjunction with the 5-year IDP adopted on 30 May 2022, as the Review does not constitute a new IDP.



# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

Since the adoption of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA) in 2000, this represents the 1<sup>st</sup> Review and Amendment of the 5<sup>th</sup> Generation Integrated Development Plan (IDPs) for 2023/2024 and requires strategic planning for the for a five-year period, with budgets allocated to projects for the following three years. The latter stems from section 26(h) of the MSA and relates to the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) cycle.

As required by the Municipal Systems Act (2000), each municipal council must, within a prescribed period after the start of its elected term, adopt a single, inclusive and strategic plan for the development of the municipality. The IDP is the Strategic Plan of Council and guides all planning and development in the Municipality. The IDP will inform our customers and stakeholders on how the Overberg District Municipality intends to implement key developmental goals and priorities within the 5-year cycle of the IDP.

Predominant reasons why a municipality should have an IDP:

- ☐ To ensure the effective use of resources
- ☐ To speed up delivery of services
- ☐ To attract additional funds
- ☐ To strengthen democracy
- ☐ To overcome the legacy of apartheid
- ☐ To promote coordination amongst the spheres of government

#### **DOCUMENT FLOW IN DEVELOPMENT PROCESS**

WHO ARE WE? WHY DO WE EXIST? WHAT ARE OUR PLANS?

- Introduction to the Overberg
- Legislative context
- IDP development process
- Council's strategic trajectory

WHAT INFORMS OUR PLANS?

- Situational assessment of the Overberg
- Current economic realities

CHAPTER 2

CHAPTER 1

WHO ARE OUR STAKEHOLDERS?

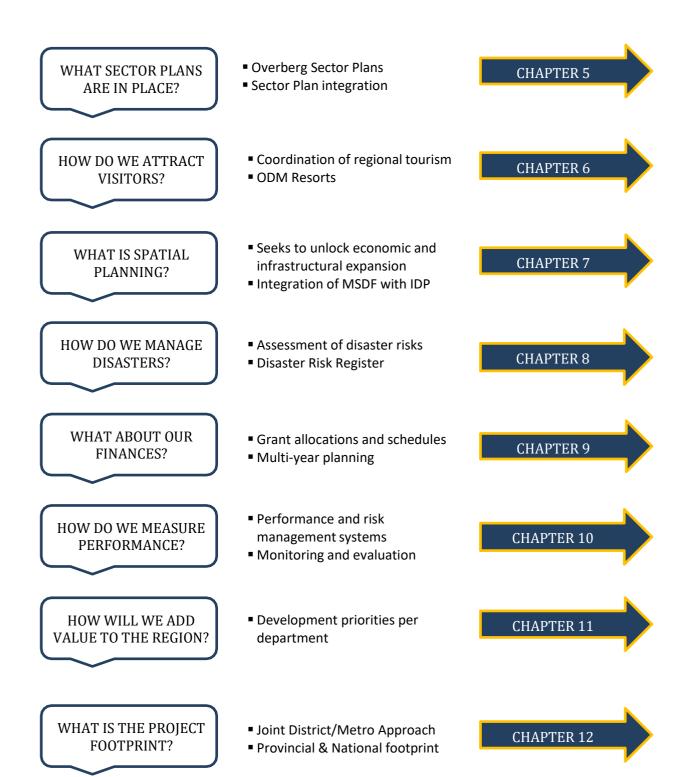
- Public participation
- Intergovernmental relations

CHAPTER 3

WHO DIRECTS POLICY?
HOW DO WE ALIGN?

- Key policy directives of National and Provincial government
- District and Local municipal alignment with policy directives





STATISTICAL INFORMATION IS EXTRACTED FROM THE MUNICIPAL ECONOMIC REVIEW AND OUTLOOK (MERO) 2024/25.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND APPRECIATION TOTHE WESTERN CAPE PROVINCIAL TREASURY FOR THE RELEASE OF THE MERO.

#### 1.1.1 GEOGRAPHIC PROFILE

Overberg is a region in South Africa to the east of Cape Town beyond the Hottentots-Holland mountains. It lies along the Western Cape Province's south coast between the Cape Peninsula and the region known as the Garden Route in the East. The boundaries of the Overberg are the Hottentots-Holland mountains in the West; the Riviersonderend Mountains in the North; the Atlantic and Indian Oceans in the South and the Breede River in the East.

The name, derived from *Over 't Berg*, means "over the (Hottentots-Holland) mountain" and is a reference to the region's location relative to Cape Town.

The Overberg has always been considered as the breadbasket of the Cape and is largely given to grain farming, mainly wheat. The wheat fields are a major breeding ground for South Africa's national bird, the blue crane. Another important food farmed in the Overberg is fruit with Grabouw being the second largest supplier of fruit in South Africa.

Nestled in the Overberg, one can find the Kogelberg Biosphere Reserve (recognised and registered with UNESCO) populated with a large diversity of flowering plants not found anywhere else in the fynbos biome.

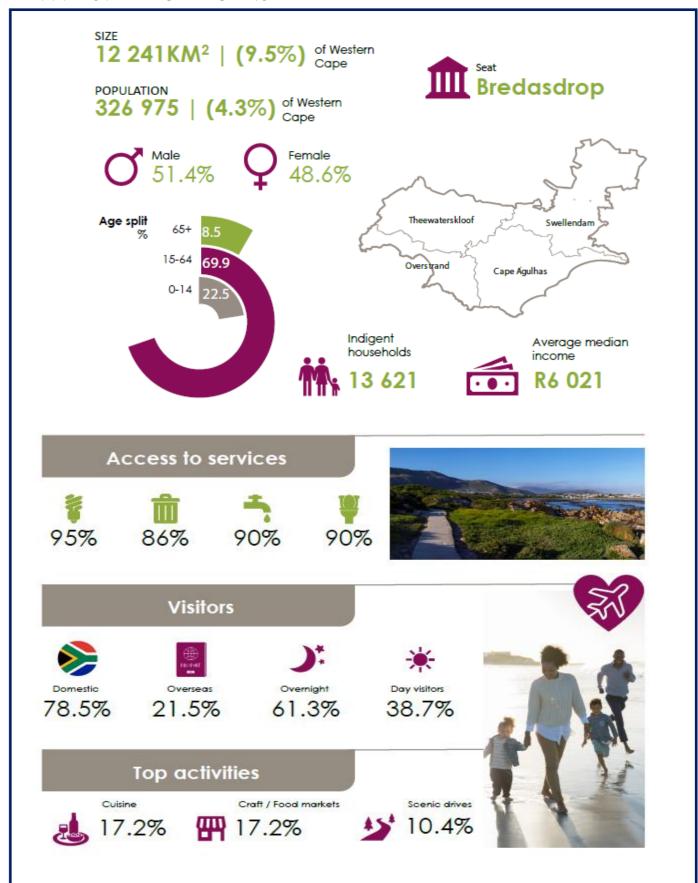
The major towns are Hermanus, Caledon, Bredasdorp, Grabouw and Swellendam and the region includes Cape Agulhas, the southernmost point of Africa. The landscape is dominated by gently to moderately undulating hills enclosed by mountains and the ocean.

The Overberg District Municipality is classified as a 'Category C' municipality, with the following 'Category B' municipalities in its area of jurisdiction: Cape Agulhas, Overstrand, Theewaterskloof and Swellendam.



#### 1.1.2 DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

#### 1.1.2.1 OVERBERG AT A GLANCE





R25.5 Billion of Western Cape

GDPR per capita (2023) current prices

R56 469

3.0%

GDPR contribution to Western Cape



Jobs employed 115 043

Estimated 2023 job gains

8 999

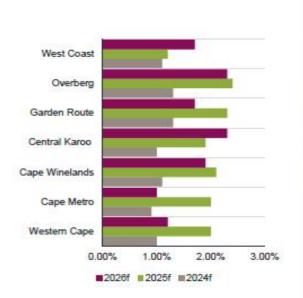
Estimated 2023 unemployment rate

14.9%

5.0%

Contribution to Western Cape jobs employed

#### **GDPR Forecasts**





#### 1.1.2.2 INTRODUCING THE POLITICAL LEADERSHIP



#### GOVERNANCE COMPOSITION AND SECTIONS 79 & 80 COMMITTEES OF COUNCIL

Member: Community Services Portfolio Member: Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) Secundi: Disciplinary Committee Representative: Community Development Security and Health Secundi: Electricity Energy Provision, Public Works, Water & Sanitation Ald BRINKHUYS, Ronald Secundi: Emergency Services and Disaster Management Secundi: Electricity, Water, Public Transport Secundi: Community Development/Safety, Health, Emergency Services Secundi: Genadendal Museum Representative: Human Settlements, Environmental Management Representative: Western Cape Provincial Transport Deputy Executive Mayor Secundi: Finance Portfolio Chair: Disciplinary Committee Chair: Strategic Services Portfolio Ald COETZEE, Helen Representative: Economic Development and Job Creation Representative: Economic Development Plan / Rural Development Secundi: Bredasdorp Shipwreck Museum Representative: Development Planning and rural Development Member: Community Services Portfolio Secundi: Corporate Services PortfolioSecundi: SALGA Womans Cllr Benjamin, Carol commission Observer: Training Committee Secundi: Employment Equity Committee CIIr DU PLESSIS, Melanie Representative: Drostdy Museum Swellendam Chair: Municipal Public Accounts Committee Representative: Biodiversity and Climate Change Forum Cllr ELGIN, Cuan Representative: Koggelberg Biosphere Reserve Company Member: Strategic Services Portfolio Chair: Corporate Services Portfolio Representative: SALGA Women's Commission Representative: Digital Solutions Secundi: Biodiversity and Climate Change Forum Cllr ELS, Theresa Secundi: Koggelberg Biosphere Reserve Company Member: Local Labour Forum Member: Employment Equity Representative: Capacity Building and Institutional Resilience

Chair: Community Services Portfolio Member: Disciplinary Committee Secundi: Community Development Security and Health Representative: Public Transport, Environmental Management and Climate Change Resilience and Roads Representative: Electricity Energy Provision, Public Works, Water and Sanitation CIIr FOURIE, Steven Representative: Emergency Services and Disaster Management Representative; Electricity, Water, Public Transport Representative: Community Development / Safety Health, **Emergency Services** Representative: Firework Group Representative: Regional Waste Committee Representative: Karwyderskraal Monitoring Committee Representative: Municipal Coastal Committee **Executive Mayor** Representative: Wesgro Representative: Provincial Development Council Ald FRANKEN, Andries Representative: SALGA DA Representative: Governance and IGR Representative: GIGR Representative: Provincial Health Council Speaker of Council Secundi: Old Harbour Hermanus Secundi: SALGA DA Secundi: Governance and IGR Cllr KLAAS, Archibald Secundi: GIGR Member: Community Services Portfolio **CIIr MATHEWS, Michelle** Secundi: Disciplinary Committee-GOOD Secundi: Fire Working Group Secundi: Corporate Services Portfolio Member: Strategic Services Portfolio Member: Employment Equity CIIr SONQWENQWE, GOOD Secundi: Alleged Brige Committee Bongani Representative: Genadendal Museum Secundi: Firework Group Member: Finance Portfolio Secundi: Local Labour Forum Secundi: Employment Equity Member: Municipal Public Accounts Committee Cllr MABULU, Unathi Secundi: Economic Development and Job Creation Secundi: Municipal Finance and Fiscal Policy Secundi: Finance Secundi: Human Settlements, Environmental Management Secundi: Human Settlement and Urban Secundi: Strategic Services Portfolio

Ald MKHWIBISO, B	ongiwe
------------------	--------



Member: Finance Portfolio Secundi: Caledon Museum

CIIr MOKOTWANA, Mlamleli



Member: Corporate Services Portfolio Member: Local Labour Forum

Member: Employment Equity Committee Secundi: Western Cape Provincial Transport Representative: Bredasdorp Shipwreck Museum

Ald NIEUWOUDT, Johan



Chair: Finance Portfolio Representative: Finance

Representative: Municipal Finance and

Fiscal Policy

CIIr NOMATITI, Msa



Member: Finance Portfolio

Secundi: Capacity Building and Institutional Resilience

Cllr NOMKOKO, Mbogeni



Member: Corporate Services Portfolio Secundi: Community Services Portfolio

Secundi: Karwyderskraal Monitoring Committee

Ald OLIVIER, Roland



Member: Finance Portfolio

Member: Alleged Brige Committee Secundi: Strategic Services Portfolio Secundi: Local Labour Forum

Secundi: Municipal Public Accounts Committee

Cllr JULIUS, Dawid



Member: Corporate Services

Member: Local Labour Forum

Secundi: WESGRO

Secundi: Provincial Development Council Secundi: Drostdy Museum Swellendam Secundi: Municipal Digital Solutions

Ald SAPEPA, Ntombizine



Member: Community Services Portfolio

Secundi: Regional Waste Committee

CIIr TAFU-NWONKWO, Connie



Member: Strategic Services Portfolio

Secundi: Finance Portfolio

Representative: Old Harbour Hermanus

CIIr VAN STADEN, Jacobus



Member: Strategic Services Portfolio Secundi: Municipal Coastal Committee Member: Corporate Services Portfolio Member: Strategic Services Portfolio

Member: Local Labour Forum

Member: Employment Equity Committee Secundi: Community Services Portfolio

Secundi: Municipal Public Accounts Committee

Secundi: Digital Solutions

Secundi: Development Planning and Rural Development Secundi: Economic Development Plan / Rural Development

Representative: Caledon Museum Observer: Training Committee

Cllr SMIT, Jonathan



#### 1.1.2.3 INTRODUCING THE ADMINISTRATIVE LEADERSHIP



After the Chief Financial Officer's retirement, ODM conducted a transparent recruitment process, appointing Mr. Shaun Stanley on 03 March 2025. Following Me Marlene Boyce's resignation in February 2025, the vacant Community Services Director position was advertised to attract suitable candidates.

#### 1.1.2.4 OVERVIEW: OVERBERG MUNICIPALITIES

To be updated and tabled to the council by the end of May 2025



#### **Overberg District Municipality**

Executive Mayor: Ald. Andries Franken
Deputy Executive Mayor: Cllr Helen Coetzee
Speaker: Cllr. Archie Klaas
Municipal Manager: Mr Richard Bosman

Area size: 12,239km<sup>2</sup>

Population: 359 446 (Stats SA Census 2022)

359 446 (MERO 2023)

The MERO 2022 predicted that the population of the Overberg District is expected to increase by an average annual rate of 2.0 per cent from 310,253 in 2022 to 335,236 in 2026. After the 2022 Census the district's population already stands 359 446 in 2022, higher than what is anticipated for 2026.

The Overberg District Municipality's headquarters is situated in Bredasdorp. Bordering the Cape Metro area, the Cape Winelands District and the Garden Route District, the Overberg District covers





12,239km², constituting 9.5 per cent of the Western Cape's total area, and comprises four local municipal areas, namely the Cape Agulhas, Overstrand, Theewaterskloof and Swellendam municipal areas. Large towns in the District include Grabouw, Caledon, Hermanus and Swellendam.

The Overberg District is well known for its coastline, the southernmost tip of Africa and vast farmlands, especially grain farming. Within driving distance of one of South Africa's busiest cities, lies a region of contrasts and wonder. The Overberg has rugged mountain ranges, fynbos, rolling wheat and canola fields, and splendid coastal vistas. The Overberg is a region that stretches along coasts with beautiful beaches, and over mountain ranges with interesting geological formations, abundant birdlife and fynbos.

The Overberg District Municipal Council was constituted on 6 December 2021. Four (4) political parties are represented, with a total of 23 Councillors:



ODM



#### **Cape Agulhas Municipality**

Executive Mayor: Cllr Raymond Ross Deputy Executive Mayor: Cllr Karin Donald

RossSpeaker: Cllr Derick Burger Municipal Manager: Mr Eben Phillips

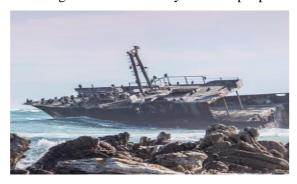
Area size:  $2,411km^2$ 

Population: 40 274 (Stats SA Census 2022)

37 352 (SEP-LG 2024)

Cape Agulhas Local Municipality is the southernmost Municipality in Africa. The Municipality is geographically diverse and comprises an area of 2 411 km². It includes 9 urban settlements namely Bredasdorp which is the administrative seat, Napier, Struisbaai, Arniston / Waenhuiskrans, L'Agulhas, Klipdale, Protem and Suiderstrand and Elim which is a historical Moravian mission station. It also includes the vast rural areas in between and approximately 178 Km of coastline.

It is estimated that in 2022, 4.3 per cent of the Western Cape's population resides in the Overberg District municipal area. The population of the District area totals 310 253 persons in 2022 and is estimated to be 335 236 persons by 2026. Cape Agulhas remains the municipality with the smallest population in the Overberg District with only 35 758 people in





2022. This total is expected to grow to 37 483 by 2026, equating to an average annual growth rate of 1.2 per cent for the period, one of the slower growing areas in the region, compared to average annual District growth of 2.0 per cent for period.

Cape Agulhas has a gradually curving coastline with rocky and sand beaches. A survey marker and a new marker depicting the African continent are located at

the most Southern tip of Africa. The waters of the Agulhas Bank off the coast are quite shallow and are renowned as one of the best fishing grounds in South Africa. Hence the influx to the coastal towns Struisbaai, L'Agulhas and Suiderstrand. Struisbaai has recorded a spectacular increase and new developments are popping up.

**Ward Committee System:** The Municipality is demarcated into six wards, each with a directly elected Councillor. These Councillors are assisted by a Ward Committee of ten members. The Cape Agulhas Municipal Council was constituted on 22 November 2021. Four (4) political parties are represented, with a total of 11 Councillors, viz.:





#### **Overstrand Municipality**

Executive Mayor: Dr Annelie Rabie
Deputy Executive Mayor: Cllr Lindile Ntsabo

Speaker: Cllr Grant Cohen Municipal Manager: Mr Dean O'Neill

Area size:  $1,708km^2$ 

Population: 132 495 (StatsSA Census 2022)

120 422 (SEP-LG 2024)

The MERO 2022 predicts that the population of the Overstrand municipal area is expected to increase from 110 971 in 2022 to 132 495 in 2023. Overstrand Municipality has its head office in Hermanus. Municipal services are delivered on a decentralised basis from offices in Gansbaai, Stanford, Hermanus and Kleinmond. The area is divided into three administrations: Hangklip-Kleinmond, Greater Hermanus

and Gansbaai/Stanford.

Overstrand Municipality's unique offerings of the ultimate experience in land-based whale watching and shark cage diving, pristine Blue Flag beaches, excellent wine industry, and top-class restaurants and accommodation make it an attractive tourist destination with a variety of activities.





Hermanus is rich in breath-taking scenery; with its unparalleled scenic beauty, modern infrastructure, upmarket shops and endless adventure options. It is built along the beautiful shores of Walker Bay and is the official Whale Watching Capital of the World as well as a popular holiday destination. Hermanus is surrounded by majestic mountains, indigenous fynbos and spectacular natural beauty.

**Ward Committee System:** The Municipality is demarcated into fourteen wards, each with a directly elected Councillor. These Councillors are assisted by a Ward Committee of ten members. The Overstrand Municipal Council was constituted on 17 November 2021. Six (6) political parties are represented, with a total of 27 Councillors, viz.:















#### Theewaterskloof Municipality



Executive Mayor: Cllr Lincoln De Bruin
Deputy Executive Mayor: Cllr Cynthia Clayton
Speaker: Cllr Weldon Wells

Municipal Manager: Mr Wilfred Solomons-Johannes

Area size:  $3,232km^2$ 

Population: 139 563 (StatsSA Census 2022)

128 320 (SEP-LG 2024)

The MERO 2022 depicts that the population of the Theewaterskloof municipal area have increased from to 139 563 in 2023 as the growth predicted to 127,006 in 2024. Situated in Caledon, Theewaterskloof Municipality has the largest geographical area in the Overberg Region, comprising towns of Villiersdorp, Tesselaarsdal, Grabouw, Botrivier, Caledon/Myddleton, Genadendal, Greyton and Riviersonderend.

Natural assets such as illustrious mountains, the Kogelberg Biosphere, Theewaterskloof Dam, the Blue Crane, special natural protection areas and unique fynbos, bird and wildlife species makes Theewaterskloof a place where its inhabitants enjoy staying.

It is a popular tourism area with unique places of accommodation, eateries and recreation spots for hiking, mountain biking, water sport and adrenaline activities.





Economic activities focus on agriculture, environmental and cultural-based tourism, manufacturing and commercial businesses that provides in the holistic products and services needs of residents and tourists. Agriculture focusses on grain production, vineyards, apples and cattle farming.

**Ward Committee System:** The Municipality is demarcated into fourteen wards, each with a directly elected Councillor. Councillors are assisted by a Ward Committee of ten members. The TheewaterskloofMunicipal Council was constituted on 22 November 2021. Seven (7) political parties are represented, with a total of 27 Councillors, viz.:

















#### **Swellendam Municipality**



Executive Mayor: Cllr Hendrik Francois Du Rand

Speaker: Cllr Juan van Schalkwyk Municipal Manager: **Me Anneleen Vorster** 

Area size:  $3,835km^2$ 

Population: 47 114 (StatsSA Census 2022)

40 880 (SEP-LG 2024)

Swellendam Municipality is the Overberg Municipality with the largest geographical area, but the smallest economy. According to the latest census numbers, Swellendam outgrew neighboring Cape Agulhas Municipality with a population of 47 114, but interestingly enough Cape Agulhas have 16 220 households, vs the 15 477 households of Swellendam. The workforce of Swellendam is predominantly semi- or low skilled workers, with 33% of the working age population not working. Swellendam Municipality is the second largest Municipality in the District, comprising the towns of Swellendam, Barrydale, Stormsvlei, Suurbraak, Buffeljagsrivier, and rural areas Malagas and Infanta.

In 1743 Swellendam was declared a magisterial district, the third oldest in South Africa, and was named after Governor Hendrik Swellengrebel and his wife, Helena Ten Damme. Swellendam is situated on the N2, approximately 220 km from both Cape Town and George.

Swellendam has a flourishing agricultural area, and many attractive and historic buildings which serve as a reminder of its exciting past. The town has over 50 Provincial Heritage Sites, most of them buildings of Cape Dutch architecture.





The area boasts with a rich agriculture, the Bontebok Nature Reserve and a powerful historical background. Malgas is located at a pontoon ferry on the Breede River, the last crossing of the river before it reaches the ocean.

**Ward Committee System:** The Municipality is demarcated into six wards, each with a directly elected Councillor. Councillors are assisted by a Ward Committee of ten members. The Swellendam Municipal Council was constituted on 11 November 2021. Three (3) political parties are represented, with a total of 11 Councillors:







#### 1.1.3 ROLE OF THE DISTRICT

Section 83(3) of the Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998), states:

"A district municipality must seek to achieve the integrated, sustainable and equitable social and economic development of its area as a whole by —

- (a) ensuring integrated development planning for the district as a whole;
- (b) promoting bulk infrastructural development and services for the district as a whole;
- (c) building the capacity of local municipalities in its area to perform their functions and exercise their powers where such capacity is lacking; and
- (d) promoting the equitable distribution of resources between the local municipalities in its area to ensure appropriate levels of municipal services within the area.

In terms of the more specific functions assigned to Districts, Section 84(1) and (2) of the MSA clearly defines the divisions of functions and powers between District and Local Municipalities, as:

A district municipality has the following functions and powers:

- (a) Integrated development planning for the district municipality as a whole, including a framework for integrated development plans for the local municipalities within the area of the district municipality, taking into account the integrated development plans of those local municipalities.
- (b) Bulk supply of water that affects a significant proportion of municipalities in the district.
- (c) Bulk supply of electricity that affects a significant proportion of municipalities in the district.
- (d) Bulk sewage purification works and main sewage disposal that affects a significant proportion of municipalities in the district.
- (e) Solid waste disposal sites serving the area of the district municipality as a whole.
- (f) Municipal roads which form an integral part of the road transport system for the area of the district municipality as a whole.
- (g) Regulation of passenger transport services.
- (h) Municipal airports serving the area of the district municipality as a whole.
- (i) Municipal health services serving the area of the district municipality as a whole.
- (i) Fire fighting services serving the area of the district municipality as a whole.
- (k) The establishment, conduct and control of fresh produce markets and abattoirs serving the area of the district municipality as a whole.
- (1) The establishment, conduct and control of cemeteries and crematoria serving the district as a whole.
- (m) Promotion of local tourism for the area of the district municipality.
- (n) Municipal public works relating to any of the above functions or any other functions assigned to the district municipality.
- (o) The receipt, allocation and, if applicable, the distribution of grants made to the district municipality.
- (p) The imposition and collection of taxes, levies and duties as related to the above functions or as may be assigned to the district municipality in terms of national legislation.

#### 1.2 DEVELOPMENT OF THE INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP)

#### 1.2.1 LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

Development and implementation of Integrated Development Plans are guided by:

#### The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996):

The objects of local government, according to section 152 of the Constitution, are:

- (a) to provide democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- (b) to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- (c) to promote social and economic development;
- (d) to promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- (e) to encourage the involvement of communities and community organisations in the matters of local government.

Section 153 spells out the development duties of municipalities, viz:

- (a) to structure and manage its administration and budgeting and planning processes to give priority to the basic needs of the community, and to promote the social and economic development of the community; and
- (b) to participate in national and provincial government programmes.

#### The White Paper on Local Government (1998)

The White Paper envisaged the role of District Municipalities to encompass:

- District-wide integrated development planning
- Infrastructural development and bulk service delivery
- Capacity building of Local Municipalities
- Administrative assistance to Local Municipalities with lack of capacity

#### **Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998)**

Sections 83 & 84 of the Municipal Structures Act clearly stipulate the division of functions and powers between district and local municipalities (refer part 1.1.4).

#### **Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)**

As per section 25 of the Municipal Systems Act, all municipalities are required to adopt a single, inclusive plan for the development of the municipality which:

- links, integrates and coordinates plans and takes into account proposals for the development of the municipality;
- aligns the resources and capacity of the municipality with the implementation of the plan;
- forms the policy framework and general basis on which annual budgets must be based; and
- is compatible with national and provincial development plans and planning requirements.

Section 26 of the Municipal Systems Act lists the core components of the IDP (page 8).

Section 27 of the Municipal Systems Act requires each district municipality to prepare and adopt a framework for integrated development planning (part 1.2.4).

#### ✓ Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001

These regulations, promulgated in terms of the Municipal Systems Act, regulate the detail of the IDP and focus specifically on the detail required in the financial plan and spatial development framework in the IDP. The regulations also provide detail on the nature and content of the performance management system (refer Chapter 9).

#### ✓ Municipal Performance Regulations, 2006

Chapter 3 of these regulations speaks to Performance Agreements for Municipal Managers and Managers directly accountable to Municipal Managers. Section 25(2) requires that the performance objectives and targets reflected in the performance plan be based on the IDP, SDBIP and Budget.

#### ✓ Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003)

Section 21(1) of the MFMA states that the mayor of a municipality must -

- (a) coordinate the processes for preparing the annual budget and for reviewing the integrated development plan and budget-related policies to ensure that the tabled budget and any revisions of the integrated development plan and budget-related policies are mutually consistent and credible;
- (b) at least 10 months before the start of the budget year, table in the municipal council a time schedule outlining key deadlines for (ii)(aa) the annual review of the integrated development plan in terms of section 34 of the Municipal Systems Act.

Section 24(2)(c)(iv) of the MFMA speaks to the approval of annual budgets, which must be approved together with the adoption of resolutions as may be necessary when approving any changes to the municipality's integrated development plan.

#### ✓ National Development Plan (NDP), 2011

The NDP offers a long-term perspective. It defines a desired destination and identifies the role different sectors of society need to play in reaching that goal. As a long-term strategic plan, it serves four broad objectives:

- Providing overarching goals for what we plan to achieve by 2030.
- Building consensus on the key obstacles to us achieving these goals and what needs to be done to
  overcome those obstacles.
- Providing a shared long-term strategic framework within which more detailed planning can take place in order to advance the long-term goals set out in the NDP.
- Creating a basis for making choices about how best to use limited resources.

The plan aims to ensure that all South Africans attain a decent standard of living through the elimination of poverty and reduction of inequality.

#### ✓ The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (SPLUMA), 2013 (Act 16 of 2013)

SPLUMA is a national law that was passed by Parliament in 2013. The law gives the Department of Rural Development and Land Reform (DRDLR) the power to pass Regulations in terms of SPLUMA to provide additional detail on how the law should be implemented. The objects of SPLUMA are discussed in Chapter 7.

#### 1.2.2 THE IDP PLANNING PROCESS

Integrated development planning (IDP) has a lifespan of 5 years that is linked directly to the term of office for Councillors. The IDP is a process through which municipalities prepare a strategic plan containing short-, medium- and long-term development objectives, strategies and programmes for the municipal area. The IDP is the principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs budgeting, management and decision-making related to service delivery and development in a municipality.

#### ☐ Integrated Development Planning Cycle

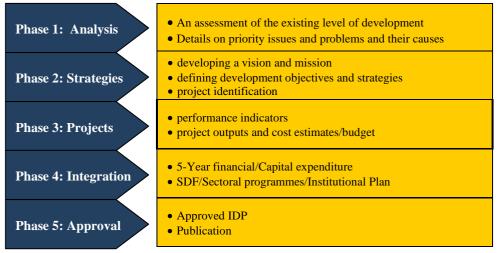
202	22/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
ADOF MAY					CYCLE ENDS JUNE 2027
	ANNUAL R	REVIEW ANNUA	L REVEW ANNUA	AL REVIEW ANNUA	L REVIEW
			5-YEAR IDP LIFESPAN		

The process from planning to service delivery, maintenance and reviewing performance can be referred to as the Development Management Cycle (a continuous/cyclical process) which can be applied at all levels in an organisation. Inputs to one process are outputs from another.

#### 1.2.3 KEY STAGES AND CONSULTATIONS

July 2023	District IDP Managers Forum
12 August 2023	Discussion with Local Municipalities: Public Participation Initiatives
December 2023	Provincial IDP Managers Forum
September 2023	ODM Project Coordinating Meeting
25-26 October 2023	IDP Strategic Planning Session
11 August 2023	District IDP Managers Forum
29 November 2023	Western Cape Districts Integrated Forum – cross-district IDP alignment
01 December 2023	Provincial IDP Managers Forum
February 2024	IDP Review Engagements
12 February 2024	Project Coordinating Meeting
16 February 2024	Technical Integrated Municipal Engagement (TIME)
01 March 2024	District IDP Managers Forum
11 April 2024	Western Cape Districts Integrated Forum – cross-district IDP alignment
13 May 2024	Budget Steering Committee
27 March 2024	Tabling of Draft 2024/25 IDP Review to Council
30 April 2024	Project Coordinating Meeting
February 2024	Strategic Session of Council (IDP Steering Committee)
9May 2024	SIME: assessment feedback on Draft IDP and Budget
1 March 2024	District IDP Managers Forum
25 May 2024	Tabling of Final 2024/25 IDP Review to Council

#### ☐ The process undertaken to produce the IDP consists of 5 phases:



The IDP process encourages all stakeholders who reside and conduct business within a municipal area to participate in the preparation and implementation of the development plan. Stakeholders involved in the IDP process, includes the Municipality, Local Municipalities in the District, Councillors, National and Provincial Sector Departments, communities, business sector, and other stakeholders.

#### 1.2.4 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES (stakeholders in the process)

Executive Mayor	The Executive Committee or Executive Mayor of the municipality has to manage the IDP. This responsibility may be assigned to the Municipal Manager.
Councillors	The IDP gives councillors an opportunity to make decisions based on the needs and aspirations of their constituencies.
Municipality	The IDP guides the development plans of the municipality.
Officials	Provide relevant technical, sector and financial information for analysis for determining priority issues to be included in the IDP.
Communities and other stakeholders	The IDP is based on community needs and priorities. Communities have the chance to participate in identifying their most important needs. The IDP process encourages all stakeholders who reside and conduct business within a municipal area to participate in the preparation and implementation of the development plan.
National and Provincial Sector Government	Many government services are delivered by provincial and national government departments at local level -for example: police stations, clinics and schools. Municipalities must take into account the programmes and policies of these departments. The departments should participate in the IDP process so that they can be guided how best to use their resources to address local needs.

#### 1.2.5 DISTRICT IDP FRAMEWORK PLAN

The Overberg District Municipality is responsible for drafting the District IDP Framework Plan, a mechanism to ensure alignment and integration between the IDPs of the Overberg District Municipality and Local municipalities of Cape Agulhas, Overstrand, Theewaterskloof and Swellendam. The function of the District IDP Framework Plan is to ensure that IDP processes of both the District and Local municipalities are mutually linked and able to inform one another.

In terms of Section 27(2) of the Municipal Systems Act of 2000, a Framework Plan should at least:

- identify plans and planning requirements binding in terms of National and Provincial legislation on District and Local Municipalities or on any specific municipality.
- identify matters to be included in IDPs of the District and Local Municipalities that require alignment.
- specify principles to be applied and co-ordinate the approach to be adopted in respect of such matters; and;
- determine procedures:
  - i) for consultation between Local municipalities and the District during the drafting process of respective IDPs; and
  - ii) effect essential amendments to framework

The objectives of the District IDP Framework Plan are to:

- facilitate co-operative governance
- keep abreast of legislation, policy and initiatives (National and Provincial)
- align the IDP with sector department activities/requirements
- serve as a guideline for the integration of all role-players involved in the process, and for successful and effective implementation of integrated development planning objectives.

A District IDP Framework Plan includes a programme with specific timeframes, maps consultation mechanisms and procedures, and maps mechanisms and procedures for alignment.

#### 1.2.6 IDP PROCESS PLAN

Prior to commencing with the planning process, an IDP Process Plan must be prepared. The purpose of the IDP Process Plan is predominantly to ensure proper management of the planning process. The IDP Process Plan should reflect:

- the structures that will manage the planning process
- how the public can participate and structures that will be created to ensure this participation
- a time schedule for the planning process
- responsible person/s and task
- how the process will be monitored

District and Local municipal IDP Process Plans have to be formulated in line with the District IDP Framework Plan. The adopted IDP Process Plan is in accordance with the relevant legal prescripts and dictates the process to be followed for developing the 2022/23 – 2026/27 IDP, Budget and PMS. Here follows adoption dates of respective plans across the district:

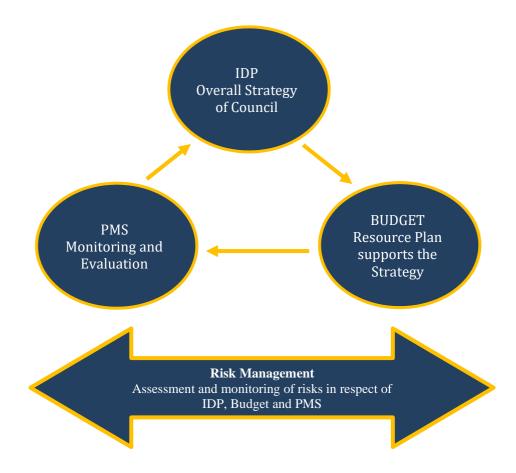
Municipality	Time Schedule & Process Plan tabling	Tabled
	IDP/Budget/PMS Time Schedule	25.08.2023
Overberg DM	Section 27 District IDP Framework Plan (Annexure A)	28.03.2022
	Section 28 Process Plan (Annexure B)	28.03.2022
Constant Harris	Time Schedule 2024/25	27.07.2023
Cape Agulhas LM	Process Plan amended 2023/24	June 2022
O control IIM	Time Schedule 2023/24	30.08.2023
Overstrand LM	IDP Process Plan adopted	29/08/2022
The second to CLM	Time Schedule 2023/23	24.08.2023
Theewaterskloof LM	IDP Process Plan tabling by end May 2023	05.2023
Swellendam LM	IDP Process Plan IDP/Budget/PMS Time Schedule	25.08.2022 25.08.2023

The District IDP Framework and Process Plan was workshopped with its Local municipalities to ensure alignment of planning activities. Inputs were rendered, discussed and considered for inclusion in the final Plan prior to tabling to Council. The District IDP Framework and Process Plan can be accessed on the municipal website <a href="https://www.odm.org.za">www.odm.org.za</a>

#### 1.2.7 ALIGNMENT OF IDP / BUDGET / PERFORMANCE & RISK MANAGEMENT

The Overberg District Municipality made every effort throughout the IDP development phase to ensure alignment of the IDP, Budget, Risk Management and Performance Management System. This is evident in Chapter 11 of the IDP.

With the IDP as Council's Strategy, the Budget serves as a Resource Plan to support the Strategy, and the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) is the Operational Plan to the Strategy by way of monitoring and evaluation processes to ensure the Strategy is effective and efficient. Risk Management is the process of assessing and monitoring risks in respect of the IDP, Budget and SDBIP.



#### 1.3 5-YEAR STRATEGIC TRAJECTORY

Strategic sessions are held annually with the entire Council and the Administration. Guided by the Political- and Administrative Head of the Overberg District Municipality, a Strategic Session of Council was held on 26 February 2024 to ensure a common understanding and buy-in and support in respect of planning, budgeting, and implementation processes. Presentations included:

- Overview of the Integrated Development Plan process
- The Budget and Long-Term Financial Plan
- Overview 2022/23 Annual Report
- Anticipated Public Participation approach







# **INTERNAL FACTORS**

#### STRENGTHS

- Effectiveness of Administration & Leadership
- Service delivery
- Good internal cooperation
- Political willingness
- Role of DM respected
- Good working relationship amongst staff
- Disciplined staff
- · Multi-skilled across sectors
- Good image (stakeholders)
- · Credibility of stakeholders
- Ability to continue uninterrupted services
- Intergovernmental relations
- · Sectoral partnerships
- Shared Services Centre
- Internal control systems
- Weak planning i.t.o financial allocations (internal vs external service delivery)
- Investigate central tourism coordination

### WEAKNESSES

- Existence of DM branding
- Levies services to B-municipalities
- Working in silo's
- Financial constraints
- School transport
- Inadequate Policing resources

# **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Waste management (volume space Karwyderskraal)
- Money scouting
- Effective youth development
- Best practice example
- Shared Services
- Intergovernmental relations
- Electricity (waste burning; wind farms & hydro plants)
- Environmental services
- Property management (investment opportunities & Resorts)
- Regional airport
- Mining opportunities (gravel or borowing pits)
- Job Opportunities
- District Supplier Database
- Reconnect with China and European Union
- Social development coordination (health and wellness)
- Communication systems development
- · Effective utilisation of assets
- Regional economic development and tourism coordination
- Regional Crematorium (Karwyderskraal)
- Road-to-Rail project
- Economic growth
- Water Authority
- · Air Quality Certificates

## **THREATS**

- Health i.t.o Tourism (Private Hospitals)
- Term of 3 5 years
- · Sustainability of funding
- Climate change
- Lack of communication
- Ageing of equipment
- Under-funded or unfunded mandates
- Financial sustainability
- Provincial Hospitals and Clinics (shortage of funding)
- Social conflict
- Social ills
- Growth in population
- South African economy
- Pandemics
- Migration
- Education and Schools
- Wastewater Treatment Plants (water pollution)
- Inadequate Policing resources

**POSITIVE** 

**NEGATIVE** 

**EXTERNAL FACTORS** 

1.3.2

VISION

Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable services

**MISSION** 

To render sustainable, customer-directed services and to be the preferred Provider of Shared Services within the Overberg, by:

- Promoting social and economic development:
- Utilising all available resources economically, efficiently and effectively;
  - Ensuring the provision of optimal and quality service delivery; and
    - Enhancing effective stakeholder relations.

1.3.3

#### STRATEGIC GOALS

- To ensure the well-being of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic SG1 services and infrastructure.
- To promote regional economic development by supporting the initiatives in the district SG<sub>2</sub> for the development of a sustainable district economy.
- To ensure municipal transformation and institutional development by creating a staff SG3 structure that would adhere to the principles of employment equity and promote skills development.
- To attain and maintain financial viability and sustainability by executing accounting SG4 services in accordance with National policy and guidelines.
- To ensure good governance practices by providing a democratic and proactive SG5 accountable government and ensuring community participation through IGR structures.

1.3.4

#### CORE VALUES

#### Caring

A total belief in collective caring principles – "Ubuntu".

#### Integrity

Higher levels of courtesy and professionalism in the workplace; behaving in a manner that reflect ODMs commitment to honesty, trust, transparency and ethical business operations.

#### Commitment

To the development of people; regular consultation with customers on the level and quality of services.

#### Transformation

Transformational leadership - corporate transformation begins with a shift in the values and behaviours of leadership; corporations do not transform, people do.

#### **4** Transparency

In accounting for our actions; responsible spending and utilisation of municipal assets.

#### **Excellence**

Setting quality standards for service delivery, measurement thereof to improve productivity and the discipline to take action to address the situation.

#### Honesty

Contributes to a positive mindset and facilitates morally acceptable behaviour.

#### Respect

For our natural resources and celebrating diversity.

ODM

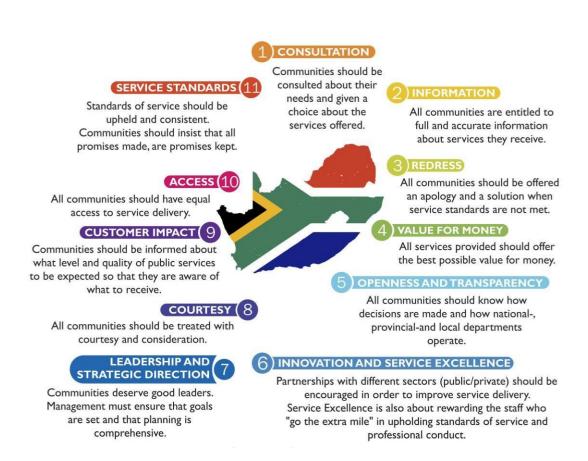
#### 1.3.5 ODM STRATEGIC SESSION OUTCOMES -26 FEBRUARY 2024

Committed to providing efficient and effective services to its community, the Overberg District Municipal Council and management attended a strategic planning session with the purpose of deliberating on the review of the integrated development plan, budget and long-term financial plan of the municipal and the strategic direction.

This session was not only informative, but also a much-needed brainstorming opportunity, which seeks to guide Council on the directions of allocating its resources, set priorities, strengthen operations, ensure that employees and other stakeholders are working towards common goals and shape its response to the changing environment.

The effectiveness of this strategic planning session will articulate not only where the municipality is going and the actions needed to make progress, but also measure the success and impact of its strategic plan. The Executive Mayor reaffirmed the Strategic Direction 2024/2025.

# 1.3.6 BATHO PELE PRINCIPLES – Putting People First "We belong. We care. We serve."





# STATE OF THE DISTRICT

#### 2.1 INSTITUTIONAL ANALYSIS

#### 2.1.1 HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT

The Overberg District Municipality regards its employees as human capital and an invaluable resource for the achievement of its strategic goals, as set out in this Strategic Plan (IDP). There is continuous investment in employees and Councilors through training and development. This initiative is done jointly with other training and development institutions, e.g. LGSETA, SALGA and accredited institutions of higher learning. This is an attempt to enable both Councilors and employees to deliver to the expectations of the communities.

#### **Employee totals as at March 2025**

Permanent employees: 379 Funded vacancies: 25

#### 2.1.2 TRAINING AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT

The Objective of skills development is to create a workforce empowered with the necessary and continuously upgraded skills, knowledge and recognized qualifications to increase productivity and competency levels of employees.

Training interventions for the period of 2024/2025

Statutory training/None-statutory training

Development training

Total planned training beneficiaries May 2024 – April 2025

LGSETA SFA	Municipal KPA	Main IDP Priority	Empl	oyed	Total	Unem	Total	
LUSETA SFA	Mullicipal NFA	Linked to KPA	Female	Male	TOLAI	Female	Male	TOLAI
Enhancing good governance, leadership, and management capabilities	Good governance and the linking of democracy	Corporate governance	35	42	77	0	0	0
Promoting sound financial management and financial viability	Municipal financial viability and management	Developing and growth	10	12	22	5	5	10
Enhancing infrastructure and service delivery	Basic service delivery and infrastructure development	Day-to-day service delivery	53	101	154	10	15	25
Enhancing municipal planning	Municipal transformation and institutional development	Development and Growth	0	0	0	0	0	0
Promoting spatial transformation and inclusion	Sustainable local economic development	Capacity of the Municipality	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals			98	155	253	15	20	35

The project will include open days, youth train- the trainer programmes (this will help youth to gain meaningful work experience by training to become robotics assistants at schools). The e-Centre at the Thusong will be utilised as a hub from which training will be conducted. The train-the-trainer programme will focus on Holistic work readiness programme, CV building and personal branding and IBM introduction to coding skills course (120 hours).

The Robotics programme is tailored to understand how robots perceive the world, build models and plans, and take actions to manipulate their environment. This is done by focusing on machine learning, control, computer vision and artificial intelligence. The central objective in the field is to reduce human responsibility for dull, dirty, and dangerous jobs.

ODM will bring on board a variety of partners and stakeholders that can add value to the project as well as ensure successful implementation. The biggest impact of the 4IR is to improve the quality of life

#### 2.1.3 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT)

#### ICT STEERING COMMITTEE

The ODM has an established and functional ICT SC in place, with an approved Terms of Reference (ToR). The ICT SC meet on a quarterly basis. The goal of the ICT SC is to facilitate and guide the use of ICT in enabling business continuity in its service delivery, building institutional capacity and keeping abreast with technological innovations and systems improvements.

#### ICT REMEDIATION PLAN

As per section 88(2)(b) of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998):

"A local municipality on request of a district municipality in whose area that local municipality falls may provide financial, technical and administrative support services to that district municipality to the extent that that local municipality has the capacity to provide those support services."

On 8 November 2022, a Cooperative Agreement was concluded between the Overberg District Municipality (ODM) and Cape Agulhas Municipality (CAM) for ICT-related assistance. The Service Provider appointed by CAM, DFA Solutions, assists the ODM by way of an IT Remote Monitoring and Asset Management cloud solution called N-Able. Following various penetration tests, DFA developed a Draft ICT Remediation Plan which ODM Administration further refined. The Plan, which is a "living" document, is updated on an ongoing basis for quarterly monitoring by the ICT Steering Committee (SC). The Plan was approved by the ICT SC on 1 March 2023.

The ODM acquired two new systems during the 2022/23 period of review, i.e. the PayDay Leave Management System, and an Electronic Document Management System, Collaborator.

#### 2.1.4 FOURTH INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION (4IR)

South African municipalities have been plagued with poor service delivery, limited capacity and constrained resources. The Fourth Industrial Revolution (4IR) offers the public sector potential to

leapfrogand accelerate delivery of key services 2000 through digital enabled solutions. 4IR canenable: ☐ Accelerated delivery of services ☐ Increased access to services FIRST (1784) SECOND [1870] THIRD (1969) FOURTH (NOW) ☐ Improved community participation Mechanical production, Mass production, electri-Automated production, Artificial intelligence, big ☐ Greater social accountability railroads, and steam cal power, and the advent electronics, and data, robotics, and more

These can however only be achieved if the Municipality adopts and implements 4IR. The Municipality will strive to ensure that developed plans and strategies are geared to implement and leverage the 4IR.

of the assembly line

#### Fourth Industrial Revolution Robotics and Coding Project for the Overberg

Part of the Social Development Unit's focus is to introduce the 4IR to communities in the Overberg on an ongoing basis, with Cape Agulhas as pilot. The target group will be young persons not engaged in education, employment, or training (NEET) youth, primary and high schools, as part of sustainable livelihoods programme.

The 4IR builds on the Digital Revolution, representing new ways in which technology becomes embeddedwithin societies. The project will kick start with an introduction to an after-school Science Technology Engineering & Maths (STEM) Educational Robotics and Coding Program. The programme helps kids with school focus through innovative STEM education Robotics.

The project will include open days, youth train- the trainer programmes (this will help youth to gain meaningful work experience by training to become robotics assistants at schools). The e-Centre at the Thusong will be utilised as a hub from which training will be conducted. The train-the-trainer programmewill focus on Holistic work readiness programme, CV building and personal branding and IBM introduction to coding skills course (120 hours).

The Robotics programme is tailored to understand how robots perceive the world, build models and plans, and take actions to manipulate their environment. This is done by focusing on machine learning, control, computer vision and artificial intelligence. The central objective in the field is to reduce human responsibility for dull, dirty, and dangerous jobs.

ODM will bring on board a variety of partners and stakeholders that can add value to the project as well as ensure successful implementation. The biggest impact of the 4IR is to improve the quality of life.

#### 2.1.5 MUNICIPAL STAFF REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES

The Local Government: Municipal Staff Regulation and Guidelines was gazetted on 20 September 2021, with an implementation date of 01 July 2022. Exemption was given for Chapter 2 (staff

establishment, job descriptions and job evaluation), and Chapter 4 (performance management), which will now come into effect on 01 July 2023.

The ODM has implemented the following in terms of MSR:

- HR Strategic Plan
- Alignment of HR policies
- Monitoring and Couching
- Org Structure Review
- JD review and competency alignment

#### WAYFORWARD

- Closing of gaps through the skills and development initiatives
- Review of policies
- Continues review of JDs
- Tabling a complete review of ODM to council by March 2025.

#### 2.1.6 ELECTRONIC DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### **Successful Implementation of the Electronic Document Management System (Collaborator)**

The Collaborator Electronic Document Management System (EDMS) has been successfully implemented within the Overberg District Municipality. This system marks a significant milestone in the Municipality's efforts to modernize and streamline its records management processes.

The successful implementation of Collaborator EDMS has modernized the Municipality's records management, contributing to better organizational efficiency, streamlined processes, and improved service delivery. This achievement reflects the Municipality's commitment to adopting innovative technologies for improved governance and operations.

# 2.2 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### 2.2.1 REVENUE BASE AND EXPENDITURE 2025/2026

SUMMARY INCOME &	EVDENIDITUDE 202	E /2026 MTDEE ODM
SUIVIIVIART IIVUUVIE &	EXPENDITURE 207	23/2026 IVITKEE - CIDIVI

		Original Budget	Α	djustment Budget		Original Budget		Original Budget		Original Budget
Revenue by Source		2024/25		2024/25		2025/26		2026/27		2027/28
Service charges - Water	R	35 000.00	R	-	R	-	R	-	R	-
Service charges - Waste Water Management	R	220 000.00	R	150 000.00	R	150 000.00	R	160 500.00	R	167 722.50
Service charges - Waste Management	R	14 950 000.00	R	17 408 938.00	R	18 621 064.00	R	19 924 538.48	R	20 821 142.71
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services	R	142 959 011.00	R	144 859 716.00	R	145 547 420.00	R	154 377 546.11	R	162 380 997.81
Agency services	R	13 825 039.00	R	13 825 039.00	R	13 950 699.00	R	14 578 480.46	R	15 234 512.08
Interest earned from Receivables	R	300 000.00	R	300 000.00	R	318 000.00	R	340 260.00	R	373 572.00
Interest earned from Current and Non Current Assets	R	7 600 000.00	R	8 600 000.00	R	9 202 000.00	R	9 606 888.00	R	10 039 197.96
Rental from Fixed Assets	R	14 062 000.00	R	14 722 000.00	R	21 924 520.00	R	23 459 236.40	R	25 092 702.04
Licence and permits	R	1 250 000.00	R	1 350 000.00	R	1 444 500.00	R	1 545 615.00	R	1 653 808.05
Operational Revenue	R	1 160 533.00	R	1 554 533.00	R	1 355 698.50	R	1 154 976.06	R	1 213 491.48
Transfer and subsidies - Operational	R	96 796 255.00	R	97 147 816.00	R	97 308 428.00	R	94 168 005.00	R	98 390 215.23
Transfers and subsidies - Capital (monetary allocations)	R	2 700 000.00	R	3 800 000.00	R	500 000.00	R	-	R	-
Gains on disposal of Assets	R	9 900 000.00	R	9 900 000.00	R	2 960 000.00	R	2 880 000.00	R	2 628 000.00
	R	305 757 838.00	R	313 618 042.00	R	313 282 329.50	R	322 196 045.51	R	337 995 361.84

	(	Original Budget	Ad	ljustment Budget		Original Budget		Original Budget		Original Budget
Expenditure by Type		2024/25		2024/25		2025/26		2026/27		2027/28
Employ ee related costs	R	168 688 144.00	R	161 218 782.00	R	178 977 563.00	R	188 714 047.45	R	198 906 737.11
Remuneration of councillors	R	6 795 959.00	R	6 795 959.00	R	7 136 333.00	R	7 564 512.98	R	8 018 383.76
Bulk purchases - electricity	R	-	R	-	R	-	R	-	R	-
Inventory consumed	R	47 074 773.00	R	54 754 585.00	R	46 121 416.00	R	48 098 475.72	R	50 280 498.58
Debt impairment	R	-	R	100 000.00	R	-	R	-	R	-
Depreciation and amortisation	R	3 680 586.00	R	3 680 586.00	R	3 696 786.00	R	3 697 678.62	R	3 726 826.41
Interest	R	2 422 236.00	R	2 401 236.00	R	1 427 236.00	R	1 135 803.62	R	1 182 763.89
Contracted services	R	38 158 214.00	R	38 273 791.00	R	33 745 300.00	R	29 478 034.25	R	30 475 571.04
Transfers and subsidies	R	-	R	4 000 000.00	R	1000000.00	R	1 045 000.00	R	1 092 025.00
Operational costs	R	35 961 926.00	R	38 317 103.00	R	40 677 695.50	R	42 462 492.87	R	44 312 556.05
Other Losses	R	276 000.00	R	276 000.00	R	-	R	-	R	-
	R	303 057 838.00	R	309 818 042.00	R	312 782 329.50	R	322 196 045.51	R	337 995 361.84
Surplus/(Deficit)	R	2 700 000.00	R	3 800 000.00	R	500 000.00	R	-	R	-

#### FINANCIAL PLANNING CHALLENGES AND RISKS

Challenges & Risks	How Addressed / Mitigated
Financial System Migration	Phased (affordability)approach to move towards a
	migrated web-based system, MSCOA compliant
	Grant funding from Provincial Treasury
	Due diligence exercise
Long-term sustainable revenue streams – lack of revenue	Tariff – cost reflective
streams	Alternative revenue sources investigation
	Sweating of investment properties (selling and/or
	rentals)
	PPP projects (e.g Crematorium)
	Energy/Electricity projects
	Ownership Uilenkraalsmond
	Landfill site service demography expansion
Obtain funding from counterparts whom we are rendering	■ Department of Health
services to (government institutions) - health/air pollution / fire	<ul> <li>PT/NT Disaster Management Funding</li> </ul>
and disasters	Local Municipalities
Lack of resources and high expenditure (funding, aged fleet,	Applying SMART principles in executing operational
high repairs and maintenance costs, fuel costs)	functions and services, more effectively, efficiently, and economically.

#### 2.2.2 LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Gearing choices for asset replacements  ☐ Taking up a loan to replace dilapidated fleet – less maintenance cost ☐ Replace fleet over time from cash back surpluses in Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR) ☐ Rental of Fleet
Renovation of Resorts
☐ Use returns on sale of other redundant investment properties to upgrade and maintain the resorts and their facilities gradually (CRR funding)
REVENUE ENHANCEMENT OPPORTUNITIES
☐ Cost reflective tariffs – Municipal Health Services and Emergency Services
☐ Formalise Resort properties – ownership.
☐ Uilenskraalmond ownership – potential R125 million
☐ De Dam – potential R50 million
☐ "Sweating" of other ODM investment properties — Public Private Partnerships / Rental
☐ Other Local municipalities and to make use of Karwyderskraal Regional Waste site
☐ Exploring other regional facilities such as a Crematorium at Karwyderskraal
☐ Activate interest charges on arrear debtors
☐ Exploring alternative agency functions to render to Provincial or National Departments

#### 2.2.3 BUDGET-RELATED POLICIES

Policies adopted by Council and being reviewed/amended in line with National Guidelines:.

- 1) Asset Management Policy
- 2) Borrowing Policy
- 3) Budget Policy
- 4) Cash Management and Investment Policy
- 5) Cost Containment Policy
- 6) Credit Control and Debt Management Policy
- 7) Customer Care Policy
- 8) Demand Management Policy
- 9) Funding and Reserves Policy
- 10) Infrastructure Investments and Capital Projects Policy
- 11) Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management Policy
- 12) Liquidity Policy
- 13) Long-Term Financial Planning Policy
- 14) Management and Administration of Immovable Assets Policy
- 15) Payroll Management and Administration Policy
- 16) Procurement Policy
- 17) Supply Chain Management Policy
- 18) Tariff Policy
- 19) Travelling & Subsistence Policy
- 20) Virement Policy

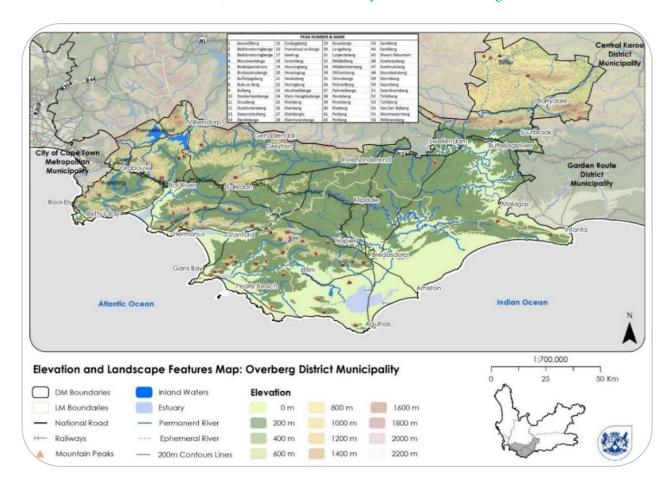
#### 2.3 ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

#### Section 2.3 Environmental Analysis

#### 2.3.1 LANDSCAPE

The Overberg has a very diverse landscape stretching from the Langeberg- and Riviersonderend mountain ranges through the Rûens and Agulhas Plain to the coastline. Agriculture remains the largest land-use in the region and is seen as one of the most valued economic sectors. The region has about 80 sites of provincial heritage site status, of which 40 are located within Swellendam. The remaining sites include, amongst others historic settlements of Waenhuiskrans and Elim, Cape Agulhas Lighthouse, and the old harbour at Hermanus.

The Heritage and Scenic Resources: Inventory and Policy Framework for the Western Cape, a supporting study commissioned with the 2014 PSDF, documented an inventory of scenic and heritage assets of the ODM.



#### 2.3.2 TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS

The Overberg District Municipality falls entirely within the fynbos biome in the Cape Floristic Region, a recognised global biodiversity hotspot with high levels of endemism and diversity for plants and animals. As per the Conservation Planning Report of 2010, 114 vegetation types have been identified in Overberg. The following vegetation types has been included in the revised list of ecosystems that are threatened and in need of protection, as published on 18 November 2022.

	Terrestrial Ecosystem	C	0	S	Т	2011 (NEMBA)	2021 (NEMBA)		Key pressures
1	Agulhas Limestone Fynbos	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>			VU	CR	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution.
2	Agulhas Sand Fynbos	~	<b>~</b>			EN	CR	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, agriculture.
3	Albertinia Sand Fynbos	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>		VU	LC	Ţ	
4	Boland Granite Fynbos				~	VU	EN	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, agriculture, plantations, artificial water bodies, and erosion.
5	Breede Shale Fynbos			<b>~</b>		LC	EN	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, agriculture, erosion.
6	Breede Shale Renosterveld			<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	LC	EN	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, agriculture, plantations, and artificial waterbodies.
7	Cape Lowland Alluvial Vegetation			<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	CR	EN	$\downarrow$	Agriculture, invasive species.
8	Cape Seashore Vegetation	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
9	Cape Winelands Shale Fynbos		<b>~</b>			VU	VU	-	Agriculture, urban development, invasive species.
10	Central Coastal Shale Band Vegetation			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
11	Central Rûens Shale Renosterveld	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	CR	CR	-	Agriculture.
12	De Hoop Limestone Fynbos	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
13	Eastern Rûens Shale Renosterveld	<b>✓</b>		<b>~</b>		CR	EN	ļ	Agriculture, erosion, invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution

	Terrestrial Ecosystem	C	0	S	T	2011 (NEMBA)	2021 (NEMBA)		Key pressures
14	Elgin Shale Fynbos				<b>~</b>	CR	CR	-	Agriculture, invasive species, altered fire regimes, pollution, artificial water bodies, and plantations.
15	Elim Ferricrete Fynbos	~	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>	CR	EN	↓	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, agriculture.
16	Greyton Shale Fynbos			<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	EN	LC	$\downarrow$	
17	Hangklip Sand Fynbos		<b>~</b>			EN	CR	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, and urban and road development.
18	Hawequas Sandstone Fynbos				<b>~</b>	VU	LC	Ţ	
19	Kogelberg Sandstone Fynbos		~		<b>~</b>	CR	CR	-	Invasive species, altered fire regimes, plantations.
20	Little Karoo Quartz Vygieveld			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	<u> </u>
21	Matjiesfontein Quartzite Fynbos			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
22	Montagu Shale Fynbos			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
23	Montagu Shale Renosterveld			<b>~</b>		VU	LC	-	
24	North Langeberg Sandstone Fynbos			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
25	North Sonderend Sandstone Fynbos			<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	LC	LC	-	
26	Overberg Dune Strandveld	<b>~</b>	~	<b>~</b>		LC	EN	1	Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution.
27	Overberg Sandstone Fynbos	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>	CR	LC	Ţ	
28	Potberg Ferricrete Fynbos	<b>✓</b>		<b>~</b>		EN	VU	Ţ	Agriculture, erosion, invasive species.
29	Potberg Sandstone Fynbos	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
30	Robertson Granite			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
31	Rûens Silcrete Renosterveld	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	CR	EN	<b>↓</b>	Agriculture, invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, and erosion.
32	South Langeberg Sandstone Fynbos			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-	
33	South Sonderend Sandstone Fynbos			<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	LC	CR	<b>1</b>	Invasive species, altered fire regimes.
34	Southern Afrotemperate Forest	<b>✓</b>	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	LC	LC	-	
0 D		FW Δ	ΝΠ Δ	MFN	DMF	NT OF IDP FO	R 2025/2026		52   255

	Terrestrial Ecosystem	C	0	S	T	2011 (NEMBA)	2021 (NEMBA)	Key pressures
35	Southern Coastal Forest	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>			LC	LC	-
36	Swellendam Silcrete Fynbos			<b>~</b>		EN	VU	Agriculture, invasive species, overgrazing, and altered fire regimes.
37	Western Coastal Shale Band Vegetation	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	LC	LC	-
38	Western Little Karoo			<b>~</b>		LC	LC	-
39	Western Rûens Shale Renosterveld	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>	CR	CR	- Agriculture, invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, and artificial waterbodies

The key pressures threatening our terrestrial biodiversity are: Invasive species, overgrazing, altered fire regimes, pollution, agriculture, erosion, and inappropriate development

#### 2.3.3 COASTAL AND ESTUARIES

The Overberg coastline stretches for about 330 km from Rooi-els to Infanta. 11 Estuaries are found along the Overberg coast namely, Rooiels River, Buffels River, Palmiet River, Bot River, Onrus River, Klein River, Uilkraal River, Ratel River, Heuningnes River, Klipdriftsfontein River, and Breede River. There are three marine protected areas (MPAs) present along the Overberg coastline, namely, Betty's Bay MPA, the Walker Bay MPA (considered a seasonal MPA) and De Hoop MPA. The protection status of MPAs is there to help promote fisheries sustainability, keep marine ecosystems working properly, and protect the range of species living there.

The important economic opportunities of the Overberg coast include:

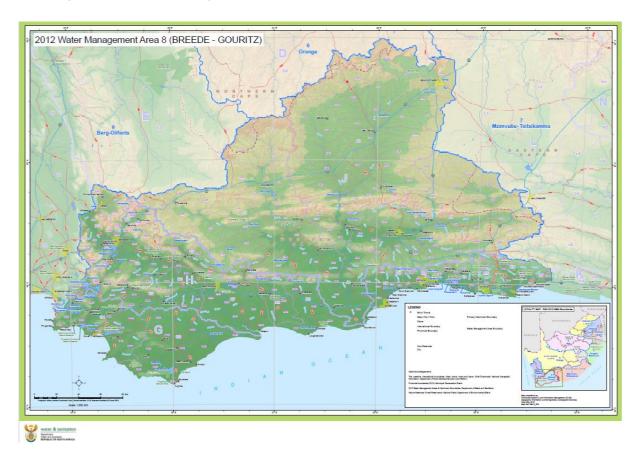
Tourism		Eco-tourism activities include: Whale watching, shark cage diving, bird watching, hiking, mountain biking, recreational fishing, blue flag beaches and several heritage sites such as the shell middens, historic fisherman's cottages, the Cape Agulhas Lighthouse and Waenhuiskrans Cave.
Marine Liv Resource	ving	There are four proclaimed fishing harbours in the ODM – Arniston, Struisbaai, Gansbaai and Hermanus.
		There are several fishing communities along the coast that is highly dependent on subsistence fishing. Abalone farming and Kelp harvesting is some of the industries that have been established

The key threats to our coastal ecosystems are: Over exploitation of our natural resources, poaching, coastal development, pollution, mineral exploration, invasive species, reduced freshwater input in estuary systems, the impacts of climate change, ORV driving in coastal areas and diseases.

#### 2.3.4 FRESHWATER ECOSYSTEMS

#### 2.3.4.1 Catchments

The Breede Gouritz Water Management Area is subdivided into the eleven hydrological sub-areas relevant to the Overberg District are: Breede catchments: Upper Breede, Central Breede, Lower Breede, Riviersonderend, Overberg West and the Overberg East.



The protection of these catchment areas is very important as these provides ecosystem services such as high-quality drinking water and supports livelihoods such as agriculture.

Key threats to catchments are invasive alien species, land degradation (erosion), and inappropriate development.

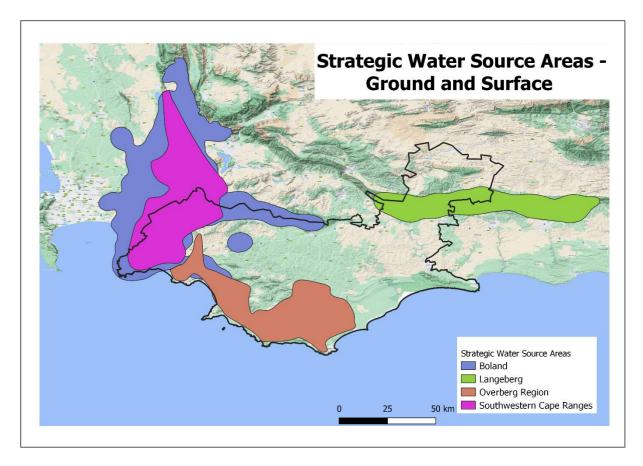
#### 2.3.4.2 Strategic Water Source Areas

Strategic Water Source Areas are ecological infrastructure assets that are essential for water security. It supplies disproportionately large volumes of water per unit area and that are considered of strategic significance for water security from a national planning perspective.

South Africa is a water scarce country, and climate change projections indicate that water availability and quality will only deteriorate if the status quo remain. It is therefore very important that management actions are aimed at the protection of strategic water source areas (SWSA).

#### In the Overberg there are several SWSA categorized as surface- or groundwater SWSAs.

Surface water SWSA	Ground water SWSA
Langeberg	Overberg Region
Boland	Southwestern Cape Range



#### 2.3.4.3 Dams

Major dams in the district and the river from which the water is sourced:

Dam	River	Nearest Town	Capacity (kl)
Buffeljags Dam	Buffeljags River	Swellendam	4 600 000
De Bos Dam	Onrus River	Hemel & Aarde	5 800 000
Eikenhof Dam	Palmiet River	Grabouw	28 900 000
Elandskloof Dam	Elands River	Villiersdorp	11 000 000
Theewaterskloof Dam	Riviersonderend River	Villiersdorp	479 300 000

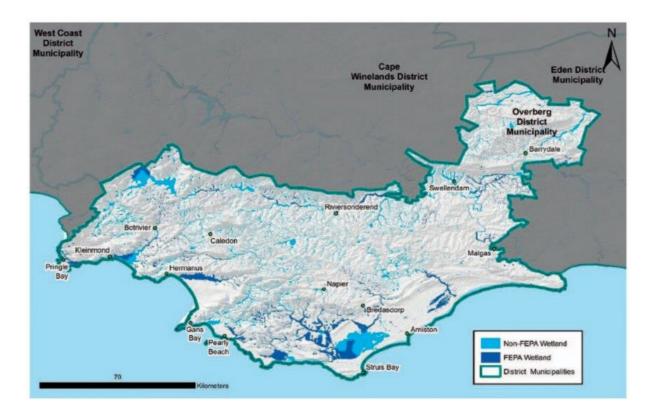
#### **2.3.4.4** Wetlands

Numerous wetlands occur throughout the Overberg district and provide crucial habitat for the unique flora in the region as well as for a variety of critically endangered flora and fauna species.

A huge number of wetlands can be found throughout the municipality, including three Ramsar sites of international importance namely: De Hoop Vlei, Heuningnes - and Bot Estuary. The wetlands within the Overberg are described as high-value ecological infrastructure, in that they provide vital habitat for flora and fauna, but also provide critical ecosystem services to the municipality such as flood attenuation, carbon storage, water filtration and water storage.

A significant number of the freshwater ecosystems are under threat or have already been lost. This is largely due to:

- The spread of invasive alien plants.
- Draining of wetlands to make way for development and agriculture.
- Inappropriate development within proximity to the rivers and wetlands.
- Agriculture practices (overgrazing and ploughing)
- Contamination through chemical, sewage and stormwater seeps.
- Erosion (Peat wetlands)



#### 2.3.5 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

The ODM developed an Organic Waste Diversion Plan to guide diversion from landfill. Organic waste diversion and the implementation of a trommel screen to assist diversion of the organic fraction contained in the General Household Waste was proposed and investigated. The required infrastructure is expensive and the material after screening and composting can only be landfilled as cover. The current diversion (running average) rate at the facility measured since 2019 is 51%. This figure will be drastically increase with the removal of the filter pressed sewerage sludge in order to increase the diversion rate and to work towards the National waste diversion target set for 2027.

In the reassessment of the effectiveness and cost/ affordability of future initiatives the following will be focused on:

- 1: Investigate the expansion of composting site This action was postponed as ODM awaits response from DEA&DP (Waste Management Unit) to clarify implementation requirements, based on existing permit condition and newly promulgated Norms and Standards for composting. This can be tied to the development of the next waste cell in 2027.
- 2: Investigation and installation of a "trommel" screen or related technologies to increase organic diversion from General Household Waste.

Consideration must be given to the most effective and affordable solution going forward. In the determination of efficiency, the households generating these volumes must be informed of the benefit and cost implication if diversion at source can be successfully implemented.

#### Karwyderskraal Master Plan

A long term master plan was developed specifically for KWK regional landfill.

The 1999 permit application report indicated that construction of the landfill will progress with a long term view to the end use. The report estimated that the site would be closed in 2040 after which it will be rehabilitated and used for grazing or similar agricultural purposes.

Since 1999 there have been changes in landfill footprint, waste license amendments, legislative changes and various site specific knowledge gained from construction and operation of the first 4 Cells. These factors all contribute to the development and ultimate life expectancy of the KWK landfill and the ODM thus decided to develop this long term master plan for the landfill to determine the planned Cell development and ultimate updated expected landfill life in accordance with condition 6.10 of the landfill waste license.

From current calculations it is shown that the site could still be operational up to July 2076

(54 years from now) based on current waste license conditions, expected disposal rates, diversion targets and expected growth rates. This finding will further be elaborated on in this report

Cell	Expected Airspace (m3)	Cell life expectancy (Years)	Cumulative Airspace (m3)
4	479 970	5.1	479 970
5A	765 755	7.1	1 245 725
5B	765 754	7.1	2 011 479
6A	647 405	4.4	2 658 884
6B	647 404	4.4	3 306 288
7A	819 038	4.6	4 125 326
<b>7</b> B	819 038	4.6	4 944 364
8	1 921 927	9.1	6 866 291
9	1 978 927	7.8	8 845 218
10	855 467	3.1	9 700 685

#### **Future Landfill Cells Airspace and Design Life**

#### Alignment of IWMP and the IDP

During the past reviews of the IWMP the document became out of sync with the review of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) of the Municipality.

Being a sectoral plan that informs the IDP, the ODM felt the need to align its sectoral plan to the 5 year review cycle. For this reason the ODM requested the DEA&DP to move the review date of the IWMP to the 2025/26 finacial year in order to create synergy between the IDP and the IWMP going forward.

#### **Challenges:**

- Waste infrastructure backlog and maintenance cost.
- Certain waste streams are becoming problematic in term of storage and handling, for example: Waste tyres and Asbestos.
- Closure of historic landfill sites.
- Cost effective and sustainable alternatives to deal with waste diversion and recycling.
- Expensive technical requirements.

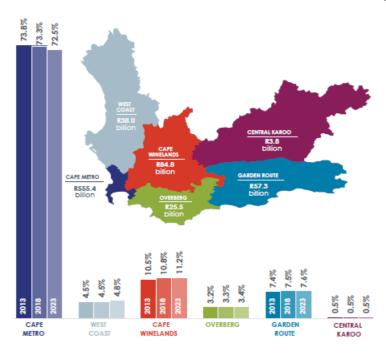
#### **Opportunities:**

- Integration of effort between authorities for collective planning, budgeting, and implementation.
- Collective approach in applying for funding opportunities.
- Investigate and implement long term, alternative waste management solutions. This approach will shift the primary focus from landfilling to alternative waste beneficiation actions.
- Securing MIG funding for District Infrastructure as co-funding to future capital projects.

#### 2.4 ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

#### 2.4.1 GDPR PERFORMANCE

#### REGIONAL CONTRIBUTION TO PROVINCIAL GDRP, R billion (current prices), 2021 (%)



Source: Quantec, 2024

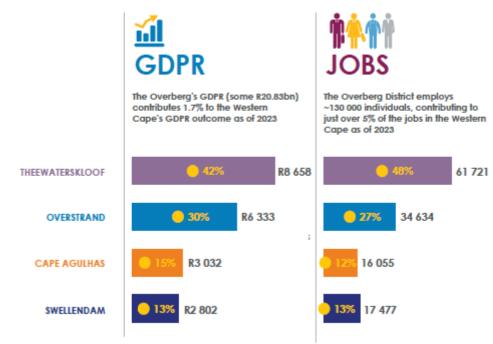
The economic activity of the Western Cape Province is heavily centered in the Cape Metro, which accounts for over 70% of the provincial GDPR. Over the past ten years, this distribution has remained stable, with a slight increase noted in the Cape Winelands District (CWD), attributed primarily to the growth of its tourism sector. Cape Metro has consistently maintained a contribution of around 72-73% to the provincial GDPR, while other districts, such as the West Coast District (WCD) and Overberg District (OD), have seen modest growth. The Central Karoo District (CKD) has had minimal changes in contributions. These patterns highlight the need to enhance the economic potential of smaller districts to foster a more resilient provincial economy. The Western Cape's economic growth has decelerated to 0.7% in 2023, contrasting with a robust recovery of 4.1% in 2021 post-pandemic. Nevertheless, the province's GDPR has surpassed its 2019 levels, reaching R613.8 billion in 2023, with all districts also exceeding their 2019 GDPR figures, indicating overall growth amid a challenging economic landscape.

#### GDPR PERFORMANCE PER MUNICIPAL AREA

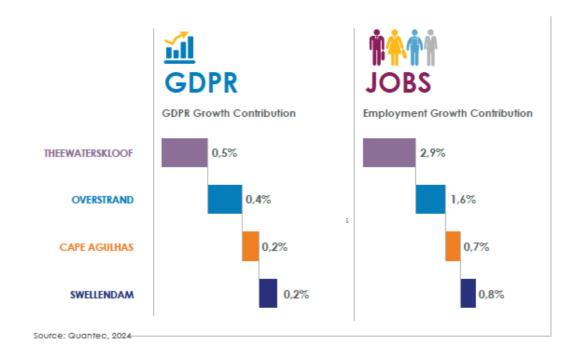
In 2023, the Overberg District (OD) surpassed South Africa's national GDP growth, achieving 1.3% compared to the national 0.6%. The OD's real GDP reached R20.8 billion, supported by robust performance in sectors like transport, finance, and manufacturing. Job creation flourished, with a net gain of 7,414 jobs, primarily in agriculture and finance, reducing the unemployment rate from 19.0% to 16.7%. Despite this success, challenges such as funding issues, skill shortages, and severe weather disruptions impacted the economy. Infrastructure projects in Overstrand enhanced local employment and economic activity but also faced setbacks from natural disasters.

In 2023, the Overberg District's municipalities exhibited varied contributions to GDPR and employment growth. Theewaterskloof led with 42% of GDPR and 48% of jobs, primarily due to strong agriculture and tourism. Overstrand followed with 30% GDPR and 27% employment, while Cape Agulhas and

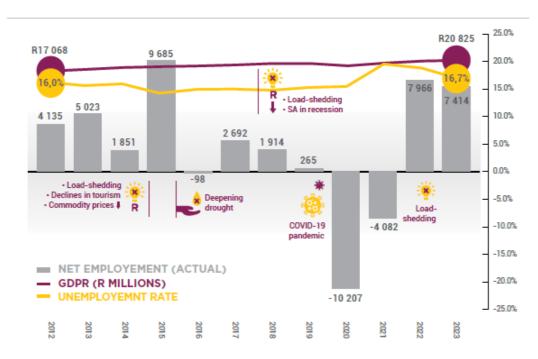
Swellendam contributed 15% and 12%, and 13% to both GDPR and jobs, respectively. The district's economy grew by 1.3% with a 6.1% job increase. Theewaterskloof and Overstrand advanced GDPR and employment significantly, influenced by larger enterprises, while Swellendam and Cape Agulhas, hosting many small businesses, contributed less to growth.



Source: Quantec, 2024



#### GDPR GROWTH PER MUNICIPAL AREA, OVERBERG DISTRICT, 2012 - 2024

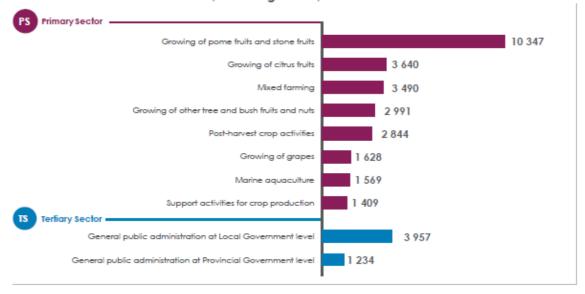


Source: Quantec, 2024

In 2023, Overberg District (OD) saw real GDPR growth of 1.3%, exceeding South Africa's national average of 0.6%. The district's GDPR reached R20.8 billion, up from R20.6 billion in 2022, driven by strong performance in transport, storage, communication, finance, insurance, real estate, business services, and manufacturing sectors. This economic growth led to job creation for two consecutive years, with a net gain of 7,414 jobs in 2023, surpassing losses from the pandemic years of 2020 and 2021. The agriculture sector, particularly fruit and wine, showed substantial job growth, along with transport, storage, communication, and finance sectors, resulting in a decreased unemployment rate of 16.7% from 19.0% in 2022.

#### GDPR PERFORMANCE PER SECTOR, Overberg District, 2015 – 2025 (%)

#### TOP 10 SECTORS BY NUMBER OF FTE, Overberg District, 2022-2023



Source: Nell, A & Visagie, J. Spatial Tax Panel 2014 – 2023 (dataset). Version 3. National Treasury Cities Support Programme and Human Sciences Research Council (producer and distributor), 2024

The agriculture sector leads in job growth for 2023, with notable expansions in support activities for animal production (1,170 jobs), and in the cultivation of fruits (253 jobs) and sugar cane (232 jobs). Meanwhile, the tertiary sector, particularly restaurants and food services, thrived due to increased tourism, as visitors seeking natural beauty and cultural experiences heightened demand for dining options, resulting in new job opportunities. However, the agriculture sector also faced significant job losses, particularly in the cultivation of nuts and tree/bush fruits, reflecting a complex labor market. Despite this, the overall impact on job numbers was positive for the year, suggesting a favorable labor market outlook beyond the average 1.5% growth anticipated over the next three years. Projections indicate potential benefits for agriculture with La Nina in 2025, and the manufacturing sector may see reduced input costs. Other sectors, including wholesale and retail, finance, and transportation, are also expected to grow due to various economic factors.

#### 10% Š Transport, storage and communication 8% eal estate and 6% Manufacturing 4% Community, social 2% 0% ing and Wholesale and retail -2% quarrying -4% Agriculture, forestr -6% Electricity, gas and and fishina GDPR Growth (2022-2023, y/y %)

#### GDPR CONTRIBUTION PER SECTOR, Overberg District, 2023 (%)

Source: Quantec, 2024, Note: the bubble sizes are based on the sectors contribution to GDP for Overbera District

4%

In 2023, the agriculture, forestry, and fishing sector faced a decline in GDPR despite being the largest job creator in the District. Severe weather events, including storms and flooding, severely impacted agricultural performance, causing damage to crops, livestock, and infrastructure, resulting in decreased production and income losses. The financial burden of recovery highlighted the need for investment in resilient infrastructure and disaster management. Meanwhile, the wholesale and retail trade sector saw a 1.0 percent GDPR contraction, attributed to high inflation and fuel prices, which negatively impacted consumer spending. In the agriculture sector, fruit production emerged as the top employment driver, emphasizing the importance of the agricultural value chain. Fruit, particularly apples, pears, and quinces, represented the leading exports. Additionally, the public administration sub-sector became the second largest employer in the OD, contributing over 5,200 jobs and encompassing diverse opportunities across various fields, thus promoting a more inclusive job market and reducing unemployment.

6%

10%

14%

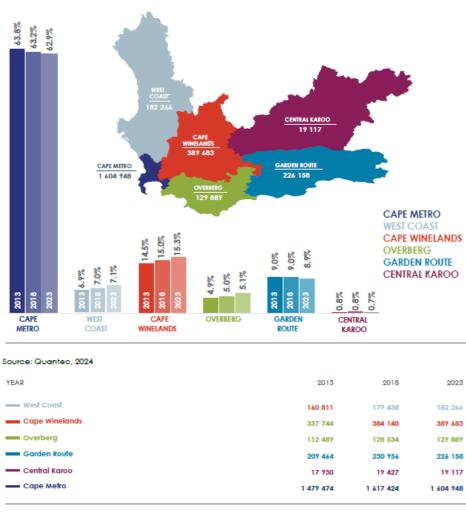
-4%

-2%

0%

2%

#### DISTRICT CONTRIBUTION TO PROVINCIAL EMPLOYMENT, 2013-2023 (%)



Source: Quantec, 2024

Regional employment contributions from 2013 to 2023 align with GDPR contributions across districts. The Cape Metro continues to be the largest employment contributor at 62.9% in 2023, followed by the CWD at 15.3% and the GRD at 8.9%. While employment shares in the Cape Metro and CKD decreased slightly, CWD, OD, and WCD experienced modest increases, indicating a growth trend in sectors like tourism, agriculture, and fishing. The Western Cape's 0.7% growth in 2023 resulted in a net increase of 116,787 jobs. The most significant job gains were in WCD and OD at 6.1%, attributed to successful farming seasons. CWD, CKD, and GRD followed with increases of 5.9%, 5.3%, and 5.2%, respectively. The Cape Metro saw the smallest gains due to digitalization trends in finance and business services, with only WCD, CWD, and OD exceeding 2019 employment levels slightly.

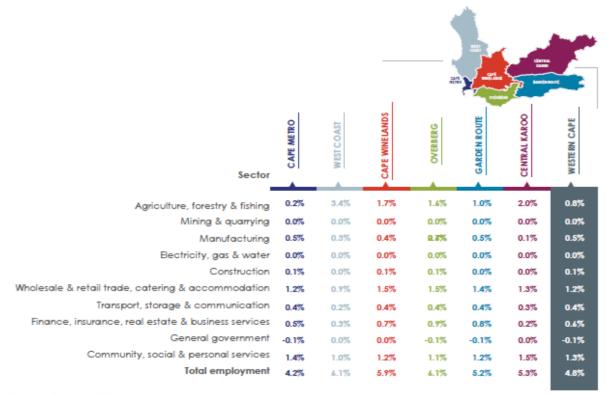
#### **EMPLOYMENT GROWTH, Overberg District, 2023**

			CANAL						
Sector	CAPE METRO	WESTCOAST	CAPE WINELANDS	OVERBERG	GARDEN ROUTE	CENTRAL KAROO	WESTERN CAPE		
_									
2013	2.6%	5.5%	4.6%	4.7%	3.5%	3.0%	3.3%		
2014	2.1%	0.4%	1.3%	1.6%	2.0%	0.4%	1.8%		
2015	2.6%	10.1%	8.7%	8.5%	5.1%	7.6%	4.6%		
2016	0.6%	-0.2%	0.0%	-0.7%	-0.2%	-0.7%	0.3%		
2017	2.1%	0.5%	1.9%	2.2%	2.0%	0.6%	2.0%		
2018	1.6%	0.6%	1.3%	1.5%	1.1%	0.5%	1.4%		
2019	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	-0.3%	-0.2%	0.1%		
2020	-7.4%	-6.7%	-7.6%	-7.9%	-8.6%	-8.2%	-7.5%		
2021	-2.6%	-2.9%	-3.0%	-3.4%	-3.9%	-3.1%	-2.8%		
2022	5.4%	5.3%	6.5%	7.0%	6.3%	5.2%	5.7%		
2023	4.2%	6.1%	5.9%	6.1%	5.2%	5.3%	4.8%		

Source: Quantec, 2024

The Western Cape exhibits a notable divergence between employment growth and GDPR growth across districts. Cape Metro's slower employment increase arises from a transition to capital-intensive sectors, while districts like OD, CWD, and WCD benefit from labour-intensive industries such as agriculture and tourism. Conversely, CKD experiences fluctuating employment growth influenced by environmental factors and urban migration. The agriculture, forestry, and fishing sector accounts for 10.1% of provincial employment but only 4.1% of GDPR, emphasizing its labour intensity, particularly in CWD (3.2%) and WCD (2.7%). In contrast, manufacturing contributes 10.2% to employment and 14.1% to GDPR, indicating lower labour intensity. Community services also contribute to employment but with modest GDPR shares. The finance, insurance, real estate, and business services sector, though the top GDPR contributor, employs fewer individuals, reflecting its capital-intensive nature, while transport and communication sectors have low employment contributions as well..

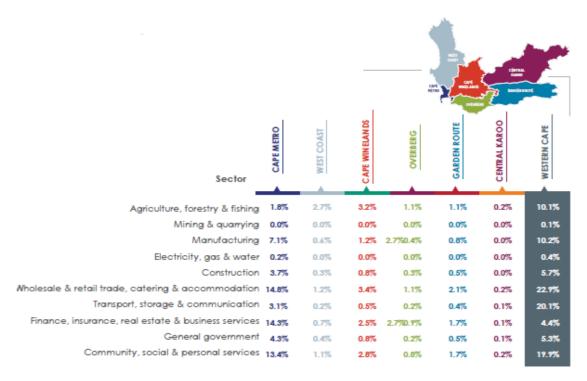
#### **EMPLOYMENT PER SECTOR, Overberg District, 2023**



Source: Quantec, 2024

In the Western Cape, districts like CWD and WCD contribute significantly to agriculture, while Cape Metro thrives on trade and services. Employment growth is driven primarily by agriculture, forestry, fishing, and wholesale and retail trade sectors, especially in regions with established viticulture and diverse agricultural products. However, areas like CKD need further diversification for economic growth. The Western Cape Government emphasizes its Growth for Jobs Strategy to enhance employment opportunities and stimulate economic growth in the region.

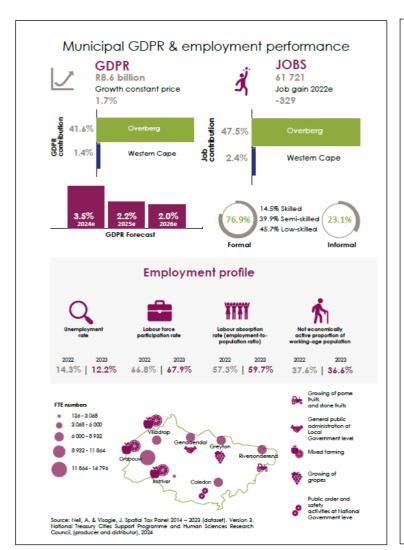
#### SECTORAL EMPLOYMENT CONTRIBUTIONPER MUNICIPAL AREA, 2023 (%)

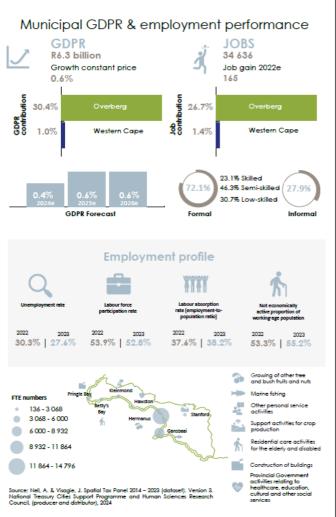


Source: Quantec, 2024

Employment growth in agriculture, wholesale and retail trade, and community services sectors is crucial for job creation in the Province. Notably, agriculture, forestry, and fishing demonstrate significant employment contributions, particularly in the WCD (2.3%) and CWD (1.2%), driven by labour-intensive sub-sectors like fruit and wine production. These sectors are vital for local economies and job growth. Manufacturing shows steady contributions, especially in the West Coast (0.6%), while transport, storage, and communication sectors have lower contributions, yet are important for structural transformation and industrialization. Finance and transport also show limited employment growth relative to GDPR.

#### GDPR AND EMPLOYMENT PERFORMANCE PER MUNICIPAL AREA





# THEEWATERSKLOOF MUNICIPALITY

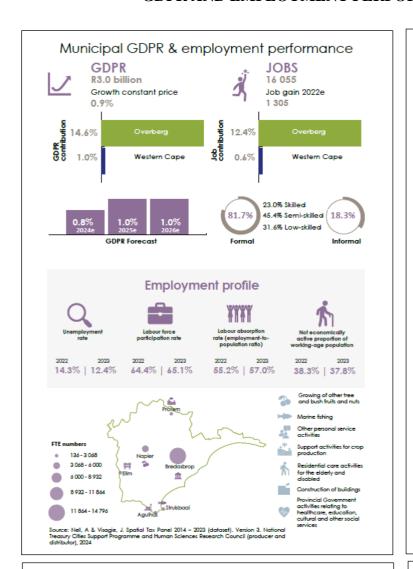
In 2023, the Regional Domestic Product (GDPR) reached R8.6 billion, with the municipal area contributing 46.9% of employment in the Overberg District, providing 61,721 jobs. Most positions are low-skilled (45.6%) and semi-skilled (39.9%), predominantly in agriculture and finance. The tertiary sector is the largest contributor, while agriculture remains vital. Theewaterskloof's economy showcases diversity across sectors, emphasizing growth amid urbanization.

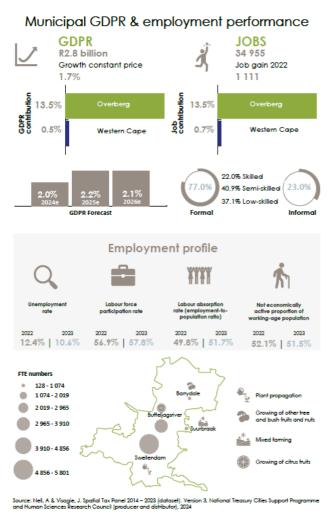
# OVERSTRAND MUNICIPALITY

The Overstrand economy, second largest in the Overberg District, generates R6.3 billion in 2023, contributing 30.4% to the District's real GDPR.

Employing 34,636 people (27.2% of OD employment), it focuses on semi-skilled and low-skilled jobs, primarily in services, with the tertiary sector leading at 72.7% of GDPR, dominated by finance and insurance.

#### GDPR AND EMPLOYMENT PERFORMANCE PER MUNICIPAL AREA





# CAPE AGULHAS MUNICIPALITY

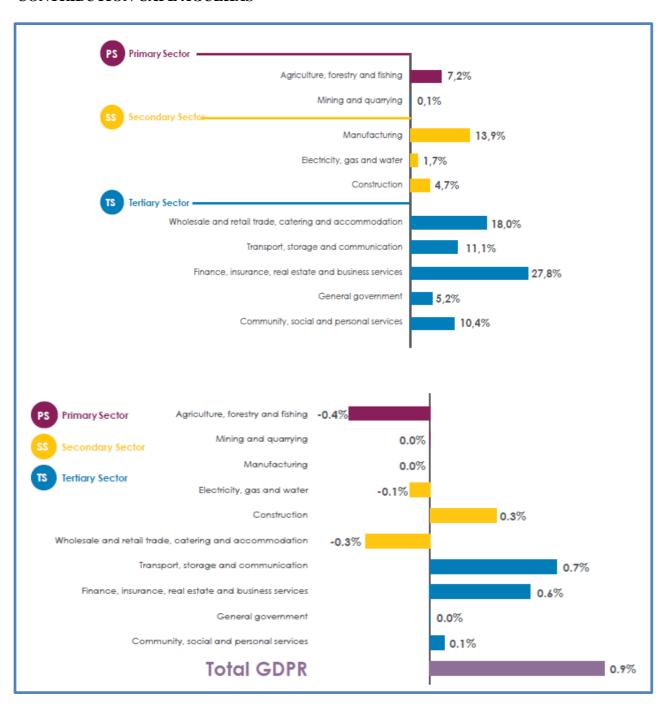
Cape Agulhas has seen steady economic growth over the last decade, with a GDPR of R3.0 billion in 2023 and a year-on-year growth rate of 0.9%. Employment reached 16,055, mainly in semi-skilled (45.4%) and low-skilled (31.6%) jobs. Key growth sectors include finance, insurance, and real estate (27.8%), as well as wholesale and retail trade (18.0%). While agriculture showed fluctuations, mining remained stable yet insignificant. Overall, transportation and government services contributed positively to the economy.

# SWELLENDAM MUNICIPALITY

Swellendam, the largest municipal area by geography in the District, has the smallest economy, with a GDPR of R3.4 billion in 2023. The economy grew by 1.7%, adding 1,033 jobs and reducing the unemployment rate from 12.4% to 10.6%. The tertiary sector led growth at R2.1 billion, while the secondary and primary sectors contributed R407 million and R294 million, respectively, highlighting the need for agricultural and mining development.

#### SECTORAL GDPR AND EMPLOYMENT

#### CONTRIBUTION CAPE AGULHAS



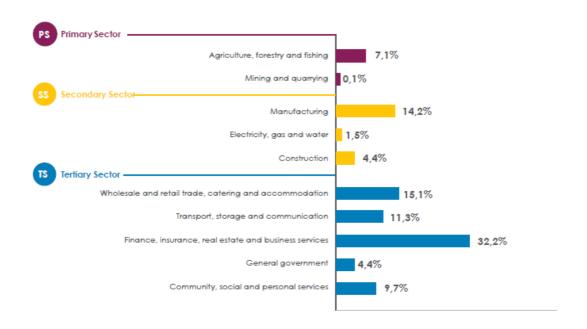
Cape Agulhas has experienced consistent growth, with GDPR reaching R3.0 billion in 2023 and a year-on-year increase of 0.9%. Employment in the area is at 16,055, with semi-skilled and low-skilled workers making up 77% of the workforce. Key sectors driving growth include finance, insurance, real estate, and business services at 27.8%, while wholesale and retail, catering, and accommodation contributed 18%, benefiting from tourism. Manufacturing showed strong growth, whereas electricity, gas, water, and construction faced declines since 2020 due to Eskom's challenges. Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, crucial historically, showed fluctuations. Additionally, transport and communication sectors grew steadily, with government services also contributing to the economy.

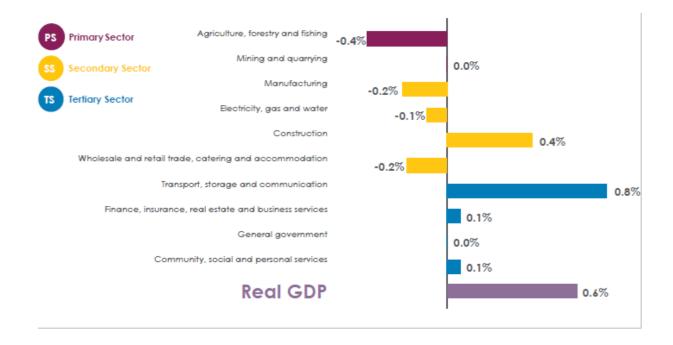
The transport sector boosted GDPR growth by 0.7 percentage points, driven by rising demand for logistics. Finance, insurance, and business services added 0.6 points, centered in Bredasdorp and supported by Struisbaai's property

market. The Denel Overberg Test Range enhances local business services. Manufacturing contributed 0.3 points, while agriculture and retail declined by 0.4 and 0.3 points, respectively, amid economic challenges. Balancing growth and challenges is vital for sustainable development.

Cape Agulhas grew by 0.9%, creating 788 jobs, amidst a 0.7% rise in labor participation. However, trade, construction, and agriculture saw job losses, especially in agriculture since 2016. Informal employment rose to 18.3%, aiding economic expansion and lowering unemployment to 12.4%.

#### **OVERSTRAND**

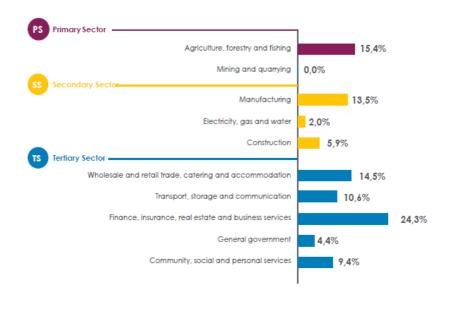


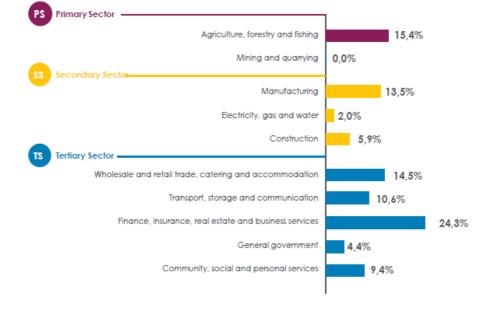


The Overstrand economy, the second largest in the Overberg District, had a real GDPR of R6.3 billion in 2023, representing 30.4% of the District's GDPR. It employed 34,636 individuals, mainly in semi-skilled (46.3%) and low-skilled (30.7%) positions, focused in trade, finance, agriculture, and personal services. The service-oriented tertiary sector dominates, accounting for 72.7% of GDPR, led by finance and business services at R2.0 billion, while the secondary sector contributes R1.3 billion. The economy's focus on services suggests potential vulnerabilities.

Overstrand's GDP growth has been supported by transport, storage, communication, and manufacturing. The transport sector added 0.8 percentage points, fueled by the area's appeal for living and recreation, facilitated by services like relocation and sightseeing tours. Manufacturing contributed 0.4 percentage points, while sectors like mining and finance added marginally (0.1 percentage points). The real estate market, once boosted by semigration, has slowed due to high prices and borrowing costs, impacting construction negatively. The agriculture sector's contraction resulted in a -0.4 percentage points contribution, alongside declines in electricity, construction, and trade. Addressing ongoing challenges, like extreme weather and infrastructure issues, is crucial for sustainable growth.

#### **THEEWATERKLOOF**



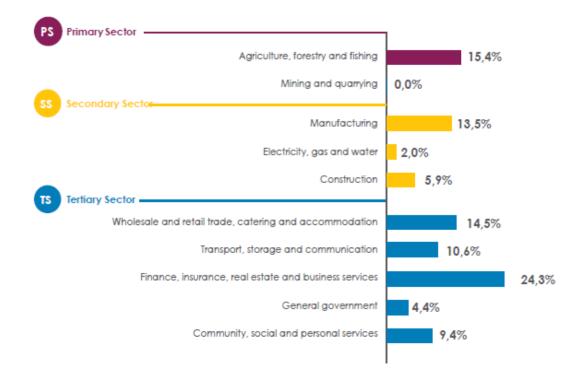


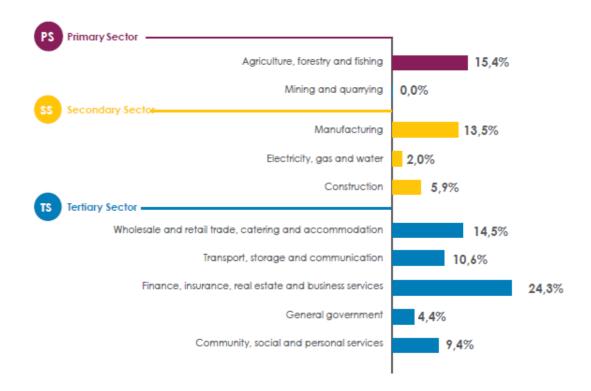
The Theewaterskloof economy is the largest in the Overberg District, contributing 41.6% to the Regional GDP at R8.6 billion in 2023. It provides 46.9% of the district's employment with 61,721 jobs, primarily in low-skilled (45.6%) and semi-skilled (39.9%) positions. Agriculture employs many low-skilled workers, while semi-skilled jobs are prevalent in finance and trade. Over the past decade, semi-skilled job growth has surged, reflecting urbanisation trends. The tertiary sector leads with 24.3%, contributing R2.1 billion. Additionally, the manufacturing and construction sectors are vital for development, underscoring the economy's diversity across various sectors.

Economic diversity in Theewaterskloof is crucial for its 1.7% GDPR growth in 2023. Key growth drivers include finance, insurance, real estate, and transport, contributing 1.3 and 0.7 percentage points, respectively. While manufacturing and construction aid development, agriculture and retail's negative impacts, especially agriculture's substantial 0.9-point decline, highlight challenges, stressing the economy's complexity and the need for focused strategies.

Theewaterskloof saw strong growth in GDPR, leading to the creation of 3,705 jobs and highlighting ongoing recovery from COVID-19. Labour force participation rose by 1.1 percentage points, and labour absorption by 2.4, contributing to a 2.2 percentage point drop in unemployment. However, the area experienced a 4.2% decline in total FTE jobs in 2023, linked to poor infrastructure, financial issues, and skill shortages, resulting in nearly 7,500 FTE jobs, surpassing pre-COVID levels.

#### **SWELLENDAM**

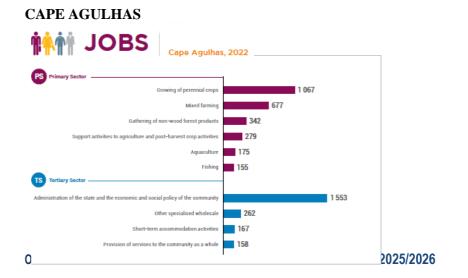




The Swellendam municipal area, the largest geographically in its District, has the smallest economy, with a 2023 GDPR of R3.4 billion and a growth estimate of 1.7 percent. This economic expansion created 1,033 jobs and reduced unemployment from 12.4 percent in 2022 to 10.6 percent in 2023. The tertiary sector led growth, contributing R2.1 billion, primarily from finance, insurance, and business services at R900 million. The secondary sector, mainly manufacturing, contributed R407 million, while the primary sector offered only R294 million. Strengthening agriculture and mining could enhance economic stability.

The finance, insurance, real estate, and business services sector was the primary contributor to economic growth in Swellendam, adding 1.4 percentage points. Other sectors, like transportation, construction, and manufacturing, also aided growth. However, agriculture negatively impacted growth by 0.6 percentage points due to climate challenges and market pressures affecting wheat, barley, and canola. This highlights the sector's vulnerability to climate change, emphasizing the need for economic diversification. The Sentraal-Suid Co-operative plays a vital role in supporting local farmers with various services and operates multiple retail branches across the Southern Cape.

#### INFORMAL EMPLOYMENT DISTRIBUTION PER SECTOR, 2019

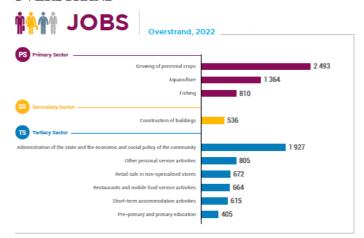


Source: Nell, A. & Visagie, J. Spatial Tax Panel 2014 – 2022 (dataset). Version 3. National Treasury Cities Support Programme and Human Sciences Research Council (producer and distributor), 2023

Informal employment in the Cape Agulhas municipal area is mainly concentrated in the transport sector and the trade sector, which had informal employment proportions of 30.1 per cent and 31.0 per cent respectively in 2019. Other prominent sources of informal employment included the construction (25.4 per cent) and agriculture (25.1 per cent) sectors.

The informal sector incorporates a diverse range of economic activities and is a valuable contributor to employment creation and poverty alleviation. However, funding remains a significant constraint. The municipality has developed two trading hubs, which benefited 18 entrepreneurs. Such projects play a pivotal role in supporting and growing local businesses.

#### **OVERSTRAND**



Source: Nell, A. & Visagie, J. Spatial Tax Panel 2014 – 2022 (dataset). Version 3. National Treasury Cities Support Programme and Human Sciences Research Council (producer and distributor), 2023

Employment in the municipal area consists mainly of formal employment opportunities (67.4 per cent), while informal employment is a valuable source of employment for 32.6 per cent of the area's workers. The trade sector is the largest source of informal employment (47.9 per cent). This is in line with national statistics, which indicate that trade is the most prominent activity in the informal sector.

Other noticeable sources of informal employment are the transport (41.7 per cent), construction (39.1 per cent) and community services (36.3 per cent) sectors. The contribution of informal employment can be enhanced by addressing the key constraints experienced by informal businesses, including the availability of infrastructure.

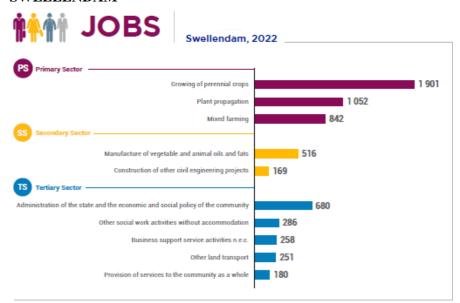
## **THEEWATERSKLOOF**



The transport sector had the largest proportion of informal employment in 2019, accounting for 37.7 per cent of the sector's total employment. Other noticeable sources of informal employment were the trade sector (35.3 per cent) and the construction sector (33.9 per cent).

The informal sector covers a wide range of economic activities and is an important source of employment and poverty reduction. Informal businesses are sometimes constrained by a lack of suitable trading space, onerous legal requirements, a lack of capital and limited access to business information.

#### **SWELLENDAM**



The Swellendam municipal area has the largest geographical area in the OD but the smallest economy. GDPR in the area stood at R3.4 billion in 2021. Most of the 15 460 workers in the area are semi-skilled and low-skilled workers (32.1 and 30.5 per cent, respectively), with a substantial number of formal workers being employed in growing perennial crops, mainly citrus (1 901), plant propagation (1 052) and mixed farming activities (842).

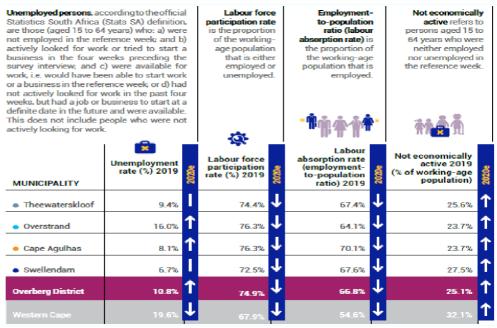
The community services sector (29.8 per cent) and the agriculture sector (30.4 per cent) were other important sources of informal employment. Informal businesses in the Swellendam municipal area are constrained by a lack of funding, as well as skills. Businesses that are unregistered struggle to access

## 2.4.3 UNEMPLOYMENT PROFILE, 2020

The OD's unemployment remains below the Provincial and national levels. Over the past decade, the gap between the Provincial and district unemployment rate has widened. Despite this, an estimated 14 600 jobs were lost in the past two years (2020 and 2021). This accounts for approximately one in every eight jobs in the District and is expected to have resulted in significantly negative socio-economic, welfare and livelihood outcomes.

In relative terms, the Overstrand municipal area lost 14.7 per cent of all jobs it had in 2020 and was thus the most affected by the COVID-19-related job losses. Most of these job losses were in the trade sector and were largely linked to the tourism sector. This highlights the importance of initiatives such as the Western Cape Tourism Recovery Plan20 and the Tourism Blueprint 2030 in ensuring the sector rebounds.

Agriculture, which is the second-biggest employer in the District after trade, has lost 13.1 per cent of its jobs since 2020. Taking a longer view, it must be noted that this sector had lost more than 1 200 jobs in the previous decade. The nature of agricultural sector job losses is often more pernicious than other sectors, as it is often linked to broader trends such as mechanisation, casualisation and growth in informal settlements. In this regard, interventions such as the Western Cape Government's Agri-Processing on Wheels Initiative21 are important in providing entrepreneurial alternatives to traditional farm-workers employment.

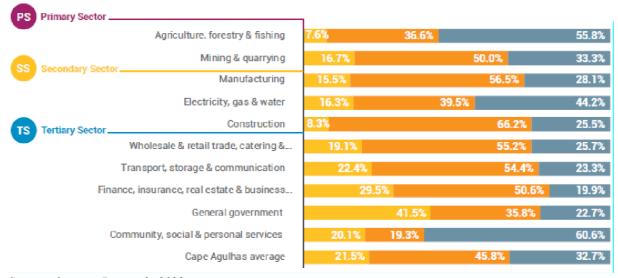


Source: Quantec Research, 2021 (e denotes estimate)

#### 2.4.4 SKILLS ANALYSIS PER SECTOR, OVERBERG DISTRICT, 2019

#### **CAPE AGULHAS**

Formal employment in the Cape Agulhas municipal area is mainly characterised by semi-skilled labour, with 36.7 per cent of all formal workers in the region being classified as semi-skilled, followed by low-skilled labour (26.3 per cent) and skilled labour (18.5 per cent).



Source: Quantec Research, 2022

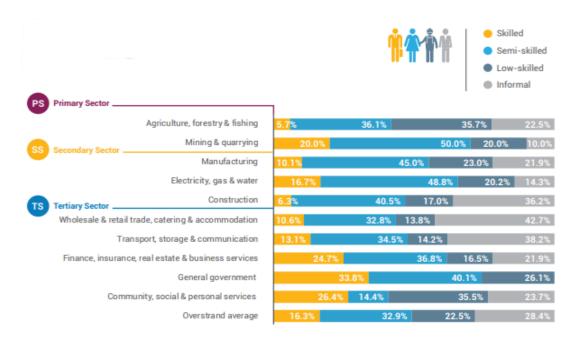
The agriculture and community services sectors had the highest concentration of low-skilled workers in 2020, with 43.1 per cent and 40.5 per cent respectively. The general government and community services sectors used the highest percentage of skilled workers, which accounted for 35.7 per cent and 31.0 per cent of workers in those sectors. Considering the employment performance and skill levels per

sector in the Cape Agulhas municipal area, the estimated job losses in the agriculture sector (164 jobs) in 2020 mostly affected low-skilled workers. The increased financial strain induced by the significant contraction of employment in the municipal area since 2020 will limit revenue collection by the local municipality and could ultimately have a negative effect on the service delivery capabilities of the Municipality. Skills development programmes for workers will play a vital role in the economic recovery of the municipal area.

The sector that had the most informal labour in 2020 was the transport sector, with 27.1 per cent, followed by the trade sector, with 26.6 per cent.

#### **OVERSTRAND**

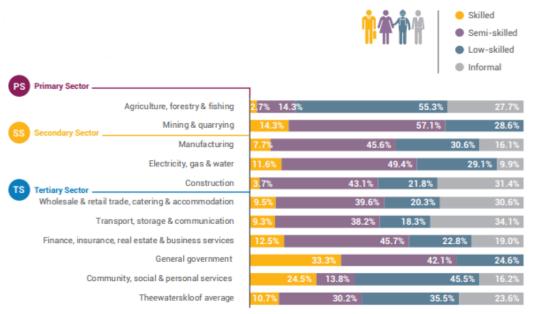
The following illustrates the concentration of skill levels per sector among the formally employed in the Overstrand economy. Semi-skilled workers (32.9 per cent) are the biggest contributors to formal employment.



The agriculture sector had the largest portion of low-skilled workers at 35.7 per cent. The Overstrand municipal area comprised 16.3 per cent skilled workers in 2020, with the general government (33.8 per cent) and community services (26.4 per cent) sectors being the largest employers of skilled workers in the municipal area. The municipal area will need to focus on skills development to ensure that low-skilled workers can seek jobs in other sectors that are more secure when it comes to adverse economic affects. The formal and informal entrepreneurship support implemented by the municipal area will contribute positively towards skills development in the municipal area. The trade sector had the most informal sector workers with 42.7 per cent, followed by the transport sector with 38.2 per cent.

#### THEEWATERSKLOOF

The following figure illustrates a sectoral overview of the skill levels for formal employment in the Theewaterskloof municipal area. On average, the municipal area was mainly characterised by low-skilled labour (35.5 per cent), followed by semi-skilled labour (30.2 per cent) and a small proportion of skilled labour (10.7) per cent) in 2020.



The two sectors that predominantly used low-skilled workers in 2020 were the agriculture sector (55.3 per cent) and the community services sector (45.5 per cent). The labour needed in these sectors does not require a high level of education or skills to maintain proper workflow. The remaining sectors in the Theewaterskloof municipal area employed a large proportion of semi-skilled workers, particularly the finance sector, in which 45.7 per cent of workers were classified as semi-skilled. The two sectors with the highest proportion of skilled workers were the general government sector (33.3 per cent) and the community services sector (24.5 per cent).

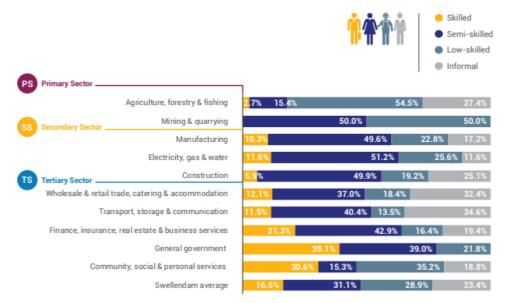
In 2021, only the government and community services sectors are estimated to have created jobs. Workers in these sectors were more likely to have been able to work from home during the COVID-19 pandemic and as higher-skilled workers they also have greater job security during times of economic downturn.

Low-skilled workers, who make up the majority of the Theewaterskloof municipal area's workforce, faced inconsistent demand and recurrent job losses between 2011 and 2021 owing to changes in employment and the economy's skills structure. Skilled workers, on the other hand, who make up the smallest percentage of the workforce in the area, saw consistent job growth and resilience during the reference period. The contraction in employment and economic performance will particularly affect low-skilled workers. This will put pressure on the Municipality to provide additional free basic services and will a negative effect on municipal revenues.

The transport sector had the highest proportion of informal employment (34.1 per cent) in 2020. The main reason is that large numbers of workers in this sector are taxi drivers, which is seen as informal employment. The trade sector employed 30.6 per cent informal workers in 2020. Numerous street vendors are located across the municipal area, and this is categorised as informal work. The construction sector also had a large proportion of informal employment in 2020 (31.4 per cent), as construction workers use their skills informally to generate income.

## **SWELLENDAM**

Here follows a sectoral overview of the skill levels of formally employed people in the Swellendam municipal area. On average, the municipal area is mainly characterised by semi-skilled labour (31.1 per cent), followed by low-skilled labour (28.9 per cent) and skilled labour (16.5 per cent).



The agriculture sector and the community services sector mainly use low-skilled labour, which accounted for 54.5 per cent and 35.2 per cent respectively in 2020, while the general government sector is mainly comprised of skilled labour (39.1 per cent). Skilled workers, the smallest percentage of the municipal area's formal employees, showed the most constant employment growth and resilience between 2010 and 2020, regardless of changes in employment and the economy's skills structure. Lowskilled workers, who make up 28.9 per cent of the total workforce, have seen recurrent employment losses and only saw a net increase of 17.1 per cent in employment opportunities between 2011 and 2020, compared with a growth of 49.6 per cent in jobs for skilled workers during the same period.

The declining economic performance experienced in 2020 and 2021 resulted in job losses in the municipal area, which reduces income-earning capabilities. In addition, the increase in unemployment will result in a decline in household income and an increase in demand for government support. In 2020, the transport sector had the largest percentage of informal employment (34.6 per cent), followed by the trade sector, with 32.4 per cent of labour being informally employed.

## 2.4.5 TRADE, TOURISM AND INVESTMENT



ODM



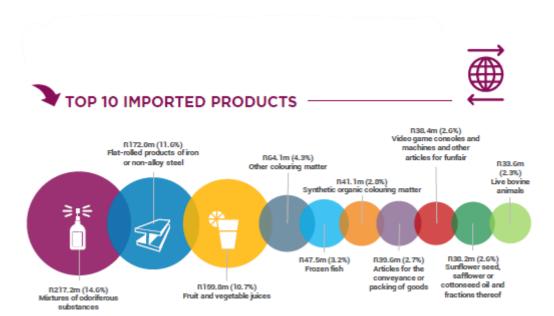
#### 2.4.5.1 **IMPORTS**

The leading imports of the OD provide valuable insights regarding the District's value chains, with the primary imports relating to the local agro-processing industry. Mixtures of odoriferous substances and various colouring materials used in the beverage production industry to create flavours and colours made up 14.6 per cent of the total value of imports into the OD in 2022. Flatrolled iron or non-alloy steel products (11.6 per cent of imports) are used to create machine parts or alter farming equipment, with the volume of these imports again speaking to the importance of agriculture and manufacturing in the District.



Top 10 Import Partners, Overberg District, 2021

The District's leading exports highlight the success of agricultural production in the OD. Apples, pears and quinces farmed predominantly in the Elgin Valley and around Villiersdorp accounted for 17.5 per cent of exports from the region in 2022, netting R817.5 million in revenue. These deciduous fruits are widely distributed to countries such as the United Kingdom, the Netherlands and Malaysia. Citrus fruit, apricots, cherries, peaches, plums, sloes and other fresh fruit contributed 8.0 per cent to total exports, which made their way to the United Arab Emirates and, once again, the United Kingdom and the Netherlands.



Source: Quantec Research, 2023

#### **2.4.5.2 EXPORTS**

The Netherlands was the Overberg District's leading export partner in 2021, contributing 14.3 per cent to total exports. The Netherlands plays a key role in the European Union (EU) trade agreement with southern Africa.



Top 10 Exports Partners, Overberg District, 2021

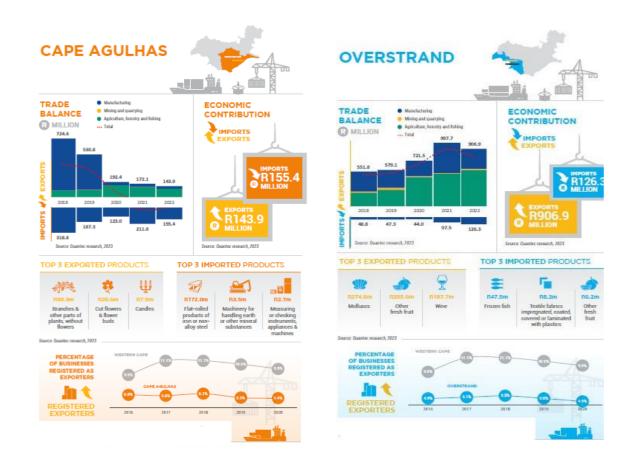
In 2021, the **main products exported** from the Overberg were apples, pears and quinces to the value of R695.5 million, contributing 20.39 per cent to total exports. These products were mainly exported to the

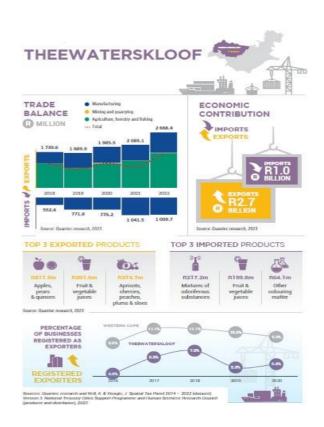
United Kingdom, Netherlands and Malaysia. Other notable exports include molluscs and wine, accounting for 11.2 per cent and 9.3 per cent respectively.



Source: Quantec Research, 2023

## 2.4.5.3 MUNICIPAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, OVERBERG DISTRICT, 2022







#### **2.4.5.4 TOURISM**

The Overberg District is largely a domestic tourism destination, with 94.4 per cent of its visitors being South African residents. Origin of the **international** and domestic travellers to the Overberg District:

The top three international source markets to the Overberg District in 2021 travelled from the Germany (34.0 per cent), United Kingdom (10.67 per cent) and United States (9.2 per cent). The international visitor trend to the Overberg District is consistent with the Province in the sense that European countries dominate as source markets.

The top three **domestic** source markets to the Overberg District in 2020 were the Western Cape (88.9 per cent), Gauteng (4.6 per cent). Coastal

towns in the OD such as Hermanus, L'Agulhas and Struisbaai make the District a popular destination for holiday homes and weekend getaways.

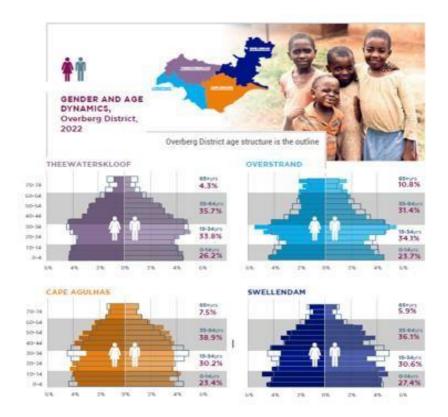
In terms of the preferred mode of transport, most tourists made use of their own cars (78.0 per cent), followed by rental cars (14.2 per cent). This indicates that a high number of locals and domestic travellers made trips to the Overberg region. As the Overberg is popular for self-drives, road quality and maintenance are important to ensure visitor safety and accessibility. It is also important to have adequate directional and tourism signage implemented on all main tourism roads.

#### 2.5 SOCIO-ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

## 2.5.1 POPULATION PROFILE

The OD population is forecast to grow by an estimated average of 1.7 per cent per annum up to 2027, largely because of the 2.6 per cent average population growth originating from the Overstrand municipal area. This municipal area also expects robust average household growth (3.7 per cent). Along the coastlines of this area, the communities of Hermanus, Zwelihle, Sandbaai, Kleinmond and Onrus attract retirees and young families thanks to remote working opportunities. As such, the Overstrand municipal area has the smallest household size in the OD (2.9 people).

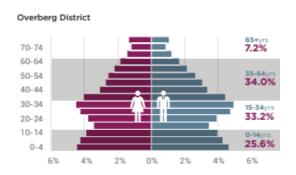
The population of the Theewaterskloof municipal area leans slightly more towards children and the youth, especially males between the ages of 25 and 29, showing that this area is attracting young job seekers who are likely to be absorbed by the abundance of agriculture jobs available in the municipal area. However, high youth unemployment rates are also likely to influence the wellbeing of local communities. The large child population also leads to a high dependency ratio, the highest in the OD. In contrast, because of the popularity of the Overstrand municipal area as a retirement destination, this municipal area has a large proportion of people older than 65 (10.8 per cent). Interestingly, because of Overstrand's current popularity as a semigration destination, there is also an influx of young families with small children, as its youth (34.1 per cent) population marginally exceeds the population that is between the ages of 35 and 64 (31.4 per cent) This drives the demand for property and will have significant implications for the demand for primary and secondary education facilities in future.

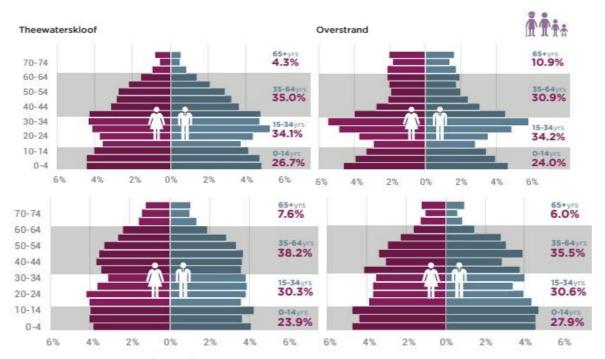


Source: Western Cape Government PPU, 2023. Provincial, District and local municipality population estimates by sex and age (2002 – 2037) based on Stats SA MYPE series 2022

The OD is forecast to have an annual growth rate of households of 2.6 per cent between 2021 and 2026. Among the municipal areas, the Overstrand municipal area is forecast to have the fastest household growth rate at 3.7 per cent in the same period. Although the Theewaterskloof municipal area is forecast to have the slowest annual household growth rate in the reference period at 1.7 per cent, its forecast number of households in 2026 (34 182) remains the second largest in the District. Although the Cape Agulhas and Swellendam municipal areas recorded similar numbers of households, the Cape Agulhas municipal area is forecast to have faster annual average household growth.

#### **GENDER AND AGE DYNAMICS**





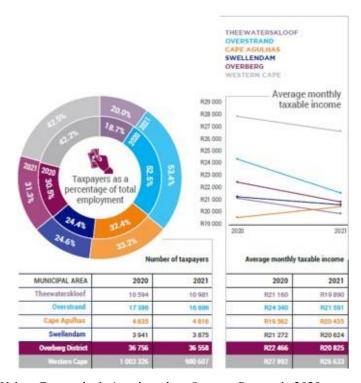
Source: Western Cape Government PPU, 2021. Provincial, District and local municipality population estimates by sex and age (2002 – 2037) based on Stats SA MYPE series 2021 and 2022

# 2.5.2 HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

## 2.5.2.1 HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Throughout the OD and the Western Cape, registered taxpayers and persons in full-time employment declined between 2020 and 2021. Within the OD, the largest proportion of employed people who are registered taxpayers is in the Overstrand municipal area, at 53.4 per cent. This is the only municipal area above the Provincial proportion of 42.5 per cent. Meanwhile, the Theewaterskloof proportion of employed individuals who are taxpayers is the smallest (20.0 per cent) in the entire District. Starting with 36 756 taxpayers in 2020, the District's numbers decreased to 36 558 in 2021. This marked a 0.5 per cent contraction, consistent across the other three municipal areas. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and associated lockdown measures on local businesses and salaries resulted in a significant 7.3 per cent decline in average monthly taxable income for the OD during this period.

#### **AVERAGE MONTHLY HOUSEHOLD INCOME, Overberg District, 2022**



Source: Urban-Econ calculations based on Quantec Research, 2023

#### GINI COEFFICIENTS, Overberg District, 2019 - 2022



Source: Urban-Econ calculations based on Quantec Research, 2023

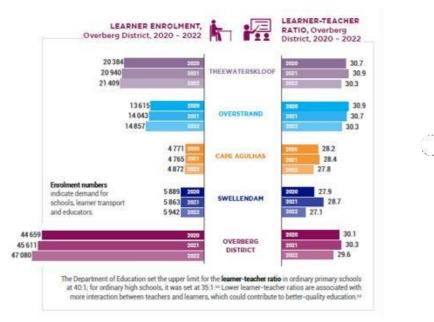
With a Gini coefficient of 0.630 in 2021, income inequality in the Overberg District is higher compared with the Province. Of the municipal areas in the Overberg District, the Overstrand municipal area recorded the highest Gini coefficient (0.645), followed by the Theewaterskloof municipal area (0.620).

Income inequality increased in all municipal areas in the Overberg between 2015 and 2021. The Gini coefficient in the Overberg District increased from 0.593 in 2015 to 0.630 in 2021. In the Theewaterskloof municipal area the Gini coefficient increased from 0.586 in 2015 to 0.620 in 2021, whereas in the Overstrand municipal area the Gini coefficient increased from 0.605 in 2015 to 0.645 in 2021. The Gini coefficient in the Cape Agulhas municipal area increased from 0.563 in 2015 to 0.605 in 2021, and in the Swellendam municipal area it increased from 0.570 in 2015 to 0.610 in 2021. The COVID-19 pandemic and lockdown restrictions has also resulted in job losses, which could also have affected income inequality in 2021.

#### **2.5.2.2 EDUCATION**

The number of student enrolments in the OD increased from 43 887 in 2019 to 45 611 in 2021. All municipal in the Overberg District experienced increases in the number of learner enrolments.

The Theewaterskloof municipal area accounted for the largest number of enrolments, which increased by 789 learners from 20 151 learners in 2019 to 20 940 learners in 2021. The same municipal area also recorded the highest learner enrolment increase over the period. The Cape Angulus municipal area accounts for the smaller share of learner enrolments (4 765 in 2021) in the District, and Swellendam municipal area experienced the lowest increase in enrolments between 2019 and 2021 (89 learners). Both the Swellendam and Cape Agulhas municipal areas experienced a decrease in learner numbers between 2020 and 2021.



Source: Western Cape Education Department, 2023

#### MATRIC PASS RATE, Overberg District, 2020 - 2022

The higher pass rate achieved in the Overstrand municipal area is predicted to have a positive knock-on effect within the local labour market, contributing to the overall wellbeing of communities and the local economy. In 2022, Cape Agulhas retained its position as the top-performing municipal area with respect to the Grade 12 pass rate. It also boasted the highest proportion of learners achieving bachelor's passes, with 55.4 per cent securing this distinction. However, this total was 2.3 percentage points lower than the previous year. Similarly, 50.2 per cent of Grade 12 learners in the Swellendam municipal area earned a bachelor's exemption in 2022, again 2.3 percentage points less than the 2021 rate. The only municipal area to witness an increase in the proportion of bachelor's passes was Theewaterskloof, which showed a modest rise of 0.8 of a percentage point.



Source: Western Cape Education Department, 2022

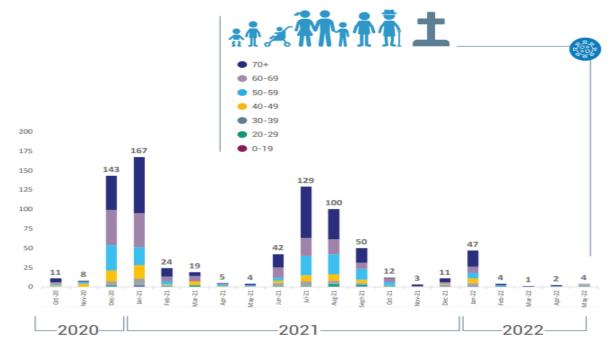
## **2.5.3 HEALTH**

## 2.5.3.1 COVID-19

The number of COVID-19 cases in the Overberg District experienced a significant increase from eight cases in March 2020 to 250 cases in May 2020. The District experienced its peak of the first wave with 1 250 recorded cases in July 2020, after which the number of cases declined and remained fairly stable for about three months. The second wave of COVID-19 cases is evident for the period between November 2020 and January 2021. The District reached a peak of 5 064 cases in December 2020. At the height of the third wave, the number of cases reached 4 541 in August 2021.

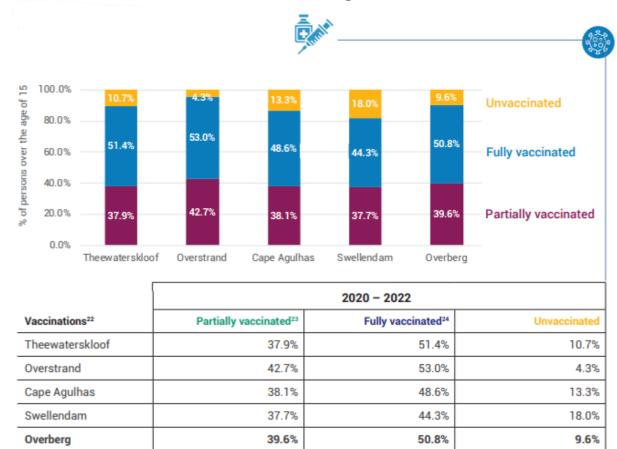
The highest recorded admissions were also seen during the peak of the second wave, with 560 admissions in December 2020. The highest recorded number of deaths followed the peak of the second wave, with 166 recorded deaths in January 2021. During the fourth wave the number of cases peaked at 3 011 in December 2021. Older people were more likely to die of COVID-19 than younger people. Older people had a higher incidence of death from COVID-19.

COVID-19 DEATHS PER AGE GROUP, Overberg District, 2020 - 2022



Source: Western Cape Education Department, 2022

**COVID-19 VACCINATED POPULATION, Overberg District, 2020 – 2022** 



Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2022

In 2021, the Overstrand municipal area had the highest proportion (53.0 per cent) of vaccinated people in the District. Out of all municipal areas in the District, the Swellendam municipal area had the highest proportion of unvaccinated people (18.0 per cent). This can probably be attributed to the municipal area having the lowest number of vaccination sites across all municipal areas in the District. This, combined with vaccine hesitancy, may also contribute to the higher proportion of unvaccinated people in the municipal area compared with other municipal areas in the District.

#### **2.5.3.2 MORTALITY**

The main natural cause of death in the Overberg District is cerebrovascular disease, accounting for 7.4 per cent of deaths in the District in 2018. This was closely followed by ischaemic heart disease and diabetes mellitus, which accounted for 7.2 per cent and 7.0 per cent of total deaths respectively in the District. Proportionally more people died from HIV in 2018 (5.4 per cent) compared with 2017 (4.1 per cent). On a Provincial level, diabetes mellitus was the main natural cause of death (7.6 per cent), followed by ischaemic heart disease (6.1 per cent) and cerebrovascular disease (5.9 per cent). Proportionally fewer people died from non-natural causes in the Overberg (10.8 per cent) compared with the Province (13.0 per cent). Furthermore, the proportion of people who died from nonnatural causes in the Overberg declined from 12.2 per cent in 2017.

Top 10 natural causes of death, Overberg District, 2018

				İ
	Overberg District		Western Cape	
Rank	Cause of death	%	Cause of death	%
1	Cerebrova scular diseases	7.4%	Diabetes mellitus	7.6%
2	Ischaemic heart disease	7.2%	Ischaemic heart disease	6.1%
3	Diabetes mellitus	7.0%	Cerebrovascular diseases	5.9%
4	Malignant neoplasms of respiratory and intrathoracic organs	6.3%	HIV	5.7%
5	Chronic lower respiratory diseases	6.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases	5.1%
6	HIV	5.4%	ТВ	4.9%
7	Malignant neoplasms of digestive organs	5.2%	Malignant neoplasms of digestive organs	4.5%
8	Hypertensive diseases	3.7%	Malignant neoplasms of respiratory and intrathoracic organs	4.5%
9	ТВ	3.6%	Hypertensive diseases	3.8%
10	Other forms of heart disease	3.3%	Other forms of heart disease	3.3%
Other natural		34.0%		35.6%
Non-natural		10.8%		13.0%

Source: Stats SA, 2021

# 2.5.3.3 HIV/AIDS AND TB

Trends in HIV Testing, Treatment and Outcomes, Overberg District, 2017/18 – 2020/21

				HIV
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Known HIV+ (Tested; n)	21 015	22 044	22 514	22 326
Of which: Clients started but no longer on ART	28.7%	26.6%	26.1%	24.2%
Of which: Clients on ART	64.2%	66.7%	67.4%	69.3%
Of which: Clients with confirmed viral suppression	73.1%	76.8%	71.6%	74.9%

Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2022

The number of people who tested positive for HIV increased from 21 015 in 2018/19 to 22 514 in 2020/21. Despite more people knowing their status in 2020/21, treatment of HIV was likely to have been negatively influenced by the disruptions caused by COVID-19 in 2021/22.

Trends in TB Notification and Outcomes, Overberg District, 2018/19 – 2020/21

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
TB programme success rate	87.5%	73.9%	85.4%	
TB clients lost to follow-up	9.9%	20.4%	8.7%	
TB client death rate	2.6%	3.5%	2.9%	
TB/HIV co-infected	37.6%	35.2%	36.9%	
TB MDR treatment success rate	62.2%	67.3%	61.7%	

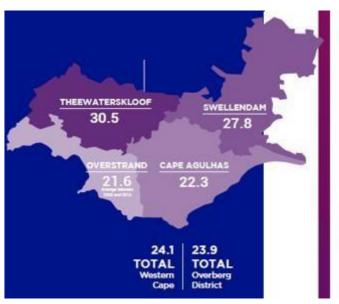
Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2022

The COVID-19 pandemic posed extensive challenges to the healthcare system and the TB programme success rate also decreased from 87.5 per cent in 2019/20 to 73.9 per cent in 2020/21, before increasing to 85.4 per cent in 2021/22. The percentage of TB clients lost to follow-up experienced a significant decrease from 9.9 per cent in 2019/20 to 8.7 per cent in 2020/21, but increase to 20.4 per cent in 2020/2.

The TB client death rate increased from 2.6 per cent in 2019/20 to 3.5 per cent in 2020/21, before decreasing to 2.9 per cent in 2021/22. The TB/HIV co-infection rate experienced some fluctuations for the period under review, but a general decline is evident from 37.6 per cent in 2019/20 to 36.9 per cent in 2021/22. However, the multidrug-resistant (MDR) treatment success rate decreased from 62.2.9 per cent in 2019/20 to 67.3 per cent in 2020/21, before declining to 61.7 per cent in 2021/22.

## 2.5.3.4 INFANT, CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH

Infant mortality rates per 1 000 live births in the Overberg District between 2002 and 2022:



Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2022

The general trend for the Overberg District shows that infant mortality rates decreased from 6.7 deaths per 1 000 live births in 2011 to 7.2 deaths per 1 000 live births in 2021. Additionally, the infant mortality rate was lower in the Overberg District than the Western Cape for most from 2011 to 2012, after which it escalated in the Overberg District from 2013 to 2015.

#### 2.5.3.5 TEENAGE PREGNANCY

Teenage pregnancies can perpetuate the poverty cycle while also resulting in early school dropout by pregnant teenagers. Teenage pregnancy is influenced by several factors, including lack of knowledge or access to contraceptives, access to healthcare services and other socio-cultural factors.

The Overberg District experienced an increase in the delivery rate for women between 10 and 19 years, from 13.1 per cent in 2019 to 14.0 per cent in 2020 and 2021.

The Cape Agulhas municipal area had the highest delivery rates to teenagers compared with other municipal areas in 2019 and 2021, but experienced the most significant decrease of 12.8 per cent in in 2020. Between 2019 and 2020, the Overstrand municipal area also recorded a decline in the birth rate to teenagers, while the Swellendam and Theewaterskloof municipal areas recorded increases to 16.8 per cent and 16.5 per cent respectively.

Municipal breakdown of teenage pregnancies in the Overberg District between 2020 and 2022 by indicating the percentage of babies born to mothers aged between 10 and 19 years:



Source: Western Cape Department of Health, 2022

An increase in delivery rates to teenagers puts additional pressure on the public sector for support, as these teenagers often drop out of school and therefore struggle to find employment owing to low skill levels.

## 2.5.4 HOUSING AND ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES

In 2021, 82.3 per cent of households in the Overberg District lived in formal dwellings, whereas 16.5 per cent of households lived in informal dwellings. In all municipal areas, most of the households resided in formal dwellings, with the Swellendam municipal area having the largest share of formal dwellings (89.2 per cent). In the Theewaterskloof municipal area, 81.3.3 per cent of households lived in formal dwellings, whereas in the Overstrand and Cape Agulhas municipal areas, 79.9 per cent and 85.2 per cent of households lived in formal dwellings respectively. The main towns in the Overstrand and Theewaterskloof municipal areas, such as Hermanus and Grabouw, attract people who are looking for work, which often leads to an increase in informal dwellings owing to the lack of available affordable housing.

The job losses that occurred in 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic have increased the need for housing in some areas of the Overberg. In the Overstrand municipal area, there has been an increase in informal settlements as well as land invasions between 2020 and 2021. The Theewaterskloof Municipality also recorded three new informal settlements, while existing settlements have grown.

Number of proportion of Dwellings, Overberg District, 2021

	Overl Dist		<ul><li>Theewa</li></ul>	aterskloof	Over	strand	• Cape	Agulhas	Swell	endam
DWELLING TYPE	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	% of total	Number	of total
Formal	73 192	82.3%	29 266	81.3%	24 311	79.9%	9 385	85.2%	10 229	89.2%
Informal	14 688	16.5%	6 196	17.2%	5 786	19.0%	1 535	13.9%	1 171	10.2%
Other	1 015	1.1%	528	1.5%	330	1.1%	94	0.9%	64	0.6%

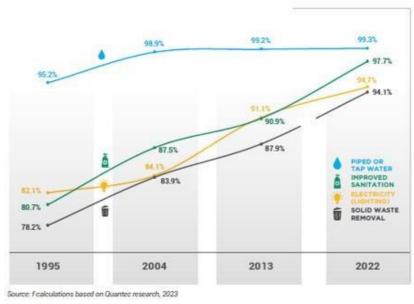
Source: Quantec Research, 2022

Formal dwelling refers to a structure built according to approved plans, i.e., house on a separate stand, flat or apartment, townhouse, room in back yard, rooms, or flatlet elsewhere.

Informal dwelling is a makeshift structure not erected according to approved architectural plans, for example shacks or shanties in informal settlements or in back yards.

#### ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES, Overberg District, 1995 - 2022

Access to vital services such as water, sanitation, electricity and solid waste removal plays a pivotal role in the overall wellbeing of communities. Local municipalities also play a vital role in cultivating an environment that promotes and supports private investment and entrepreneurship through access to these critical services, resulting in local economic opportunities that positively impact the community as a whole.



According to Stats SA improved sanitation services means that a household either has access to a flush toilet

Source: Urban-Econ calculations based on Quantec Research, 2023

# 2.5.5 COMPARATIVE ANALYIS: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY WC DISTRICTS

	Western Cape	Overberg	Cape Winelands	West Coast	Central Karoo	Garden Route
Households	2 145 570	88 994	236 480	123 836	19 914	176 706
Formal main dwellings	1 576 424	73 192	194 858	107 015	19 313	149 079
House/brick structure on separate stand or yard	62.4%	74.5%	68.9%	78.2%	85.9%	76.6%
Traditional dwelling	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.6%	0.4%	0.1%
Flat/simplex/duplex/triplex or room/flat on shared property	16.5%	6.6%	12.3%	6.9%	9.1%	6.3%
House/flat/room in backyard	1.5%	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	2.0%	1.5%
Informal dwelling in backyard	6.6%	5.6%	6.1%	4.9%	0.9%	6.0%
Informal dwelling not in backyard	12.5%	10.9%	10.8%	6.8%	0.9%	8.9%
Other/unspecified	0.5%	1.0%	0.6%	1.3%	0.7%	0.6%
Piped water inside dwelling/within 200m	99.4%	99.3%	99.4%	98.3%	98.1%	97.7%
Electricity as primary source of lighting	96.6%	94.7%	96.2%	94.0%	89.9%	94.5%
Flush/chemical toilet	95.2%	97.7%	96.6%	87.1%	89.7%	96.9%
Refuse removal at least once a week	97.9%	83.8%	77.6%	76.8%	79.6%	88.5%







## 2.5.6 INDIGENT HOUSEHOLDS

**Indigent Households, Overberg District, 2019 - 2021** 

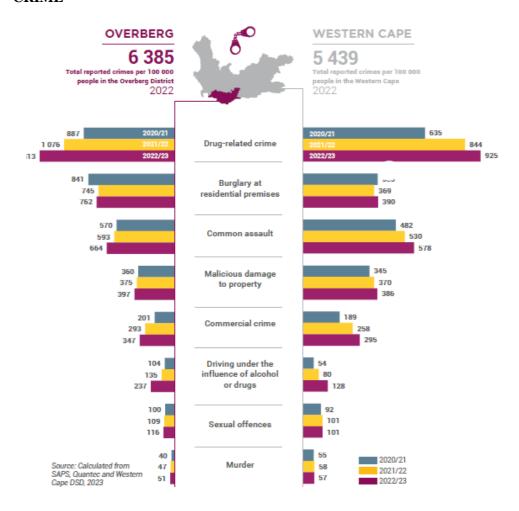
	2019		2	020	2
	Number	% of households	Number	% of households	Number
<ul> <li>Theewaterskloof</li> </ul>	6 706	19.4%	5 435	15.4%	5 792
<ul> <li>Overstrand</li> </ul>	7 630	25.8%	7 595	25.2%	7 278
<ul> <li>Cape Agulhas</li> </ul>	3 001	28.3%	3 380	31.2%	3 711
<ul> <li>Swellendam</li> </ul>	2 217	20.1%	1 967	17.5%	2 041
Overberg District	19 554	22.8%	18 377	21.0%	18 822
households in the Dis was the Overstrand m municipal area made 2 041 households. The	strict. The la nunicipal are the smallest Cape Agulf	argest contrib a, which con t contribution has municipal	outor to in tributed 7 n to indige area had	278 househ ent househol the highest p	eholds in olds. The ds in the percentag
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The municipalities in the Overberg District used the following cut-off points for households to be classified as indigent households:

- ◆ Theewaterskloof: cut-off point is R2 160 per month
- ◆ Overstrand: household income may not exceed four times the government pension grant per month (approximately R6 510 per month)
- ◆ Cape Agulhas: household income may not exceed R4 750 per month
- ◆ Swellendam: household income may not be more than R6 000 per month

#### 2.5.7 SAFETY AND SECURITY

#### **CRIME**



Between 2020/21 and 2022/3, the crime rate in the categories under review increased in the Overberg District. With high unemployment and income inequality rates, crime was typically more prevalent in the Overstrand municipal area. Against the background of the OD's idyllic rural lifestyle and beckoning coastline, communities are battling crime, with more crimes per 100 000 people reported since 2020/21 compared with the Province.

With high unemployment and income inequality rates, crime was typically more prevalent in the Overstrand municipal area. However, in 2022/23, Cape Agulhas recorded the highest level of crime in the OD (7 801 incidents per 100 000). The overall crime rate in the OD has steadily increased, from 5 315 incidents per 100 000 in 2020/21 to 6 385 incidents per 100 000 in 2022/23. It is worth noting that implementing COVID-19 lockdown regulations in 2020/21 contributed to the overall decrease in crime during this year, as more people stayed at home, consequently minimising opportunities for criminals. However, by 2022/23, crime levels marginally exceeded those recorded prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

During the reference period, drug-related crimes exhibited the highest increase in absolute terms, surging by 22.0 per cent – from 1 076 incidents per 100 000 people in 2021/22 to 1 313 incidents per 100 000 people in 2022/23. This increase is also noted on a Provincial level, with a 9.6 per cent surge

in drug-related crimes, which were detected thanks to police action.

The Overstrand (1 788 incidents per 100 000 people) and Cape Agulhas (1 536 incidents per 100 000 people) municipal areas reported significant drug-related crimes in 2022. It's commonly observed that drug-related crimes are intertwined with poverty and inequality, where factors such as income and education levels influence the occurrence of these crimes – making the youth especially vulnerable.76 Notably, the Cape Agulhas municipal area has had the highest level of inequality within the District since

2019. Youth who are involved in drug-related crime are also often associated with gangsterism and dropping out of school, which have a number of negative impacts on community safety and wellbeing.



# PUBLIC PARTICIPATION & IGR

#### 3.1 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Public participation is defined as an open, accountable process through which individuals and groups within selected communities can exchange views and influence decision-making. It is further defined as a democratic process of engaging people, deciding, planning, and playing an active part in the development and operation of services that affect their lives.

According to the White Paper on Local Government, 1998, municipalities require active participation by citizens at four levels:

- © As voters: to ensure maximum democratic accountability of the elected political leadership for the policies they are empowered to promote.
- © As citizens: who express, via different stakeholder associations, their views before, during and after the policy development process, in order to ensure that policies reflect community preferences as far as possible.
- © As consumers and end-users: who expect value for money, affordable services and courteous and responsive service.
- ② As organised partners involved in the mobilisation of resources for development via for profit businesses, non-governmental organisations and community-based institutions.

The Overberg District Municipality employs various methods of public participation by way of structured and functional district I to further ensure an integrated planning process for the region as a whole. Refer page 98 for district public participation structures, as well as a list of National and Provincial intergovernmental structures that informs planning and decision-making on a district level. The municipality is in the process of developing a public participation policy which will be tabled to council be July 2024.



#### 3.2 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS (IGR)

The Overberg District Municipality is committed to supporting and enhancing intergovernmental relations (IGR) amongst all role-players in the District, including the four Local municipalities as well as National- and Provincial Government. Intergovernmental relations between the three spheres of government are regulated by the Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 1997 (Act 97 of 1997).

## 3.2.1 IGR STRUCTURES

Various IGR structures coordinated by the District enhance co-operative governance, share best practices, and seek strategic consensus on addressing priorities at all levels..

#### **☐** District IGR Structures

- Municipal Managers Forum (MMF)
- District Coordinating Forum (DCF & DCFTech)
- District Skills Development Forum
- IDP Steering Committee
- District IDP Managers Forum
- District IDP Representative Forum / Sector-focused engagements
- District Public Participation & Communications Forum
- Overberg Expanded Public Works Programme Forum
- District LED & Tourism Forum
- District CRO & CAE Forum
- Supply Chain Management District Forum
- District Health Council
- Municipal Coastal Committee
- Regional Waste Forum
- Karwyderskraal Monitoring Committee
- Biodiversity and Climate Change Forum
- Kogelberg Biosphere Reserve Stakeholder Committee
- Agulhas Biodiversity Initiative (ABI)
- Bredezonderend Catchment Collaboration
- Overberg Air Quality Officers Forum
- District Fire Working Group
- Disaster Management Advisory Forum
- District Roads

## ☐ Participation in National & Provincial IGR Structures

- Premier's Co-ordinating Forum (PCF)
- District Co-ordinating Forum (DCF & DCFTech)
- MinMay & MinMayTech
- Chief Financial Officer Forum
- LG MTEC / Integrated Municipal Engagements
- Municipal Governance Review & Outlook (MGRO) IPSS
- Provincial IDP Managers Forum

- Western Cape Districts Integrated Forum
- Provincial CRO & CAE Forum
- Western Cape Audit & Risk Conference
- Local Government Supply Chain Management Forum
- SCM/LED Indaba
- Records Management Forum
- SALGA Working Groups
- Wesgro Regional Tourism Organisation (RTO) Forum
- Provincial Local Economic Development Forum
- Provincial Public Participation Forum
- Provincial CommTech
- Provincial Skills Development Forum
- Western Cape Municipal Health Working Group
- Western Cape Air Quality Officers Forum
- Western Cape Food Control Committee
- Western Cape Public Health Forum
- Provincial Coastal Committee
- Provincial Waste Officers Management Forum
- Provincial Fire Working Group
- Provincial Disaster Management Advisory Forum
- Provincial Disaster Management: Head of Centre Meeting
- Roads Network Management
- Provincial Integrated Transport Plan Committee
- Accounting Working Group
- Municipal Accounting Forum (MAF)

## 3.2.2 IDP, PUBLIC PARTICIPATION & COMMUNICATIONS

#### ☐ Provincial IDP Managers Forum

The Western Cape Provincial IDP Managers Forum was established in 2011 to ensure support is provided to municipalities in drafting, reviewing, and adopting legally complaint IDPs in terms of Section 26 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000.

Traditionally, Provincial IDP Managers I are held on a quarterly basis and rotated amongst the districts in the Western Cape. However, due to the pandemic, engagements have been held virtually, except for the last one which was a face-to-face engagement. Engagement dates:

Region	2024	2025	2026
Garden Route	5-6 December		
MS Teams	June 2024		
Overberg		Scheduled for June/July 2025	

ODM

#### ☐ District IDP Managers Forum

The District IDP structure has an approved Terms of Reference in place. This consultative structure is aimed at increasing co-ordination, integration and communication between the District, Local municipalities, Provincial Government, Sector Departments, and other role-players through information sharing dialogue, capacity building and consultation on matters of mutual interest.

Host Municipality	2024	2025	2026
Swellendam LM		28 February	
Overberg DM	October 2024		
Overstrand LM			Dates yet to be
TWK LM		01 March 2024	determined
CAM		30 May 2024 (scheduled)	

#### **☐** Western Cape Districts Integrated Forum (WCDIF)



In further enhancing the legislative mandate as prescribed in the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998), to ensure integrated development planning for the district as a whole, it was considered strategic to establish a platform that would ensure the integrity of methodologies used in the development of Integrated Development Plans (IDP s). This is a

collaborative platform which includes all District municipalities in the Western Cape. DLG is invited as and when identified to assist or advise on certain matters. The last WCDIF was held on 9 November 2023, 24 April 2024 (MS Teams). The next is scheduled for 05 June 2024.

## ☐ Provincial Public Participation Forum

The Provincial Public Participation Forum is held on a quarterly basis. Due to the pandemic, some of the scheduled engagements unfortunately could not take place. This Forum serves as a platform to share information, best practices and issues of mutual interest and concern relating to public participation and communication with the view of enhancing participatory democracy. Particular emphasis is placed on Ward Committee Systems and functionality.

A Provincial Public Participation Forum was scheduled for May 2023 but postponed due to unforeseen circumstances. The next forum is scheduled to take place on 16 & 17 November 2023.

#### ■ Provincial CommTech Forum

Provincial CommTech I were held on 24 & 25 November 2023 and 16 & 17 May 2024, respectively.

## ☐ District Public Participation and Communications Forum

Mode	2022	2023
	27 July 2022	30 March 2023
	16 November 2022	23 June 2023 (scheduled)
Virtual		1 September 2023 (scheduled)
		3 November 2023 (scheduled)

#### **■** District IDP Awareness

As part of the ODM's Awareness Campaign, the IDP & Communications Department conducted a District IDP Awareness Session for senior students from two Bredasdorp high schools. The session provided an overview of the roles of District and Local Municipalities, alongside the District's 5th Generation Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for 2022/23 – 2026/27. It emphasized the ODM's crucial functions affecting residents, including roads maintenance, municipal health services, environmental management, firefighting, disaster management, social development, and regional economic development and tourism. Additionally, the roles of Municipal Health Services and Fire Services were discussed.



The objective was to raise awareness and educate participants about the municipality's Integrated Development Plan and key district municipality services.

The IDP & Communications Department of the Overberg District Municipality conducted an awareness session on 1 November at the Caledon Town Hall. The event aimed to inform communities about the Municipality's service delivery roles, emphasizing inter-departmental collaboration among the Roads Depot, Municipal Health Services, and Environmental Management Services.







## ☐ District Participation in Local Municipal Public Participation Engagements

As indicated in its Process Plan, the local municipalities conducted public participation engagements with various sectors. The district supports the Overberg Local Municipalities by attending engagements where possible. Matters requiring possible District intervention:

#### Public Matters Raised

**TWK**: Rehabilitation gravel roads – Due to manhole covers gravel roads need to be camber. Increase levels of road reserves.

TWK: Safehouse for abused woman and children with recreational centre for the community.

**TWK:** Tar of gravel road between Caledon and Tesselaarsdal.

**TWK**: Rehab centre and programs to follow after rehabilitation.

TWK: Safety and Emergency Services needed on farms.

**TWK**: Relocation of the fire station – Grabow

Municipality to register with Road Reserve to receive an approved letter from Province. ODM to forward previous correspondence regarding the slipway to Mr Erasmus.

**CAM:** Scraping of gravel roads at least x2 per quarter – Spanjaardskloof

CAM: Deforestation of trees along the gravel roads - Spanjaardskloof

#### Swellendam:

Safehouse and Rehab centre

Land for small farmer and SMME development

#### **Fire Management**

Cleaning of Port Jackson along Malgas(Diepkloof) and Infanta Road

Creation of fire breaks / Disaster Management Awareness

#### Roads

Grading of roads

Maintenance of road at Aasbank

Alternative access to Infanta through de Hoop

Water tanker

Improvement and maintannace of potholes and stormwater drainange.

Speed bumps and signage on tar road at Diepkloof

Access roads improvement

Tar road extension Malgas/Pont Rd

Purified water needed for people and animals (on farms), Overberg Water Services

## **Malgas Pont**

1. Requested entrance signage from the areas of Swellendam / Buffeljagsrivier / Bredasdorp / Heidelberg

#### **Upgrading/Tarring of roads**

Measures to reduce dust from MR268 gravel road in front of Infanta Park. The speed limit was reduced from 80kph to 60kph in front of Infanta Park. The request was, and still is, to have it reduced to 40kph.

#### Fire services

Clearing of bushes along the Infanta gravel road MR 268 up to pan at Kuhn's Kraal

#### **Upgrading/Tarring of roads (Alternative Access)**

Alternate access to Infanta: through de Hoop in the event of fire or flooding at Diepkloof. This is not

#### 3.2.3 PROVINCIAL / MUNICIPAL STRATEGIC ENGAGEMENTS

The following table provides a summation of engagements between the Western Cape Provincial Government and Municipal Top Management.





Engagement	Purpose	Content	Outcome / Way Forward
16 Feb 2024  Overberg DCF Tech / Technical Integrated Municipal Engagement (TIME)	<ul> <li>Integrated approach towards sustainable local government.</li> <li>Mid-year budget and performance assessment.</li> <li>To have a dialogue on provincial and local policy priorities and changes that will guide municipal planning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Municipal governance and service delivery post LGE.</li> <li>Infrastructure planning, financing and performance.</li> <li>Asset management.</li> <li>Balance between SCM compliance and service delivery.</li> <li>District overview on spatial environmental governance and performance.</li> </ul>	TIME conducted in accordance with the JDMA. Key transversal risks, challenges and opportunities presented from a district perspective.
9 May 2024 Strategic Integrated Municipal Engagement (SIME)	<ul> <li>Integrated Planning and Budgeting Assessment</li> <li>Analysis of Municipal IDP, SDF and Budget</li> </ul>	Provincial assessments of Draft IDP and Budget afford the provincial sphere of government an opportunity to exercise its monitoring and support role to munics as stipulated by the Constitution.	Recommendations received have been considered for inclusion in the Final IDP and Budget.

# 3.2.4 ASSESSMENT: ODM DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN

# Response to SIME / LG MTEC Draft IDP Assessment Findings

Key Finding	ODM Response to Finding
Based on the above assessment, below is a summary of key	Finding is noted – aware of legislative framework.
findings:	Lack of guidance in terms of what the "performance
The Municipality tabled a "reviewed IDP" which is not	report" should entail.
prescribed in terms of section 25 of the MSA and its	DLG to present template at next Provincial Forum.
Regulations.	
It is strongly recommended that the Municipality continues to	The recommendations is noted. In the absence of
consult the implementation framework of the DSDF and	Town Planning functionary/capacity since the early
brings these actions through to its capital and operational	2000's, the ODM will continue to request assistance
programmes.	from DEA&DP to ensure compliance. After the latest
The ODM is encouraged to undertake an annual review of the	review was done by DEA&DP in 2023, it will be
implementation of the DSDF as per section 34(a)(i) of the	essential to follow through with continued support to
Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000).	address the highlighted recommendations.
It is recommended that the ODM considers the key spatial	There is a current mining exploration application in
planning risks and opportunities set out in the 2022 SIME	the Cape Agulhas Municipal area that may constitute
Report for ODM and continues to consult the DSDF	an environmental threat to viable agricultural land.
Implementation Framework to systematically ensure that it	
addresses these through its capital budget allocations and	
operational plans.	



# GOVERNMENT IMPERATIVES

#### 4.1 NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN (NDP)

The NDP aims to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030. According to the plan, South Africa can realise these goals by drawing on the energies of its people, growing an inclusive economy, building capabilities, enhancing the capacity of the state, and promoting leadership and partnerships throughout society. The private sector has a major role to play in achieving these objectives. Long-term planning and investment in the future is just as important for the private as the public sector.

## NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN





























#### 4.2 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGs)



The Sustainable Development Goals (successor to the Millennium Development Goals), officially known as Transforming Our World: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, is a set of seventeen aspirational "Global Goals" with 169 targets between them spearheaded by the United Nations, through a deliberative process involving its 194 Member States and global civil society.

The Overberg District Municipality supports and ensures alignment of its long-term strategic goals and initiatives with the above sustainable development goals.

#### 4.3 INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (IUDF)

#### **☐** Core Elements of the IUDF

Vision	Liveable, safe, resource-efficient cities and towns that are socially integrated, economically inclusive and globally competitive, where residents actively participate in urban life.				
Strategic Goals	<ul> <li>Inclusion and Access</li> <li>Inclusive Growth</li> <li>Effective Governance</li> <li>Spatial Integration</li> </ul>				
Levers	<ul> <li>Integrated urban planning and management</li> <li>Integrated transport and mobility</li> <li>Integrated and sustainable human settlements</li> <li>Integrated urban infrastructure</li> <li>Efficient land governance and management</li> <li>Inclusive economic development</li> <li>Empowered active communities</li> <li>Effective urban governance</li> <li>Sustainable finances</li> </ul>	INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK MIERZUEN DES SOUTH AFFICAN CITIES AND TOWNS			

#### 4.4 IDPs AND ONE PLANS AS PART OF THE DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL

Reference is made to Circulars 11 of 2020 and 1 of 2021. The District Development Model (DDM) is an operational model for improving cooperative governance aimed at building a capable, ethical and developmental state. The DDM is an intergovernmental approach for more effective joint planning, budgeting and implementation over multi-year planning and electoral cycles.

This joint work is expressed through the formulation and implementation of a "One Plan" which is a long-term strategic framework guiding investment, service delivery and development.

The institutional arrangements for the DDM are aimed at sustaining a programmatic approach to cooperative governance and IGR centred on the One Plan and the related reprioritisation processes to be undertaken by all spheres, departments, entities and municipalities. This will culminate in both political and technical work streams that will need to be managed at the level of district/metro hubs for the co-creation of the joined up one plans by and for all three spheres of Government.

The management is undertaken by two key committees. At the level of the district/metro hub, the two committees will be responsible for the management of the one plan process, i.e.

- The DDM Political Committee (DCF): Provides political leadership, oversight and support to the hubs: whereas
- The District Technical (MMF) Committee will oversee the technical work of the district hubs.

Another committee/structure that will be responsible to coordinate the implementation of the One Plan is the Joint District/Metro Approach (JDMA) Team as established by Department Local Government. Each of these committees will interface with the rest of the institutional teams based on political and technical interfaces. In essence, these committees will drive the work of the district hubs including intergovernmental collaboration required to develop the joined up one plans.

The One Plan is also not a simple summation of entity plans but a strategic collaboratively synthesised plan that articulates development outcomes, targets and commitments. It is not in the same form or detail as existing long-term plans (Sector Plans, PGDSs, GDSs or CDSs) and does not play the same role as these plans. It is a strategic intergovernmental framework not belonging to any particular sphere or department. It is in the form of an intergovernmental and social compact that sets the broad direction, targets and synergies to inform all planning.



#### 4.5 WESTERN CAPE PROVINCIAL STRATEGIC PLAN (PSP)

The PSP defines the overarching priorities and strategic direction for the WCG, providing a framework for integrated and coordinated action across departments. It establishes high-level outcomes and priorities to achieve shared, resident-centric development, guiding departmental and portfolio-level planning.

Departments are responsible for operationalising the PSP by implementing projects and programmes within their respective mandates. Departmental Strategic Plans (SPs), set every five years, reflect institutional outcomes and targets. The SPs inform Annual Performance Plans (APPs) which outline departmental outputs, targets, and budgets, reflecting strategic alignment and resource allocation. Portfolios consist of high-priority departmental projects and programmes that are collectively managed to ensure a cohesive approach to achieving shared outcomes. By translating PSP direction into actionable programmes, portfolios foster integration and promote collective impact across the province.

#### 2025-2030

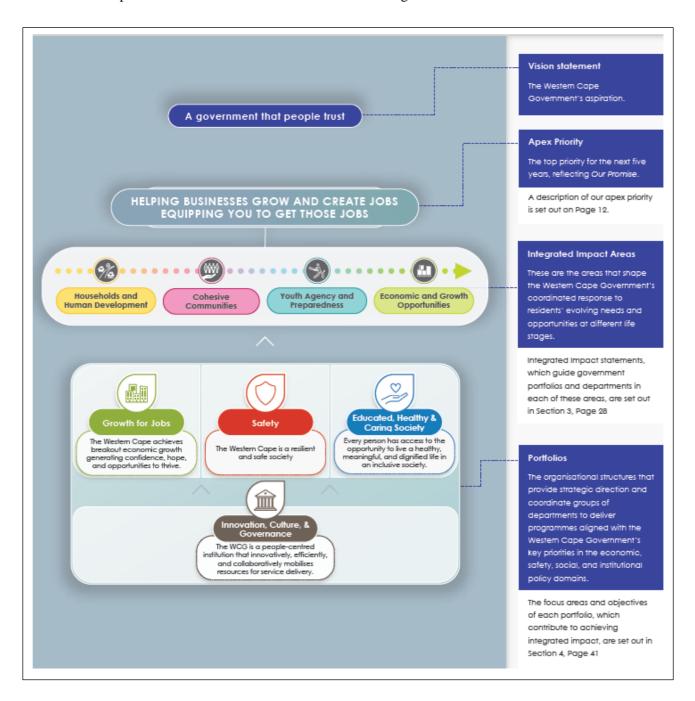
The PSP 2025–2030 builds on the Recovery Plan's framework, retaining the four priorities—Growth for Jobs, Wellbeing, Safety, and Innovation, Culture & Governance—but evolves their conceptualisation as "portfolios" to reflect their strategic role in government. Wellbeing is renamed Educated, Healthy, and Caring Society to better reflect the scope of the portfolio, and the apex priority for the five-year period is helping businesses to grow and create jobs and equipping residents to get those jobs. This iteration introduces an Integrated Change Strategy, which prioritises a resident-centric approach to service delivery and resilience and emphasises enhanced integration across the four portfolios.

#### REALISING A VISION FOR THE WESTERN CAPE

The WCG commits to building a values-based competent state that enables opportunity and promotes responsibility in a safer Western Cape.

- ♦ We will live and be held accountable to our values as a government, and we will continue to buil the capable state on this foundation.
- ◆ We will continue delivering opportunities to our people and we will expect them to take responsibility for improving their own lives.
- We will make this Province safer under the Rule of Law.

This Vision is expressed in the Overview of the Provincial Strategic Plan for 2025-2030:



#### 4.6 OVERBERG ALIGNMENT WITH GOVERNMENT STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES

The following table depicts how the Overberg Region intends to respond and align with National and Provincial Government strategic directives.

National	National	WC Provincial		IDP Goal	s per Municipality in Overberg Region		
Development Plan (2013)	Outcomes (2010)	Strategic Plan (2019-2024)	Cape Agulhas	Overstrand	Theewaterskloof	Swellendam	Overberg DM
Chapter 9: Improving education, training and innovation	NO1: Improved quality of basic education	VIP 3: Empowering people	CAM SO4: To provide community services.	OSM SG5: The promotion of tourism, economic and social development.	TWK S013: Improve the social fabric of the TWK community  TWK S06: To maintain and improve basic service delivery and social amenities for the TWK community.	SWE SO5: Promote good governance and community participation.	ODM SG1: To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure.
Chapter 10: Health care for all	NO2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans	VIP 1: Safe and cohesive communities	CAM SO3: To ensure infrastructure – electricity and technical.  CAM SO4: To provide community services.  CAM SO5: To create a safe and healthy environment.	OSM SG5: The promotion of tourism, economic and social development.	TWK S05: To ensure continuous and sustainable maintenance, replacements and upgrades of municipal infrastructure  TWK S06: To maintain and improve basic service delivery and social amenities for the TWK community.  TWK S08: Increase Community Safety through traffic policing, bylaw enforcement	SWE SO2: Create a safe and healthy living environment.	ODM SG1: To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure.
Chapter 12: Building safer communities  Chapter 11: Social protection	NO3: All people in South Africa are and feel safe	VIP 1: Safe and cohesive communities	CAM SO3: To ensure infrastructure – electricity and technical.  CAM SO4: To provide community services.  CAM SO5: To create a safe and healthy environment.	OSM SG4: The creation and maintenance of a safe and healthy environment.	TWK SO5: To ensure continuous and sustainable maintenance, replacements and upgrades of municipal infrastructure  TWK SO6: To maintain and improve basic service delivery and social amenities for the TWK community.  TWK SO8: Increase Community Safety through traffic policing, bylaw enforcement	SWE SO2: Create a safe and healthy living environment.	ODM SG1: To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure.
Chapter 3: Economy and employment	NO4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth	VIP 2: Growth and jobs	CAM SO4: To provide community services.	OSM SG5: The promotion of tourism, economic and social development.	TWK S011: Create an enabling environment in order to maintain existing business and attract new investments into the TWK area.  TWK S012: Promote the second and Township economy (SMME Development)	SWE SO4: Enhance economic development with focus on both first and second economies.	ODM SG2:  To promote local economic development by supporting initiatives in the District for the development of a sustainable district economy.

Chapter 9: Improving education, training and innovation	NO5: A skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path	VIP 5: Innovation and culture	CAM SO4: To provide community services.	OSM SG5: The promotion of tourism, economic and social development.	TWK SO3: To ensure a healthy and productive workforce by creating a conducive working environment  TWK SO4: Refine and Improve the institutional Capacity of the Municipality	SWE SO 6: Create a capacitated, people-centred institution.  SWE SO7: Improve financial viability and management.	ODM SG3: To ensure municipal transformation and institutional development by creating a staff structure that would adhere to the principles of employment equity and promote skills development.
Chapter 4: Economic infrastructure	NO6: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network	VIP 2: Growth and jobs	CAM SO3: To ensure infrastructure – electricity and technical.  CAM SO4: To provide community services.  CAM SO5: To create a safe and healthy environment.	OSM SG2: The provision and maintenance of municipal infrastructure.	TWK S05: To ensure continuous and sustainable maintenance, replacements, and upgrades of municipal infrastructure  TWK S06: To maintain and improve basic service delivery and social amenities for the TWK community.	SWE SO1: Enhance access to basic services and address maintenance backlogs.  SWE SO4: Enhance economic development with focus on both first and second economies.	ODM SG1: To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure.
Chapter 6: Inclusive rural economy	NO7: Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural communities with food security for all	VIP 4: Mobility and spatial transformation	CAM SO4: To provide community services.	OSM SG5: The promotion of tourism, economic and social development.	TWK SO6: To maintain and improve basic service delivery and social amenities for the TWK community. TWK SO12: Promote the second and Township economy (SMME Development)	SWE SO4: Enhance economic development with focus on both first and second economies.	ODM SG2: To promote local economic development by supporting initiatives in the District for the development of a sustainable district economy.
Chapter 8: Transforming human settlements	NO8: Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life	VIP 4: Mobility and spatial transformation VIP 5: Innovation and culture	CAM SO3: To ensure infrastructure – electricity and technical.  CAM SO4: To provide community services.  CAM SO5: To create a safe and healthy environment.	OSM SG5: The promotion of tourism, economic and social development.	TWK S05: To ensure continuous and sustainable maintenance, replacements & upgrades of municipal infrastructure  TWK S09: Ensure the provision of Sustainable & integrated Human S/ments through Accelerating Affordable Housing Projects.  TWK S010: Upgrading informal settlements and prioritising most needy in housing allocation	SWE SO3: Develop integrated and sustainable settlements with the view to correct spatial imbalances.	ODM SG1: To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure.
Chapter 13: Building a capable and	NO9: A responsive, accountable,	VIP 5: Innovation and culture	CAM SO1: To establish a culture of good governance.	OSM SG1:	TWK S01:	SWE SO5:	ODM SG4: To attain and maintain financial viability and

developmental state  Chapter 14: Fighting corruption	effective and efficient local government system		CAM SO2: To ensure long-term financial sustainability.	The provision of democratic, accountable and ethical governance.	Work towards a sustainable future through sound financial management and continuous revenue growth  TWK SO2:  To provide democratic, responsive and accountable government for the local communities	Promote good governance and community participation.	sustainability by executing accounting services in accordance with National policy and guidelines.  ODM SG5: To ensure good governance practices by providing a democratic and pro-active accountable govt and ensuring community participation through existing IGR structures.
Chapter 5: Environmental sustainability and resilience	NO10: Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced	VIP 4: Mobility and spatial transformation	CAM SO3: To ensure infrastructure – electricity and technical.  CAM SO4: To provide comm serv.  CAM SO5: To create a safe and healthy environment.	OSM SG4: The creation and maintenance of a safe and healthy environment.	TWK S05: To ensure continuous and sustainable maintenance, replacements and upgrades of municipal infrastructure  TWK S07: Improved Environmental Management	SWE SO4: Enhance economic development with focus on both first and second economies.  SWE SO2: Create a safe and healthy living environment.	ODM SG1: To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure.
Chapter 15: Nation building and social cohesion  Chapter 7: South Africa in the region and the world	NO11: Create a better South Africa and contribute to a better and safer Africa and World	VIP 5: Innovation and culture	CAM SO1: To establish a culture of good governance.	OSM SG3: Encouragement of structured community participation in the matters of the municipality.	TWK SO2: To provide democratic, responsive and accountable government for the local communities	SWE SO4: Enhance economic development with focus on both first and second economies.	ODM SG5: To ensure good governance practices by providing a democratic and pro-active accountable government and ensuring community participation through existing IGR structures.
Chapter 14: Fighting corruption	NO12: An efficient, effective and development- oriented public service and an empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship	VIP 1: Safe and cohesive communities	CAM SO1: To establish a culture of good governance.	OSM SG1: The provision of democratic, accountable and ethical governance.	TWK SO2: To provide democratic, responsive and accountable government for the local communities	SWE SO7: Improve financial viability and management.  SWE SO5: Promote good governance and community participation.	ODM SG5: To ensure good governance practices by providing a democratic and pro-active accountable government and ensuring community participation through existing IGR structures.



## **SECTOR ALIGNMENT**

#### 5.1 OVERBERG JOINT DISTRICT AND METRO APPROACH (JDMA)

#### THE ORIGIN

Prior to 2019, the Western Cape Province made a strategic decision to introduce the principles of coplanning, co-budgeting and co-implementation based on geographical areas, and this decision was approved by the Premier's Coordinating Forum (PCF). The Joint District and Metro Approach (JDMA) was then born.

In the 2019 State of the Nation Address the President raised the urgency for adopting a district-based approach to "speed up service delivery, ensuring that municipalities are properly supported and adequately resourced". COGTA then announced the District Development Model. However, by then the JDMA was already institutionalised and operationalised.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The JDMA is a geographical district and team-based, citizen focused approach, with a single

implementation plan to provide developmental initiatives and government services to the people. The key principle being Collaboration: coplanning, co-budgeting, co-implementation that translate to service delivery in communities. The JDMA created a collaborative space which enabled a conducive environment to effect projects to ultimately positively impact the lives of the people of the Overberg Region.

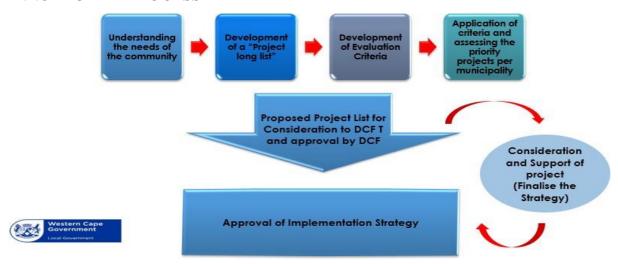


#### JDMA OBJECTIVES

- ◆ To promote horizontal interface between Western Cape Government (WCG) Departments;
- ◆ To promote vertical interface between national, provincial and local government;
- ◆ To enhance co-planning, co-budgeting and co-implementation to ensure the silo approach is minimized;
- ◆ To avoid duplication and maximizing impact through combined coordination efforts;
- ◆ To enhance alignment of long-term and short-term planning as well as alignment between different sectoral planning;
- ◆ To strengthen and enhance the capacity to support local government;
- ◆ To promote sustainable development in order to contribute to equality, poverty eradication and job creation;
- ◆ To ensure increased oversight over financial management and monitoring, including budgeting and expenditure controls; and
- ◆ To strengthen monitoring and evaluation of project implementation.

Refer Chapter 12, section 12.1, for JDMA project implementation and progress.

#### **ANNUAL JDMA PROCESS**



#### OVERBERG JDMA PARTNERS (INTERFACE TEAM)

National Departments		Provincial Departments		
Department		Name of Official	Department	Name of Official
Water and Sanitation		John Roberts	Agriculture	Japie Kritzinger (Head Office)
Agriculture, Land Reform	n Rural Dev	Esmerelda Reid	Social Development	Dianne De Bruyn (District)
SAPS		Brig Donovan Heilbron	Transport and Public Works	Nicky Brown (Head Office)
National Public Works a	nd Infrastructure	Singatha Maholwana	Health	Wilhelmina Kamfer (District)
Dept Small Business Dev	,	Winston Baatiles	Community Safety	Fuad Davis (Head Office)
		Human Settlements	Elmay Pelser (Head Office)	
Municipality	Municipal Officion Name of		Provincial Treasury	Malcolm Booysen (Head Office)/ Steven Kenyon (Head Office)
Overberg DM	Patrick O	iver	Education	Lance Abrahams
Swellendam	Anneleer	Vorster		Gerrit Coetzee (Head Office) Hillary Smith
Overstrand	Rochelle	Louw	Economic Development	John Peters (Head Office)//
Cape Agulhas	Tracey St	one		Fayruz Dharsey (Head Office)/ Johann Bester (Head office)
Theewaterskloof	Wilfred Sc	olomons-Johannes	Environmental Affairs &	Helena Jacobs (Primary)
Established Committees Economic Cluster (Chaired by Solly Madikane)		Development Planning	Thea Jordan (Alternate) Project specific representatives:	
			Lance Mcbain-Charles, Belinda Langenhoven (Waste Management) Keshni Rughoobeer & Raudhiyah Sahabodien (Developmen	
(Chaired by Nikki Duples	ssis; Support: Charm	aine Mabasa)		Facilitation and Spatial)

#### 5.1.1 JDMA IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY – DDM ONE PLAN

The JDMA Principles and JDMA Implementation Strategy with catalytic projects were unanimously supported, adopted and endorsed by the District Coordinating Forum Technical (DCF Tech) and DCF in the Overberg on 30 June 2021. The Strategy is a static document that will be updated as conditions change. Strategic processes and principles also taken into consideration:

- District Economic Recovery Strategy
- Provincial Strategic Priorities
- Provincial Economic Recovery Plan
- Transversal priorities
- ♦ SDF and IDP (newly developed District SDF adopted in tandem with 5-year IDP on 30 May 2022)



On 24 May 2022, an Overberg JDMA Interface Team Consultative Session was held with the view to reviewing the Overberg JDMA Implementation Strategy. An overview was presented in terms of the implementation of JDMA projects, the status, and progress to date.

This was followed by a 'wellness' presentation which addresses an approach to integrating mental health in the JDMA. Key priorities as identified in Overberg IDPs were evaluated, and a 'long list' of projects per municipality identified. A scoring criteria is to be applied to each identified project, for the final 'long list' of projects to be presented to the DCFTech and DCF.

During a JDMA interface meeting at the start of 2024 a shift in focus to regional catalytic priorities were proposed. The suggestion will be presented to the Overberg DCF tech and DCF for approval.

(Refer Chapter 12, section 12.1, for project information)

#### 5.2 OVERBERG SECTOR PLANS

Sector Plan	ODM	Cape Agulhas	Overstrand	Theewaterskloof	Swellendam
Air Quality Management Plan	Adopted Feb 2013; to be reviewed Feb 2024	Adopted 27 May 2014; reviewed 2019	27 March 2013; to be reviewed 2017	Approved 27 May 2015;to be reviewed in 2024	Approved by Council on 3 December 2015. Plan under review and approved by 2023-2024. Limited funding to appoint a dedicated officer.
Capital Investment Plan	For consideration	Adopted 25 March 2021;will be reviewed in 2022	No	LTFP approved 23 January 2020; to be reviewed in 2023	To be reviewed; 5-Year Plan – in process
Capital Reserve Fund Plan	For consideration	Adopted 25 March 2021;will be reviewed in 2022		Plan approved July 2016;updated 23 Jan 2020; Review 2023	
Climate Change AdaptationSummary	2018	-	-	-	-
Climate Change ResponseFramework	Approved 30 October 2017	-	-	-	-
Coastal Management Plan	Currently in Phase 3 of development; to be reviewed after drafting of Provincial Plan in 2023	N/A	No	-	As per District CMP
Disaster Risk Management Plan	Adopted 28 September 2012; to be reviewed 6 June 2022	N/A	To be reviewed	Approved May 2011; updated May 2011; to be reviewed in 2025	In progress
District IDP Framework Plan	Adopted 28 March 2022	N/A	N/A		N/A
Electrical Implementation Plan	Approved 28 March 2022	Linked to the Master Plan	Reviewed Oct 2016 (Annexure to Master Plan)	Reviewed June 2015; Implementation Plan part of Master Plan; to be reviewed in 2023	To be developed in 2022/23
Electricity Supply Master Plan	N/A	Adopted June 2017; To be reviewed 2022/23	Approved 2005; reviewed Oct 2016	Reviewed June 2015	To be addressed in the 2022-2023 financial year
Employment Equity Plan	5-year EE plan 1 October 2021 -30 September 2026	07 October 2020 ( 5-year plan 2020 – 2025)	Approved 26 Nov 2008	Approved 28 Sept 2017; to be reviewed 15 July 2022	The consultative processes for review of current EE Plan will be finalised by 30 Sep 2022. Council to adopt EE Plan by June 2023

Energy/Electricity Plan	N/A	Linked to the Master Plan	Yes – 5-Year Master Plan	Master Plan updated 2015; to be reviewed in 2023	Yes – 3-Year Master Plan
Enhanced Audit and Performance Audit Committee Charter	Approved 28 March 2022	-	-	-	-
Environmental Management Framework	N/A	N/A	Adopted 25 Jun 2014; to be reviewed 2017	Require funding	TBC
Environmental Management System	N/A	N/A	Adopted 2 Dec 2016	Require funding.	-
Environmental Plan (EP)	N/A	N/A	Approved	Require funding.	To be developed during 2022- 2027 period; no budget
Estuary Management Plans	N/A	N/A	Draft in place	-	Breederivier Estuary Mgt Plan & River Management Plan currently in final drafting process
Finance Management Plan	New Financial Sustainability Plan tabled 2022	November 2020 (SEM tender)	Long-term Plan approved 29 May 2013	LTFP approved 23 January 2022	10 Year Plan 2016-2025 revisited annually – approved by Council 13 December 2015
Fraud Prevention Plan	Adopted 25 Apr 2016, Revised on 22 August 2022		Approved 26 Nov 2008	29 October 2020	Adopted 29 June 2017
Gravel Road Management System	N/A	2019	Approved	Adopted 24 February 2015; to be updated 2023/24	-
Growth and Development Strategy	-	-	-	-	Adopted 12 June 2021; review and submit to Council by 30 June 2022
Growth Management Strategy	N/A		Approved 26 Jan 2011; to be reviewed 2017	-	-
Heritage Study	N/A	N/A	Yes	-	Municipality developed and approved a Heritage Plan in 2013, under review during 2022-2027 period; require funding
Human Settlement Plan (BESP)	N/A	To be reviewed June 2022	Adopted May 2016	Updated in 2020; to be reviewed in 2025	Approved by Council on 30 April 2015 (10-year plan)
Infrastructure Growth Plan	N/A	To be reviewed June 2022	Water and Sewerage Master Plan form part of WSDP (refer WSDP for Water and Sewerage)	Adopted 2017/18; to be reviewed in 2023	To be developed in 2023-2024
Integrated Dev Framework	N/A		Adopted 25 Jun 2014	-	

Integrated Environmental Programme	Environmental Management Policy adopted 8 Dec 2014	N/A	Approved	Require funding	To be drafted once Estuary  Management Plan finalised
Integrated HIV/Aids Plan	Yes	No	Yes	Integrated Development Policy 30 March 2013	Approved Dec 2014; to be reviewed
Integrated Transport Plan	Approved 25 October 2021	Part of DMs	29 May 2015	DTPW currently updating Overberg ITPs adopted 2022 and to be updated in 2027	Yes, at District level. SDM submitted inputs to the 2020 Final DITP
Integrated Waste Management Plan	Adopted 25 March 2019;	ITP for CAM incorporated In District ITP. CAM ITP tabled to 26 August 2021	Approved 27 May 2009	3 <sup>rd</sup> Generation IWMP approved 24 Feb 2015; 4 <sup>th</sup> Generation in draft form; review in process	Resubmission of Final WM Policy to Council 28 Jan 2021; IWMP budgeted for 2022-23; Model Draft IWM By-law; Emergency response plan for 5 land fill sites – no budget
Invasive Species Monitoring, Control and Eradication Plan	Completed 2020	Adopted November 2016; reviewed 2020	-	Updated 29 June 2018; to be reviewed in 2029	Swellendam Municipality Alien Control Plan – no budget
ICT Disaster Recovery Plan	Reviewed by ICT SC 23 May 2024; tabled to Corporate Services Portfolio for adoption 3 June 2024				
ICT Strategic Plan	Reviewed 23 May 2024; tabled to Corporate Services Portfolio for adoption 3 June 2024				
Land Audit	Completed 2020	No	-	Approved in 2019; workshopped 12 May 2022	Adopted Dec 2005; prioritised during 2022 IDP consultation meeting; SDM plan to develop and implement during 2022/27 strategic planning process
Long-Term Financial Plan	Approved 18 June 2018; updated March 2022				
Municipal Health Services Plan	Current Plan to be revised 2022/23 for implementation during 2023/24 financial year; then annual reviewal	N/A	N/A	-	N/A
Municipal Property Management	-	-	-	-	Adopted 28 February 2018
Overberg District Safety Plan	Developed in collaboration with LMs and stakeholders; adopted 2019				
Overberg Rural Development Plan	DAPOTT 15 Mar 2017	N/A	-	-	-

Pavement Management System	N/A		Adopted 8 Mar 2016	Adopted 2014/15; for update	Partially and again under
				2020 but limited funding; to be	review for adoption by
		-		budgeted for 2023/24	2023/24; limited funding
Performance Management Plan	Adopted 22 June 2015;	-	Approved 25 June 2014	Adopted 17 June 2015;	Adoption by June 2022.
	Reviewed 5 December 2017,			updated 2017; to be reviewed	
	Revised on 22 August 2022			in 2022	

Poverty Alleviation Plan	N/A	No	-	-	Approved 26 May 2014
Regional Economic Development & Tourism Strategy and Economic Recovery Plan	Approved 24 June 2019	Reviewed 29 June 2017; resolution 130/2017	Adopted 2006	Reviewed and adopted 10 December 2020	Adopted 12 June 2019
Risk Based Audit Plan (RBAP)	-	-	-	-	Compile RBAP and submit to Audit Comm by 30 June 2022; Plan to be adopted 2022-23
Risk Management Implementation Plan	Approved 24 October 2016; reviewed annually	As per District RMI Plan	As per District RMI Plan	-	As per District RMI Plan
Risk Management Implementation Plan	Approved 24 October 2016; reviewed annually, Approved 27 June 2022	As per District RMI Plan	As per District RMI Plan	-	As per District RMI Plan
Risk Strategy	Adopted 05/12/2016 and last review approved on 29/06/2020, to be reviewed in 2023	Adopted 28 June 2016; reviewed 25 May 2021; to be reviewed in 2022	-	-	In development stage
Social Development Implementation Plan	Adopted; to be reviewed October 2022; report bi- annually on implementation	In collaboration with ODM; coordinated on district level	In collaboration with ODM; coordinated on district level	In collaboration with ODM; coordinated on district level	In collaboration with ODM; coordinated on district level
Solid Waste Implementation Plan	N/A (forms part of IWMP)	No	IWMP implementation progress report approved with Annual Report, January 2016	Included in IWMP	DEADP & SDM developed a Development Contribution Policy; approved 28.08.15; amended 2020; to be revised 2022/23
Spatial Development Framework	DEADP assisted with development of SDF; SDF workshop 16 May 2022; adopted in tandem with IDP	Adopted May 2017; reviewed annually; new SDF to be developed 2022	Adopted 27 Oct 2006; to be reviewed 2017	Approved 2012; updated 2020; to be reviewed in next financial year with IDP – depending available budget	Amended SDF adopted May 2020; resubmission of SDF and undergo amended process during 2023-24
Storm Water & Drainage Maintenance Plan	N/A	2020	-	Updated and adopted 2 September 2015; to be updated in 2021 but limited funding; to be budgeted in 2023/24	Funding required; to be addressed in 2023/24
Storm Water Management Plan	N/A	-	Master Plan compiled for individual towns within	Updated and adopted 2 September 2015; to be	-

			Overstrand area; did not go	updated in 2021 but limited	
			through Council approval	funding; to be budgeted in	
			process	2023/24	
Strategic Financial Recovery Plan	District Economic Recovery	November 2020	-	Approved in 2014; to be	In development stage
	Plan Approved – April 2022			reviewed in 2023	
Water Asset Management Plan	N/A	Draft In place	28 May 2015;	Updated and adopted	-
			reviewed every 3 years in May	2020/21; forms part of Water Service Development Plan	
Wastewater Risk Abatement Plan	N/A	-	-	Updated December 2018; to	-
				be reviewed 2022/23	
Water Demand Management	N/A	Included in Management Plan	-	Adopted 25 April 2013; to be	-
Strategy & Water Conservation				reviewed in 2022/23	
Water Resource Plan	N/A	Included in Management Plan	-	Updated and adopted	Approved 2011; to be revised
				2020/21; forms part of Water	
				Service Development Plan	
Water Safety Plan	N/A	New Water Safety Plan to be tabled in October 2022	-	December 2018; to be reviewed in 2022/23	Approved 2011; to be revised in 2023/23
Water & Sanitation Master Plan	N/A	Completed in June 2020	Approved 27 May 2009; part	Water Master Plan approved	Approved 3 December 2015
			of Water Services	2015; Sewer Master Plan	
			Development Plan	approved 2010; both in	
				process of update; to be reviewed 2026	
Water Services Development Plan	N/A	Reviewed iOctober 2021 but	25 May 2016;	Approved 2016; currently in	Approved 28 April 2016
		was not tabled to Council; new	reviewed every 2 years in May	process of update; to be	
		five-year Plan to be drafted in		reviewed in 2026	
		October 2022			
Wetland Strategy & Action Plan	Approved 30 October 2017	-	-	-	-
Workplace Skills Plan (WSP)	Approved 29 April 2022	22 April 2022	20 May 2016	Approved and Submitted on 26 April 2022	Council approved April 2022

NB: An interactive workshop is planned for engagement with sectors and internal sector plan owners to discuss amongst other the review, update and amendment of sector plans in order to solicit the necessary support from stakeholders

#### 5.3 SUSTAINABLE LOCAL GOVERNMENT – INTEGRATION OF SECTOR PLANS

Sector Plan	Activity	Partners
<ul> <li>Coastal Management Plan</li> <li>Integrated Waste         Management Plan</li> <li>Climate Change Response         Framework</li> <li>Wetlands Strategy &amp; Action         Plan</li> <li>Risk Mgt Implementation Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Karwyderskraal Landfill Site</li> <li>Access to the coast – legal protocol from DEA and SALGA</li> </ul>	Overberg DM Overstrand LM Theewaterskloof LM DEADP ICLEI ICI ABI Organised Agriculture
<ul> <li>Employment Equity Plan</li> <li>Workplace Skills Plan</li> <li>Risk Mgt Implementation Plan</li> </ul>	Training Committee in place to facilitate the development of the WSP	SANParks Cape Nature Regions 20 (R20) Overberg DM HODs Unions/Labour LG SETA DoL
<ul> <li>Capital Investment Plan</li> <li>Finance Management Plan</li> <li>Fraud Prevention Plan</li> <li>Risk Management Implementation Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clean Audits</li> <li>Sound financial controls in place</li> <li>Ensure MFMA compliance</li> </ul>	Overberg DM Provincial Treasury National Treasury Auditor-General
<ul> <li>Integrated Transport Plan</li> <li>Spatial Development         Framework</li> <li>RED &amp; Tourism Strategy</li> <li>Risk Management         Implementation Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Road upgrades – exposing a host of opportunities for economic development</li> </ul>	Overberg DM DTPW DEADP DEDAT
<ul> <li>Disaster Risk Management Plan</li> <li>RED &amp; Tourism Strategy</li> <li>Risk Management Implementation Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Festive and Fire Readiness Plan in place</li> <li>Promotion of regional economic and skills development</li> <li>Management of disaster risks</li> <li>Development of community safety plans</li> <li>Safeguarding of tourists by providing adequate rescue services</li> </ul>	Overberg DM Overberg Local Munics Disaster Management WC Disaster Mgt Centre DEDAT DCS Overberg FPA Working on Fire NSRI
<ul> <li>Air Quality Management Plan</li> <li>Municipal Health Services Plan</li> <li>Risk Mgt Implementation Plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Promotion of preventative measures that is implemented for our communities to promote clean drinking water, safe food, clean air to breath, chemical safety and safe premises</li> <li>Campaigns to educate children and adults on the importance of residing in a clean and safe environment</li> </ul>	Overberg DM Cape Agulhas LM Overstrand LM Theewaterskloof LM Swellendam LM
District RED & Tourism     Strategy and Economic     Recovery Plan	<ul> <li>Regional economic development to ensure growth of the Overberg economy</li> <li>Job creation initiatives through PPP with HIK in development stages over 4 years</li> </ul>	District RTO Overberg DM Local Municipalities HIK DEDAT Wesgro National Tourism
<ul><li>Communication Strategy</li><li>Communication Action Plan</li><li>Language Policy</li></ul>	Ensure communications activities are executed in line with Council objectives	Overberg DM Prov Public Participation District Public Participation & Communications



## REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOURISM

#### 6.1 REGIONAL TOURISM: CAPE OVERBERG

The Overberg District, which is known for its coastline and vast farmlands, has four local municipalities with major towns and cities that include: Agulhas, Arniston, Barrydale, Betty's Bay, Birkenhead, Bot River, Bredasdorp, Buffeljagsrivier, Caledon/Myddleton, De Kelders, Elim, Fishershaven, Franskraal, Gans Bay, Genadendal, Grabow, Greyton, Hawston, Hermanus, Infanta, Kleinmond, Klipdale, Malgas, Napier, Onrus, Pearly Beach, Pringle Bay, Protem, Riviersonderend, Rooi-Els, Sand Bay, Stanford, Struis Bay, Suiderstrand, Suurbraak, Swellendam, Theewaterskloof, Van Dyks Bay, Vermont and Villiersdorp.

Within driving distance of one of South Africa's busiest cities, lies a region of contrasts and wonder. The Overberg has rugged mountain ranges, fynbos, rolling wheat and canola fields, and splendid coastal vistas. It is for you to reflect, discover and maybe even have the adventure of a lifetime. Driving southeast on the N2 from Cape Town, visitors will climb the Hottentots Holland Mountains via Sir Lowry's Pass just after Somerset West. Fortunately, modern travelers have the luxury of a well-built highway, not like the early settlers who struggled over the mountain with ox and wagon.

Once on the other side of the mountain, the traveler will find a myriad of roads into the Overberg where the land, mountains, sea, and people tell their own story. The Overberg is a region that stretches along coasts with beautiful beaches, and over mountain ranges with interesting geological formations, abundant birdlife, and fynbos. The roads will take you on a journey through valleys with picturesque vineyards, orchards, and beautiful landscapes of green, gold, and brown. Memories from the past – as illustrated by the Overberg's rich collection of mission stations, shipwrecks, and old architectural treasures – exist harmoniously with new developments in our towns, ensuring visitors find all they need.

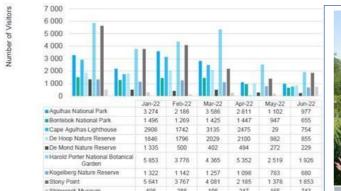


#### **TOURISM**

Performance of Overberg district attractions

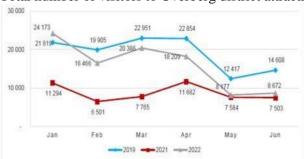
A total of 96,083 people visited Overberg attractions between January and June 2022, showing a recovery rate of 84% compared to the same period in 2019.

Visitor numbers were the highest in January 2022, exceeding the 2019 figure by 11%. In 2022 visitor numbers were the second highest in March, followed by visitors in April and then in February. The number of visitors started slowing down in May and June which coincides with the province's winter period.





Total number of visitors to Overberg district attractions, Jan–June 2022





The Overberg caters for sport enthusiasts and eco-adventurers alike, with its diverse activities on offer: tackle a 4x4 trail, dust off the old golf clubs, ride a horse, go on a sunset cruise, learn to fly fish, spot the whales, or dare to go shark cage diving. For those who wish to spend their holiday at a more leisurely pace, enjoy our fragrant wines, sit back in our country gardens with a good book or relax in our natural hot springs.

#### **FILMING**

Film crews wishing to access municipal properties will require a permit that is available at the local town council. Rates are dependent on the size of the crew and the duration of the shoot. For road closures the traffic department needs to be involved. Filming in nature reserves and on beaches requires an ECO guide and an environmental impact study with the application. When filming on private property or in an estate, film crews will need landowners' permission and permission from the governing body.



Clarence drive one of the most scenic drives in the world, is a popular setting for filming, especially commercials involving vehicles. The same goes for the gravel roads through the forests in Elgin Valley, Grabouw. In the seaside village of Gansbaai, wildlife and documentary film crews can often be seen, as this is the place often frequented by the great white shark. There are a few hot spots in the Overberg that host regular film shoots and still plenty of hidden gems to be explored.

#### 6.2 REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY AND RECOVERY PLAN

During December 2017 the Overberg District Municipality approached SALGA to assist in developing a Regional Economic Development (RED) and Tourism Strategy. The process commenced in March 2018 with a process plan presented to DCF. The successful implementation of a RED plan is dependent on cooperation between all spheres of government, the private sector, and communities.

On 11 October 2019 the Implementation Plan was presented to the RED and Tourism Forum. Implementation of the proposals in the plan is required to bring the strategy to life. During C-19 municipalities re-organised productive labour and capital into new businesses and activities, and they account for changes that have taken place in the economy.

Progress of planned deliverables in the RED and Tourism Strategy and Economic Recovery Plan is reported quarterly to the Community Services Portfolio Committee. The economy of Overberg is a rapidly growing in terms of infrastructure and accessibility. Employment growth has been driven by business services, construction, retail, agro-processing and tourism sectors.

#### OVERBERG ECONOMIC RECOVERY PLAN

The Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan was developed, in the short term, to preserve lives through supporting livelihoods, distressed firms and financial systems and health care. October 2022 marks two years since the country instated the Economic Reconstruction and Recovery Plan - a plan that puts the focus on programmes being implemented by government and social partners to stimulate equitable and inclusive growth.

In the long term, the ERRP focuses on economic recovery and reconstruction to be implemented by government and social partners to stimulate equitable and inclusive growth.

While the world continues its recovery from the pandemic, South Africa's economy has experienced economic stagnation which has put a strain on moves to tackle the historical structural economic challenges of inequality, unemployment, and poverty. COVID-19 has exacerbated the country's social and economic situation.

The Recovery Plan and the Joint District and Metro Approach (JDMA) is aligned.



The Economic Recovery Plan is based on Themes:

#### • JOBS

The economic impact of COVID-19 has been severe. We can only recover if our economy grows, and our citizens generate income.

#### SAFETY

This is the overarching theme for the Provincial Strategic Plan, and it is equally relevant going forward. It is inextricably linked with Wellbeing, as Safety cannot be achieved if basic human needs are not met.

#### WELL-BEING

Government must ensure that the basic human needs of our citizens are 128ealized, as guaranteed in the Constitution.

#### DIGNITY

The citizen is at the centre of everything that we do as government, and what we deliver and how we deliver it must uphold the dignity of every individual, household, and community.



#### 6.3 RESORTS

The Overberg District Municipality manages three resorts, only two of which are functional. Uilenkraalsmond Resort is situated 7km from Gansbaai, and Die Dam Resort 40km from Gansbaai town. Both resorts comprise chalets and caravan sites, as well as semi-lessee accommodation.

#### **UILENKRAALSMOND**

Uilekraalsmond, the municipal Caravan Park, is situated at the mouth of the Uilkraal River. This is a very popular holiday resort with a big caravan park, self catering chalets, supertube, putt-course and pub. The tranquil lagoon is safe for swimming and one can enjoy long walks on the beach





#### **DIE DAM**

The campsite at Die Dam leads into the Quoin Point Nature Reserve and to some good fishing grounds along the undulating coastline. To get there, you need to negotiate very soft conditions underfoot which can be done only in a 4X4, so don't forget to take along your sand recovery tracks and a shovel. Sharp inclines and declines are common to the sandy roads in the area, which are essentially dunes populated with dune grasses and some fynbos. Beach walks, photography, shell-collecting and swimming in the natural bays in the area make this the ideal spot for the whole family. If you're into shark-cage diving, take the 10 minute drive from Die Dam to Kleinbaai. Whale watching is also prominent in the bays along this coastline, and the abundant birdlife is a birder's dream. If none of these activities sparks any interest in you, then collapse into your comfortable camping chair in the shade and take in the wonderful views. You're not expected to do anything except relax and unwind.





\*See Chapter 11, section 11.4.5, page 217, for further Res



## SPATIAL PLANNING

#### 7.1 PURPOSE OF A SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK (SDF)

The intergovernmental system for spatial governance relies on fundamental principles of spatial development, aiming to promote sustainable living and preserve the environment by facilitating economic and infrastructural growth. Municipal Spatial Development Frameworks (MSDFs) are strategic planning documents and the main purpose of MSDFs are:

- guide decision-making to create integrated urban settlements.
- create a framework for land-use management (what should happen where).
- inform decisions relating to development applications.
- create a framework for public and private sector investment (where to spend the budget).

An MSDF should encompass a municipality's economic, sectoral, spatial, social, institutional, and environmental vision and serves as a tool to achieve the desired spatial form of the municipality. As per the National Spatial Development Framework (NSDF) Guidelines, the purpose of a District Municipal SDF and that of a Local Municipal SDF differs somewhat, as described in the table below.

District SDF (DSDF)	Local Municipal SDF (MSDF)
■ Defines the settlement structure and indicates roles of settlements, transport, and regional service infrastructure across and between local municipalities.	Should indicate:  New urban growth areas.  Areas for densification and restructuring.
Defines the linkages and corridors between settlements.	<ul> <li>Conservation areas and areas to be protected, such as agricultural land and coastal zones.</li> </ul>
	■ Urban edges around settlements.
<ul> <li>Identifies growth nodes, priority investment areas, and areas of rural decay.</li> </ul>	Existing and future transport links.
<ul> <li>Indicates areas of protection and conservation such as biodiversity conservation areas and valuable agricultural land.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Priority areas for investment in community and social facilities.</li> <li>Conceptual guidelines for individual settlement plans that will become the subject of detailed spatial</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A key responsibility of planning at this level should resolve contradictions with planning visions between local municipalities.</li> </ul>	development plans for each settlement which should show proposals on a cadastral base.  This should also apply to any special or focus areas.
<ul> <li>District level planning should guard against providing detailed local municipal level planning.</li> </ul>	

#### 7.2 LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

The SDF must comply with all relevant process and content requirements of the following planning legislation:

- ✓ Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- ✓ Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (SPLUMA), 2013 (Act 16 of 2013)
- ✓ Western Cape Land Use Planning Act (LUPA), 2014 (Act 3 of 2014)

#### 7.3 IDP/SDF INTEGRATION AND ADOPTION

The SDF is the 20-year development plan for a municipality and is adopted as a core component of the municipality's 5-year IDP. Therefore, it is imperative that there is alignment between the ODM IDP and the ODM DSDF. Notably all SDFs must be reviewed every 5 years to align with the IDP, relevant national and provincial policies, and local municipal SDFs.

In drafting, adopting and amending an SDF it is important to highlight the relationship between the SDF and the IDP. The following incumbent legislation provide further clarity:

#### The Local Government Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) (MSA)

Section 26(2) of the MSA refers to the municipal SDF as a "core component" of the municipal IDP along with amongst others, the council's development strategies, the council's operational strategies, disaster management plans, a financial plan and key performance indicators and targets.

#### Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 (Act 16 of 2013) (SPLUMA)

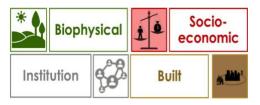
Section 20(2) of SPLUMA indicates how a municipal SDF must be prepared "as part of a municipal IDP, in accordance with the provisions of the MSA. Furthermore, Section 20(1) of the MSA refers to how a municipal Council must by notice in the Provincial Gazette adopt a municipal SDF.

#### Western Cape Land Use Planning Act, 2014 (Act 3 of 2014) (LUPA)

I Section 10(1) of LUPA, reference is made to a municipality adopting or amending its SDF in term of the MSA. In this regard it is significant to note that the MSA does not provide separate process to draft adopt or amend an SDF independently from the IDP. The only process the MSA regulates is the process to draft, adopt and amend an IDP and therefore the SDF must follow this process.

The MSA and SPLUMA explicitly makes the municipal SDF part of the municipal IDP, while LUPA and the Standard Municipal Land Use Planning Bylaws make it clear that the process to be followed in the drafting, adoption and amendment of a municipal SDF is the same process used for the drafting, adoption, or amendment of a municipal IDP as set out in the MSA and its regulations. The compilation and adoption of a municipal SDF is therefore regulated by all four the above-mentioned laws which contains both the procedural and content requirements that must be adhered to by the municipality. Most importantly it must be noted that the said legislationdoes not allow for a municipal SDF to be drafted, adopted, or amended in isolation or separately from the IDP. Amunicipal SDF must therefore be compiled, adopted, and amended as part of the municipal IDP drafting adoption and amendment process.

An analysis of the key biophysical, natural, socio-economic, and built environment themes, as well as institutional composition of the district municipality, was undertaken, to form a sound understanding of the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats playing out in the Overberg District to inform the drafting of the ODM DSDF.



Officials from within the ODM, the four B-Municipalities and relevant provincial and national departments were also consulted during the SDF drafting process.

The new DSDF vision and 4 key strategies are presented below:

The Overberg, an exemplary, safe, and enabling district municipality known for offering equal and diverse economic opportunities founded on the sustainable use of local resources, striving for a quality of life for all"



To enable the vision and key strategies, the DSDF offers guidelines for various sectors (planning, environment, coastal, agriculture, LED, etc.) to assist them to understand their role in achieving the said vision and strategies with the aid of policies and guidelines.

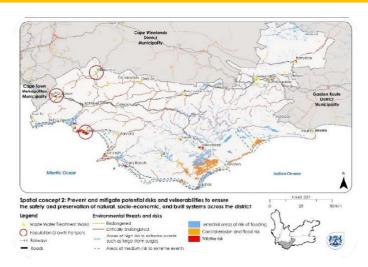
### Protect, enhance, and capitalize on agricultural, environmental, and scenic landscape assets and recognize their importance as drivers of the economy.

- Policy 1: Protect, enhance, and capitalise on scenic landscape and heritage assets of the District and recognize its importance as a driver to the economy.
- Policy 2: Protection and promotion of an inclusive, sustainable, and resilient agricultural sector.
- Policy 3: Establish, manage, and market the Overberg District's unique coastal and inland offerings to local and international visitors.



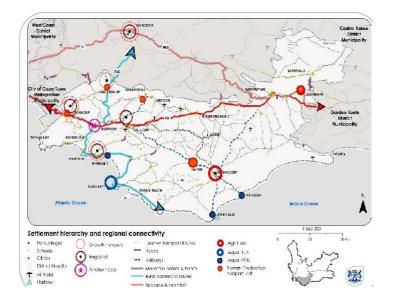
Prevent and mitigate potential risks and vulnerabilities to ensure the safety of natural, social, economic and infrastructural resources of the district.

- Policy 1: The protection and conservation of renosterveld is a collective action.
- Policy 2: Prioritise and implement climate change mitigation efforts.
- Policy 3 Co-ordination of efforts Disaster Management/ Emergency efforts.
- Policy 4: Protect the integrity of the coastline and shoreline.
- Policy 5: Upgrade, maintain and manage regional waste and engineering infrastructure.
- Policy 6: A coordinated effort to proactively manage the risk of land invasions and condemn the unlawful occupation of land.



Improved regional accessibility and connectivity matched by capacity, resources, and opportunity to achieve inclusive economies of scale.

- Policy 1: Prioritize infrastructure and services to support the identified role and hierarchy within the regional space economy and with due consideration of population growth projections.
- Policy 2: Acceleration of the delivery of basic services in gazetted Priority Human Settlement and Housing Development Areas and Regional Centres.
- Policy 3: Promote smart growth ensuring the efficient use of land and infrastructure by containing urban sprawl and prioritising infill, intensification, and redevelopment within settlements.
- Policy 4: Revitalize rail infrastructure for tourism and rail-based movement of freight.



Targeted and coordinated use of government assets, infrastructure, and funding to ensure the most efficient and financially sustainable use of public resources and funds.

- Policy 1: Better coordination and collaboration between spheres of government.
- Policy 2: Target investment in identified growth nodes.

### 7.4 OVERVIEW OF LOCAL MUNICIPALITY SDFs ACROSS THE OVERBERG DISTRICT

Overberg DM	DEA&DP assisted the ODM with the development of the Overberg DSDF. The parties collaborated to ensure that the DSDF is compliant with procedural steps as set out in SPLUMA and LUPA. Stakeholder consultations were held as required by SPLUMA. The request for comments was published in local newspapers and Provincial Gazette for public input for a period of 60 days, which ended on 15 March 2022.  An overview of the Draft SDF was presented during a Strategic Session of Council on 14 March 2022 and a further workshop held on 16
	May 2022. In tandem with the 5 <sup>th</sup> Generation Integrated Development Plan (IDP), the new SDF was tabled to Council for adoption on30 May 2022.
	The MSDF (Annexure E) may be viewed on the municipal website www.odm.org.za
Cape Agulhas LM	Currently the 4th Draft SDF is in process and the public participation processes was concluded. It is anticipated that the Draft SDF would be completed by end of July 2024 upon which the IDP will also have to be amended.
Overstrand LM	The reviewed Overstrand MSDF (2020) was adopted as part of the 2020/21 IDP review and amendment process on 27 May 2020.
Theewaterskloof LM	Adopted with amended IDP on 27 May 2020; Currently in amendment process to be formally adopted in May 2024
Swellendam LM	In terms of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 (Act 16 of 2013) ('SPLUMA'), the Western Cape Land Use Planning Act, 2014 (Act 3 of 2014) ('LUPA') and the Municipal Land Use Planning Bylaw, Swellendam Municipality is in the process of reviewing the Municipal Spatial Development Framework (SDF) in conjunction with the Draft 2023-2024 IDP Review, 1st Review of the 2022-2027 IDP.
DSDF	At this time, without an Implementation Plan/Framework, the current

#### DSDF Implementation Plan

At this time, without an Implementation Plan/Framework, the current adopted ODM District Spatial Development Framework (DSDF) is non-compliant in terms of the content requirements of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (2013), also referred to as SPLUMA. Implementation Plan is approved by Council on 29 May 2023.



## DISASTER MANAGEMENT

#### 8.1 DISTRICT DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT

It is noted that this Chapter is to be read in conjunction with Section 11.4.3 (Emergency Services) on page 208.

#### DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN

A Disaster Management (DM) Plan has become a requirement for inclusion with the IDP Plan. The DM Plan should consider all aspects of contingency arrangements that need to be taken into consideration in instances of natural as well as unnatural disasters.

In accordance with the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act 57 of 2002), a revised Disaster Risk Management Plan (DRMP) was adopted by Council on 27 June 2022.

#### 8.2 ASSESSMENT OF DISASTER RISKS

Overberg District Municipality's assessment of disaster risks:

#### A Hazard, Risk and Vulnerability Assessment (HRAVA) has been performed:

	YES	NO
1.1 For the Municipal Area	✓	
1.2 For projects identified in the IDP	✓	

#### Comments:

A total review and update of the HRAVA is being conducted in 2023

The identified disaster risks have been prevented or mitigated through the implementation of risk reduction programmes:

	YES	NO
2.1 For the Municipal Area	✓	
2.2 For projects identified in the IDP	✓	

Comments:	
	EPWP Teams form firebreaks and protection clearing. Also refer page X for further
	disaster risk reduction initiatives

Appropriate disaster preparedness, response and recovery plans have been developed for a risk that cannot be prepared or mitigated:

	YES	NO
3.1 For the Municipal Area	✓	
3.2 For projects identified in the IDP	✓	

Comments:	

4. The Municipality has instituted the following disaster management requir
---

	YES	NO
4.1 Established a functional Disaster Management Centre	✓	
4.2 Appoint a Head of Centre	✓	
4.3 A functional Disaster Management Advisory Forum	✓	
4.4 A Disaster Management (DM) Plan has been developed	✓	
4.5 This DM Plan does include Sectoral Plans	✓	

Comments:				

#### 5. Disaster Management has functional systems that comply with the following:

	YES	NO
5.1 GIS data for disaster management	✓	
5.2 Risk reduction planning	✓	
5.3 Early warning system	✓	
5.4 Preparedness, response and recovery planning	✓	

Comments:

#### 6. These systems are linked to:

	YES	NO
6.1 Other line functions in the Municipality	✓	
6.2 Other Municipalities	✓	
6.3 Security Forces (SAPS and SANDF)	✓	
6.4 Provincial MES	✓	
6.5 Provincial Departments	✓	
6.6 The National Disaster Management Centre	✓	

Comments:		

#### 7. The Municipal Disaster Management Plan is completed, submitted and approved by (answer where applicable):

	YES	NO
7.1 Other Municipalities in District Municipal Area	✓	
7.2 District Municipal Disaster Management Centre	✓	
7.3 Provincial Disaster Management Centre	✓	

Comments:		

<sup>8.</sup> List of all the projects that have been identified in the IDP as "Very High Risk", "High Risk", "Low Risk" and/or "No Risk". Please see attached Table: Assessment of Disaster Risk of IDP Projects.

#### 8.3 DISASTER RISK REGISTER 2024/2025

1. Project Reference	2. Project Description	3. Primary & Secondary Stakeholders	4. Risk Rating (Very High Risk; High Risk; Low Risk; No Risk)	5. Risk Reduction – Actions Taken (Prevention/Mitigation/Preparedness)	6. Comments by Disaster Management
Chapter 11 sec 11.4.3	Aerial Support (Helicopter):  To provide for rapid aerial fire and rescue interventions in the Overberg area by placing a multi-purpose helicopter on standby in Bredasdorp from 1 December till 30 April each year.	Overberg Fire & Rescue	High	This is a mitigation action to prevent fires from turning into disasters and preventing fatalities by having a rescue service available.	Disaster Management (DM) endorses the project.
Chapter 11 sec 11.4.3	Vehicle Replacement:  To replace old and unreliable vehicles with faster rapid intervention vehicles that can respond to a variety of incidents in the entire Overberg area, thus reducing response times to calls.	Overberg Fire & Rescue	High	A mitigation project to combat fires that occur.	DM endorses the project. Vehicle acquisition taken up in 3-year MTREF.
Chapter 11 Sec 11.4.3	Safer Communities Project Plan:  For implementation throughout the year. Plan to include Safer Beaches, Fire Resilient Communities, Learn Not To Burn and Schools Safety Programme	Overberg Fire & Rescue	Very High	A preparedness project to prevent unnecessary loss of life or serious injury due to incidents and disasters, e.g. shack fires, drowning, floods, etc.  Prevention of malicious ignitions during fire season.	DM endorses these projects. To be more vigorously revised and addressed to bring in line with DMs Vision.
Chapter 11 sec 11.4.4	Roads Department Projects – flood damage to infrastructure	Roads and Overberg Fire, Rescue & Disaster Management	Very High	Preventative maintenance	Standard roads projects posing no risks, with exception of adhoc projects
Chapter 11 sec 11.4.5	EPWP – job creation initiative across all departments	EPWP Project-holders	Low	Induction and First-Aid training provided to EPWP beneficiaries. Higher risk projects mitigated by trng.	Standard EPWP projects posing no risks.

# 8.4 DISASTER RISK REDUCTION INITIATIVES

Overberg District Municipality Disaster Management Section does not directly run Disaster Risk Reduction Initiatives or programs. The reasons for that are two-fold: Firstly, the section is undercapacitated due to financial constraints, however, that forces us to follow a different approach with distinct advantages.

The role of Disaster Management in the district with regards to Disaster Risk Reduction Initiatives is to facilitate, participate and support. The advantage of this approach is that we can achieve better coverage and input and influence more projects and initiatives throughout the Overberg.

Current initiatives that the Disaster Management Section is involved in are *inter alia*:

- 1. Drought Relief and Risk Reduction Project in the Barrydale area together with Department of Agriculture and Provincial Disaster Management Centre.
  - a. Creating resilience and reducing continued risk through:
    - i. Seed programs
    - ii. Water source security
    - iii. Predation prevention
- 2. Rural Safety risk reduction through Department Community Safety projects coordinated by Overberg Disaster Management.
- 3. Conflict Risk reduction through active mediation programs, actions, and training of mediators.
- 4. Covid Risk has reduced considerably but remains on the radar and being monitored.
- 5. Fire Risk reduction together with Fire Department and Greater Overberg Fire Protection Association through:
- a. Alien control together with other stakeholders.
- b. Fuel Reduction Burns
- 6. Flood Risk reduction programs together with Local Municipalities, Roads Department and preemptive warning dissemination.
- 7. Preemptive planning and coordination of ESCOM emergency together with all roleplayers locally and Provincial



Note: Updated on this chapter will only be done after the approval of the National Government Budget

# FINANCIAL PLANNING

# 9.1 NATIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANT ALLOCATIONS OVERBERG

Allocation	ODM (R'000)	CAM (R'000)	OSM (R'000)	TWK (R'000)	SDM (R'000)	REGION (R'000)
Equitable Share	27 721	45 807	179 268	150 030	49 412	440 158
Local Government Financial Management Grant	1 000	1 800	1 800	1 900	1 900	8 400
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		12 484	34 082	31 668	13 612	91 846
Integrated National Electrification Program (Municipal)			13 908		14 142	28 050
Integrated National Electrification Program (Eskom)						
Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant	1 500	1 727	2 588	1 930	1 565	9 310
Rural Roads Asset Management Systems	3 107					3 107
Water Services Infrastructure			28 427		33 000	61 427
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management					4 000	4 000
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant						
RSC Levies Replacement	58 337					58 337

Source: Division of Revenue Bill 2022

# 9.2 EQUITABLE SHARE: DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES WESTERN CAPE

	Equitable Share							
District Municipality	2025/26 (R'000)	2026/27 (R'000)	2027/28 (R'000)					
Central Karoo	39 084	39 585	41 389					
Overberg	88 359	90 667	94 774					
West Coast	112 557	116 191	121 450					
Garden Route	188 026	194 908	203 727					
Cape Winelands	273 881	285 531	298 444					

Source: Division of Revenue Bill 2024

# 9.3 PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ALLOCATIONS 2025/26 – 2027/28

DECORIDATION		MTREF	
DESCRIPTION	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
PT - PAWC	133 694	139 710	145 997
SETA	250	250	250
Health Subsidy			
Financial Management Grant			
Municipal Capacity Building Grant			
Financial Management Support Grant			
Greenest Municipality			
CDW Operational Support Grant	57	57	57
Local Government Graduate Internship Grant			
Human Capacity Building Grant			
Finance Management (Resorts)			
Fire Safety Plan	1000	1000	1000
mSCOA System Support (Finance and Corp)			
Local Government Support Grant – Human Relief			
Joint District and Metro Approach (JDMA) Grant			
Local Government Intervention Grant			
Western Cape Financial Management Capability Grant	3 775		
Fire Service Capacity Building Grant	500		
Municipal Water Resilience Grant			
	139 526	141 017	147 304

# OVERBERG DISRICT MUNICIPALITY - MULTI YEAR CAPITAL PROGRAME FOR 2025/26 - 2027/28

			_	-	
		FUNDING	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET
DEPARTMENT	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
1 COMMITTEE, RECORDS, COUNCIL SUPPRT	DC3_Furniture and Office Equipment	1	R35 000.00	R35 000.00	R35 000.00
2 CORPORATE SERVICES : SUPPORT SERV	DC3_Septic tank	1	R160 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
3 EMERGENCY SERVICES	DC3_Vehicle Refurbishment	1	R400 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
4 EMERGENCY SERVICES	DC3_Bunker Gear	1	R400 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
5 EMERGENCY SERVICES	DC3_Training Centre Training Management System	1	R250 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
6 EMERGENCY SERVICES	DC3_Rescue Equipment	1	R150 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
7 EMERGENCY SERVICES	DC3_Capacity Project	4	R500 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
8 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES	DC3_Vehicle - Rollbar and rubberised loadbin	1	R11 000.00	R35 000.00	R3 000.00
9 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES	DC3_Inspections and data gatehering-Tablets	1	R20 000.00	R2 500.00	R1500.00
10 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES	DC3_Spillkit (Sect 30)	1	R7 000.00	R15 000.00	R85 000.00
11 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES	DC3_Weighbridge software program	1	R200 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
12 ICT SERVICES	DC3_Fingerprint system	1	R500 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
13 ICT SERVICES	DC_Council Chamber Hybrid System	1	R600 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
14 ICT SERVICES	DC3_Computer Equipment	1	R260 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
15 IDP AND COMMUNICATION	DC3_Sound Equipment	1	R20 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
16 LED, TOURISM, RESORTS AND EPWP	DC3_Machinery and Equipment	1	R150 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
17 LED, TOURISM, RESORTS AND EPWP	DC3_Furniture and Office Equipment	1	R100 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
18 MUNICIPAL HEALTH SERVICES	DC3_Vehicle	1	R600 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
19 MUNICIPAL HEALTH SERVICES	DC3_Furniture and Office Equipment	1	R150 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
20 MUNICIPAL HEALTH SERVICES	DC3_Office Refurbishment	1	R1 120 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
21 PERFORMANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT	DC3_Computer Equipment	1	R2 500.00	R0.00	R0.00
22 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	DC3_Cell 5	3	R9 200 000.00	R20 000 000.00	R20 000 000.00
23 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT	DC3_Camara System	1	R42 000.00	R0.00	R0.00
			R14 877 500.00	R20 087 500.00	R20 124 500.00

Funding Sources	Туре	Budget
Capital Replacement Reserve	1	R 5 177 500.00
Revenue	2	R -
External Loans	3	R 9 200 000.00
Grants	4	R 500 000.00
Private Contributions	5	R -
TOTAL		R 14 877 500.00

# 9.5 BUDGET SCHEDULES

Attached are the following 2024/25 Final Budget Schedules, as approved by Council on 29 May 2023:

- Reconciliation of IDP Strategic Goals and Budget (Revenue) ■ SA4:
- SA5: Reconciliation of IDP Strategic Goals and Budget (Operating Expenditure)
- SA6: Reconciliation of IDP Strategic Goals and Budget (Capital Expenditure)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Cui	rrent Year 2024	1/25		ledium Term R enditure Frame	
			IVEI	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Yea
R thousand				Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2025/26	+1 2026/27	+2 2027/28
Basic Services and	To ensure the well-being of all	SG1		135 518	138 048	147 079	163 689	167 788	167 788	170 187	180 496	189 712
Infrastructure	in the Overberg through the											
	provision of efficient basic											
	services and infrastructure.											
Local Economic Development	To promote regional economic	SG3		16 771	18 849	21 241	21 133	22 025	22 025	28 055	30 019	31 966
	dev elopment by supporting											
	the initiatives in the district for											
	the development of a											
	sustainable district economy.											
Municipal Transformation &	To ensure municipal	SG3		30	33	101	42	44	44	47	50	52
Institutional Development	transformation and institutional	303		30	33	101	42	44	44	41	30	52
institutional Development	development by creating a											
	staff structure that would											
	adhere to the principles of											
	employment equity and											
	promote skills development.											
Financial Viability	I'	SG4		92 114	98 921	101 410	75 256	77 023	77 023	79 673	78 495	82 020
· mandar viazing	financial viability and			V2	00 02.	101 110	10 200	525	11 020	100.0	10 .00	02 020
	sustainability by executing											
	accounting services in											
	accordance with National											
	policy and guidelines.											
Good gov ernance and		SG5		23 460	12 247	13 632	42 938	42 938	42 938	34 821	33 136	34 245
Community Participation	practices by providing a											
, ,	dramatic and proactive											
	accountable government and											
	ensuring community											
	participation through IGR											
	structures											
Allocations to other prioriti			2	00= 00=	000.00-	000 10-	000.00-	000 04-	000.000	0.0 ====	000 100	
iotai Revenue (excluding ca	pital transfers and contributi	ions)	1	267 893	268 097	283 463	303 058	309 818	309 818	312 782	322 196	337 995

<sup>1.</sup> Total revenue must reconcile to Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

<sup>2.</sup> Balance of allocations not directly linked to an IDP strategic objective

DC3 Overberg - Supporting Table SA5 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (operating expenditure)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	F ,	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Cui	rrent Year 2024	/25		ledium Term R enditure Frame	
			Ref	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R thousand				Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2025/26	+1 2026/27	+2 2027/28
Basic Services and Infrastructure	To ensure the well-being of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic	SG1		176 833	183 798	192 917	215 011	213 953	213 953	220 997	227 384	238 222
Local Economic Development	To promote regional economic development by supporting	SG3		15 722	16 601	17 216	21 829	23 780	23 780	21 440	20 921	21 953
	the initiatives in the district for											
Municipal Transformation & Institutional Development	transformation and institutional development by creating a	SG3		11 110	13 513	15 593	20 035	20 495	20 495	21 330	22 298	23 489
Financial Viability	To attain and maintain financial viability and sustainability by executing	SG4		25 055	27 630	26 841	28 948	34 337	34 337	30 976	32 541	34 204
Good governance and Community Participation		SG5		15 897	14 592	15 972	17 235	17 253	17 253	18 040	19 052	20 129
Allocations to other prioriti	es											
Total Expenditure			1	244 617	256 134	268 539	303 058	309 818	309 818	312 782	322 196	337 995

# References

Total expenditure must reconcile to Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

<sup>2.</sup> Balance of allocations not directly linked to an IDP strategic objective

DC3 Overberg - Supporting Table SA6 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (capital expenditure)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Cu	rrent Year 2024	/25		edium Term R nditure Frame	
D.4h			Ref	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Yea
R thousand		004		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2025/26	+1 2026/27	+2 2027/28
Basic Services and Infrastructure	To ensure the well-being of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic	SG1		6 342	4 445	9 707	8 111	10 055	10 055	13 008	20 053	20 090
ocal Economic Development	To promote regional economic development by supporting the initiatives in the district for	SG3		613	1 743	376	1 315	1 610	1 610	250	-	-
Municipal Transformation & Institutional Development	To ensure municipal transformation and institutional development by creating a	SG3		1 844	1 467	2 087	2 034	2 159	2 159	1 555	35	35
inancial Viability	To attain and maintain financial viability and sustainability by executing	SG4		476	3	18	30	30	30	42	-	-
Good governance and Community Participation	To ensure good governance practices by providing a dramatic and proactive	SG5		262	13	2	15	15	15	23	-	-
		F										
		G										
		Н										
		I										
		J										
		К										
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		0										
		Р										
Allocations to other prioriti	PS .		3									
otal Capital Expenditure			1	9 537	7 671	12 191	11 505	13 870	13 870	14 878	20 088	20 12

- References

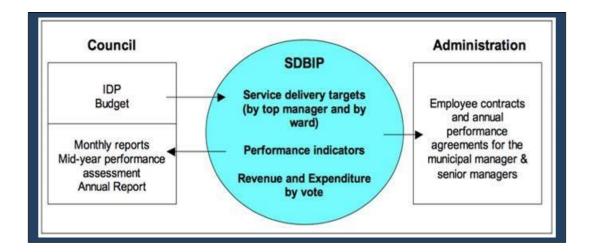
  1. Total capital expenditure must reconcile to Budgeted Capital Expenditure

  2. Goal code must be used on Table SA36
- Balance of allocations not directly linked to an IDP strategic objective



# PERFORMANCE & RISK MANAGEMENT

# 10.1 OVERVIEW: PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT



For monitoring and evaluation purposes, Municipalities are required to adopt a Performance Management System (PMS) in accordance with:

- ✓ Chapter 7, Sections 152 and 153, and Schedules 4 and 5, Part B, of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- ✓ Section 73 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- ✓ Chapters 4 and 6 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- ✓ Section 84 of the Municipal Structures Amendment Act, 2000 (Act 33 of 2000)
- ✓ Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations 805 of 2001
- ✓ Section 53 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003)

#### OBJECTIVES OF THE PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

- Facilitate increased accountability
- Facilitate learning and improvement
- Provide early warning signals
- Facilitate decision-making
- Improve transparency

# **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPIs)**

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), as defined in the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations 805 of 2001, defines a set of values used to measure against. These values/indicators should be:

- quantitative presented as a number
- **practical** interfaces with existing municipal processes
- **directional** specifies whether the municipality is progressing or not
- actionable sufficiently in the municipality's control to effect change
- **financial** used in performance measurement

# SERVICE DELIVERY AND BUDGET IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (SDBIP)

The Overberg District Municipality implemented Performance Management in 2009. Following the adoption of the IDP and Budget, the Municipality prepares its Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003) and MFMA National Treasury Circular 13.

The SDBIP indicates performance targets, financial performance targets, and assigns responsibility to execute the respective performance targets. These targets are aligned with the National Development Plan, National Government Outcomes, and Western Cape Provincial Government Strategic Goals (refer Chapter 11).

The Overberg District Municipality signed Performance Agreements/Plans with each employee to give effect to objectives of the IDP. The oversight role is performed by the Audit- and Performance Audit Committee, and Council.

The strategic outcomes are unpacked into outputs, actions, processes, key performance indicators and targets. It is also a management tool to plan, monitor, and measure and review performance of indicators to ensure efficiency, effectiveness and impact of service delivery by the municipality.

Alignment has been ensured between the IDP and the TL SDBIP which contains Key Performance Indicators for the 2022/23 to 2026/27 period. The TL SDBIP will be accessible on the municipal website (<a href="www.odm.org.za">www.odm.org.za</a>) within 28 days after approval of the Budget.

#### IMPLEMENTATION AND IN-YEAR REPORTING

Monthly, quarterly and mid-year monitoring is performed to monitor and ensure the progress and achievement of Council's key objectives.

#### ANNUAL REPORT

All of the above monitoring and evaluation processes are finally translated and reported on in the Annual Report of the Overberg District Municipality. The Annual Report is tabled to Council for approval by end of March each year.



# **MUNICIPAL STAFF REGULATIONS 2021**

In terms of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), Municipal Staff Regulations 2021, annual Performance Agreements must be concluded with a serving staff member:

- within 30 days of the commencement of the new financial year of the municipality; and
- within 60 days of (a) his/her appointment after probation as from 1 July of the new financial year; (b) his/her transfer or promotion to a new post; or (c) his/her return from prolonged leave that is more than three months.

# 10.2 MFMA CIRCULAR 88 OUTPUT AND OUTCOME PLANNING INDICATORS

MFMA Circular 88 (*Annexure F*) on Rationalising Planning and Reporting Requirements, first issued on 30 November 2017 and the subsequent update Addenda in 2019, generally focused on the implementation of reporting forms. This Addendum updated issued on 17 December 2020 includes the work to date on planning and budgeting reforms to be factored into municipal planning, budgeting and reporting for the 2021/22 MTREF. The reforms will continue being incrementally implemented in the 2022/23 – 2025/26 MTREF, and apply on a differentiated basis per municipal category, first in metropolitan municipalities, and then to intermediate city municipalities, districts and all remaining municipalities.

# Roll-out of Reform to other Categories of Municipalities

The Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG) has further advanced the development and application of the MFMA Circular No. 88 indicator set to intermediate cities, districts and local municipalities. With a view to eventually regulating the reform, a broader set of municipal and sector consultations were undertaken in terms of the provisions of Section 43 of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) which provides for the Minister of CoGTA, after consultation with MECs for local government and organised local government representing local government nationally, to prescribe and regulate key performance indicators to local government.

It is therefore the intention of DCoG that the introduction of Circular 88 indicators across local government serve as a pilot process towards eventual issuing of a Regulation. The pilot of the Circular 88 indicators is intended to replace the Local Government: Planning and Performance Management Regulations of 2001, potentially targeted to be set.

# Special Pilot Provisions for Roll-out across Local Government

In order to get the process of planning and reporting on the indicators going, to test the indicators and for municipalities to get the related planning and reporting processes and systems in place, a staggered pilot process will follow for the rest of local government. This is informed by audit considerations and in consultation with the Auditor-General of South Africa to support municipalities to adopt the reform **without the risk of receiving audit findings** as part of the pilot process.

Due to the pilot process in the 2021/22 financial year, intermediate cities, district and local municipalities will **not be required** to incorporate the indicators in their existing performance indicator tables in the IDP and SDBIP. Instead, these indicators should find expression in a dedicated Annexure to the IDP and SDBIP with clearly indicates the MFMA Circular No. 88 indicators applicable to the municipality at Tier 1 and 2 levels of readiness.

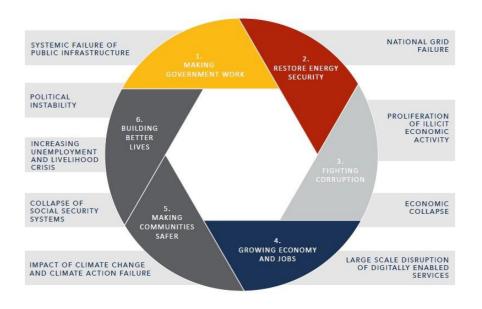
# 10.3 OVERVIEW: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Municipality use the Institute of Risk Management South Africa (IRMSA) top identified risk for 2023 to determine the risk universe, which means we benchmark our risk assessment's outcome against these top risks and set action plans accordingly. Below are the top risks identified by IRMSA.

#### 5.1 THE TOP RISKS FOR SOUTH AFRICA ARE:



# 5.2 SOUTH AFRICA TOP RISK PROFILE LINKED TO GOVERNMENT PRIORITIES 2023



Graphic 1: Top risks linked to Government Priorities 2023.

# 5.3 SOUTH AFRICA TOP RISKS WITH HIGHEST IMPACT ON GOVERNMENT PRIORITIES

Taking this analysis forward specific to the linking of the risk relationship with each of the Government Priorities as shown in Graphic 2 below, the risks with the most significant impact on the Government Priorities for 2023 are economic collapse, political instability, systemic failure of public infrastructure, and national grid failure.



Graphic 2: Risks with the most significant impact on the Government Priorities for 2023

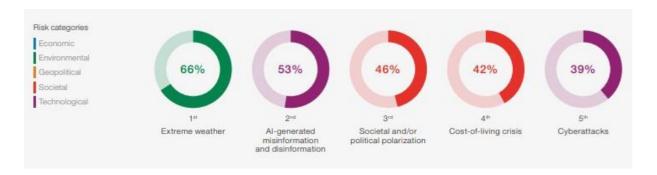
# 5.4 GOVERNMENT PRIORITIES MOST VULNERABLE TO THE SOUTH AFRICA TOP RISKS

It is also important to understand which of the government's priorities are the most vulnerable to the top risks identified for South Africa. Looking at Graphic 3 and considering that 'building better lives' and 'making communities safer' are outcome risks, it seems plausible that they are also the most exposed to the impact of South Africa's top risks. They are followed by 'making government work', 'growing the economy', 'restoring energy security' and finally 'fighting corruption'. The argument for the management of the polycrisis cannot be made stronger because if these risks are allowed to fully materialise, the Government Priorities 2023/2030 will not be achieved and most likely turn South Africa into a Failed State or worse, a Mafia State.

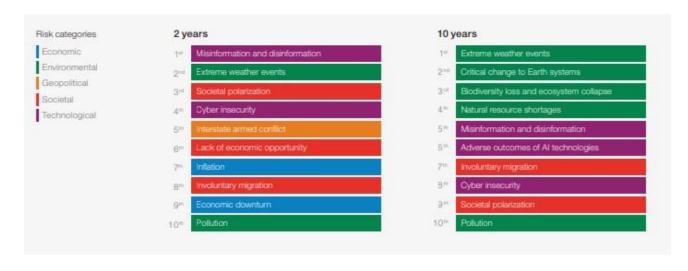


Graphic 3: Priorities that are most vulnerable to the top risks

# THE WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM GLOBAL RISK REPORT 2024 CURRENT RISK LANDSCAPE



# GLOBAL RISKS RANKED BY SEVERITY OVER THE SHORT AND LONG TERM.



# GLOBAL RISKS RANKED BY SEVERITY

Short term (2 years)	Long term (10 years)
1 <sup>st</sup> Misinformation and disinformation	1 <sup>st</sup> Extreme weather events
2 <sup>nd</sup> Extreme weather events	2 <sup>rd</sup> Critical change to Earth systems
3 <sup>et</sup> Societal polarization	3 <sup>st</sup> Biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse
4 <sup>th</sup> Oyber insecurity	4 <sup>th</sup> Natural resource shortages
5 <sup>th</sup> Interstate armed conflict	5 <sup>th</sup> Misinformation and disinformation
6th Lack of economic opportunity	3 <sup>th</sup> Adverse outcomes of Al technologies
7 <sup>th</sup> Inflation	7 <sup>th</sup> Involuntary migration
8* Involuntary migration	3 <sup>th</sup> Cyber insecurity
9 <sup>th</sup> Economic downturn	3 <sup>th</sup> Societal polarization
10 <sup>th</sup> Pollution	10 <sup>th</sup> Pollution
11 <sup>th</sup> Critical change to Earth systems	11th Lack of economic opportunity
12 <sup>th</sup> Technological power concentration	12 <sup>th</sup> Technological power concentration
13 <sup>th</sup> Natural resource shortages	13th Concentration of strategic resources
14th Geoeconomic confrontation	14 <sup>th</sup> Censorship and surveillance
15th Brosion of human rights	15 <sup>th</sup> Interstate armed conflict
16 <sup>th</sup> Debt	16 <sup>th</sup> Geoeconomic confrontation
17 <sup>th</sup> Intrestate violence	17 <sup>th</sup> Debt
18th Insufficient public infrastructure and services	18th Erosion of human rights
19th Disruptions to a systemically important supply chain	19 <sup>th</sup> Infectious diseases
20th Biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse	20th Chronic health conditions
21 <sup>st</sup> Censorship and surveillance	21 <sup>st</sup> Insufficient public infrastructure and services
22 <sup>rd</sup> Labour shortages	22 <sup>-4</sup> Intrastate violence
23 <sup>st</sup> Infectious diseases	23 <sup>st</sup> Disruptions to critical infrastructure
24th Concentration of strategic resources	24th Adverse outcomes of frontier technologies
25 <sup>th</sup> Disruptions to critical infrastructure	25th Disruptions to a systemically important supply chain
26 <sup>th</sup> Asset bubble bursts	26 <sup>th</sup> Biological, chemical or nuclear hazards
27° Chronic health conditions	27° Unemployment
28 <sup>th</sup> Biolt economic activity	28 <sup>th</sup> Economic downturn
29th Adverse outcomes of Al technologies	29 <sup>th</sup> Labour shortages
30° Unemployment	30 <sup>th</sup> Asset bubble bursts
31 <sup>el</sup> Biological, chemical or nuclear hazards	31 <sup>st</sup> lifet economic activity
32 <sup>nd</sup> Temorist attacks	32 <sup>-d</sup> Inflation
33 <sup>st</sup> Non-weather related natural disasters	33 <sup>st</sup> Non-weather related natural disasters
34th Adverse outcomes of frontier technologies	34 <sup>th</sup> Terrorist attacks
Risk categories Economic Environmental Geopolitical	Societal Technological



Note: Updates to this chapter will be done together with the amendment of the organizational structure during the publication for inputs period, and be tabled to council by the end of May 2025

# DEVELOPMENTAL STRATEGIES & PRIORITIES

# 11.1 OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER

# 11.1. INTERNAL AUDIT

#### INTRODUCTION

Internal Auditing is an independent objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organization's operations. It helps an organization accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes.

Internal audit is a statutory requirement in terms section 165 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA). Internal Audit report functionally to the Audit Committee on the implementation of the annual internal audit plan and matters relating to-

- Internal Audit
- Internal controls
- · Accounting procedures and practices
- Risk and risk management
- Performance management
- Loss

The Internal Audit function is authorized amongst others to have unrestricted access to all functions, records, property and free access to the audit committee. The Internal Audit function has to abide by IIA Code of Ethics as well as the *Prescribed International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing.* 

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

Optimal and effective audit coverage.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Internal Audit has to provide reasonable assurance with limited resources which influence what functions to audit and how comprehensive the audits should be.
- Limited access to auditing software and other technology.

• Training for internal audit within the required area of needs and or continuous development as requested on the workplace skills plan of the municipality.

#### **RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES**

- Currently there is an additional post on the structure, but not funded. Interns are also
  utilized, as part of their training to perform some audit engagements. Training is conducted
  as and when available, with consideration of cost implications.
- Able to access and apply the latest methodologies and techniques through Provincial Forums and IIA support.
- Assistance from other Internal Audit Units within the District.

#### **ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2025**

- Contribution to clean audit outcomes.
- Performed audit procedures on behalf of AGSA during external audit, resulting in saving of time and money.

#### LEGISLATION

The Internal Audit function is mandated in terms of the following laws and regulations:

- Section 165 of the MFMA (56 of 2003)
- Section 166 of the MFMA (56 of 2003)
- Section 45 of the MSA (56 of 2003)
- Regulation 14(1)(b) of the Municipal Planning and Performance Management
- Division of Revenue Act

# 162 | O D M DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF IDP FOR 2025/2026

# ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



# INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Internal Audit District Forum	Yes	Quarterly	Information sharing	CAE's and Chief Risk Officer of the Overberg District	F Coetzee Overberg District Municipality
CAE Forum	Yes	Bi-annually	Information sharing	CAE's of the Western Cape	JP Rossouw Swellendam Municipality
Audit Committee	Yes	Quarterly	Reporting on execution of audit plan	Independent members	D Smith External

# **DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION**

OVERBERG DM				nity gateway to Africa through				
VISION	sustainabl							
DEPARTMENTAL	To enhance	e and pro	otect c	organizational value by providing risk				
VISION	based and	based and objective assurance, advice and insight.						
DEPARTMENTAL	<ul> <li>Sustain</li> </ul>	Sustainable good corporate governance						
GOALS	<ul> <li>To add</li> </ul>	To add value to the operations of the municipality						
ODM STRATEGIC				nce practices by providing a democratic				
GOAL				le government and encouraging				
	community	participa	ation t	hrough existing IGR structures.				
ALIGNMENT TO	NDP	Ch 7		h Africa in the region and the world				
PROVINCIAL &				ling a capable and developmental state				
NATIONAL				ting corruption				
GOVERNMENT	National	NO 9		sponsive, accountable, effective and				
STRATEGIC	Outcome			ent local government system				
DIRECTIVES				fficient, effective and development-				
		NO 12		ited public service and an empowered,				
				and inclusive citizenship				
	PSG	PSG 5		ed good governance and integrated				
				ce delivery through partnerships and				
			spati	al alignment				
INPUTS	<ul><li>Budget</li></ul>			<ul> <li>Computer software</li> </ul>				
	■ Human r	esource	capac					
4 OTIV (ITIEO (14100101)	■ Fleet			■ Communication				
ACTIVITIES/MISSION	Audit proce	dures		Analysis, observations,				
and OUTPUT				recommendations, reporting				
OUIPUI	Internal cor	าเเวเร		Promote the effective use of internal				
	Compliance			control				
	Compliance	=		Supporting the organization in the				
	Malua addir			discharge of their responsibilities				
	Value addir			Promote organizational improvement				
DDEDETEDMINED	Risk-based			Proactive and future focused				
PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES				andate in terms of the annual RBAP.				
OUTCOMES				assurance on the control environment as				
				ement and the Audit Committee. erations of the municipality.				
IMPACT								
IWIPACI	Sustainable	e good c	orpora	ate governance.				

# GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No	Policy	Review Status	Workshop Date	Date Approved by Council	Council Resolution Number
1.	Internal Audit Charter	Annual review by Audit Committee	28 October 2021	N/A (approved by APAC)	N/A
2.	Internal Audit Procedures	Ongoing	N/A	N/A (approved by Head IA)	N/A
3.	Quality Assurance Review Framework	Annual review by Audit Committee	28 October 2021, Forms part of reviewed methodology.	N/A (approved by APAC)	N/A
4.	Internal Audit Methodology	Ongoing	28 October 2021	N/A (approved by APAC)	N/A
5.	COSO Framework	Reviewed by custodians of framework.	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.	International Professional Practice Framework	Reviewed by the IIA Global.	N/A	N/A	N/A

Dimente mate	ODM	DDO KDI		20	24/2	2025	5	2025/	2026/
Directorate	SG	PDO	PDO KPI		Q2	Q3	Q4	2026	2027
Office of the MM	SG5	Coordinate the functioning of the Audit & Performance Audit Committee during the financial year	Number of meetings per annum	1	1	1	1	4	4
		Develop a Risk- based Audit Plan for the next financial year and table to the Audit & Performance Audit Committee by 30 June	Risk based audit plan developed and tabled				1	1	1
		Execute audit projects in terms of the Risk Base Audit Plan (RBAP)	Number of audit projects executed per annum	4	4	4	4	16	16

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2024/25 – 2026/27

# 11.1.2 IDP AND COMMUNICATIONS

#### INTRODUCTION

The 5th Generation (2022/23 – 2026/27) Integrated Development Plan (IDP) remains the principle Strategic Plan of Council. Through the initiation of an integrated management and partnership approach to government planning, budgeting and delivery, Council shall be in a position to maximize on the socio-economic impact despite the given limited resources. A united effort of seamless integration, citizen centric service delivery innovations and the whole-of government approach seeks to promote good cooperation, coordination and collaboration within government at all levels. In practice, this integrated management approach shall be demonstrated through the Joint District and Metro Approach (JDMA); IDP Indaba's; Technical-and Strategic Integrated Municipal Engagements; common shared information data and intelligence; focused strategic discussions; developing intergovernmental collaborative platforms; sharing of resources and translating strategy into action, thereby promoting inclusive, sustainable and smart growth.

#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

IDP reports to and engages with a number of intergovernmental structures. The fora consists of robust discussions with relevant agenda items under discussion, are characterized by support-based initiatives undertaken, follow a joint decision-making approach and take the form of working group engagements. The District represents the Local Municipalities in the Overberg at the Provincial IDP Managers Forum, the Provincial Public Participation Forum, and the Provincial CommTech, which is all convened on a quarterly basis.

#### INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT

- Integrating activities with Communications
- Integrating activities with communities (Local municipalities) through Public Participation and Communications
- Inter Departmental Integration

- Accredited IDP Statistics;
- Strengthened IGR Forums;
- Strengthening IDP Platforms (District and Provincial IDP Managers Fora);
- IDP Indaba's:
- Joint District and Metro Approach (JDMA);
- Risk Assessment:
- IDP adherence to LGMTEC 3 Assessment Criteria and MEC comments
- Auditor General's Findings;
- Align IDP and Public Participation and Communication Processes.

#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2025

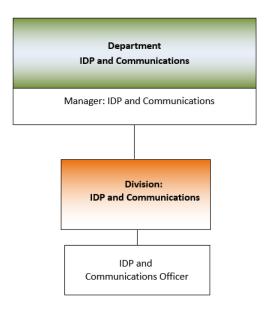
- Consecutive clean audits (unqualified) in terms of integrated developing planning legislative requirements
- Successfully developed Council's 5-year Plan for 2022/23-2026/27
- Established District Communicators Forum
- 'Bringing Government Closer to the People' through Sector engagements
- Assisted with hosting of District Social Development Summit
- IDP & Public Participation Awareness: Regional "IDPs in a Nutshell" Booklet, Gr. 11 & 12 Learners, Environmental Coordinators, MHS, EMS, Roads workforce, Interns, EPWP workers, temporary workers, etc
- Overberg Community Outreach Project (Covid-19 & communications)
- Promotional videos (Film- & Business Readiness)
- Provincial assessment of District vs Local planning alignment

#### **LEGISLATION**

- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- White Paper on Local Government, 1998
- LG: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) as amended
- LG: Municipal Structures Act, 2000 (Act 33 of 2000) as amended
- LG: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Reg 796 of 2001
- LG: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations (No R 393, 17 April 2009)

The undermentioned review informants shall be employed to shape the IDP:

# ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



# INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
District IDP Sector-focused engagements	Yes	As per identified need	Overberg stakeholder structure	DLG Sector Depts Municipal Managers District & Local Municipalities in Overberg	District IDP Manager
District IDP Managers Forum	Yes	Quarterly	All IDP Managers in District and DLG	District & Local IDP Managers	District IDP Manager
IDP Steering Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To monitor the IDP Process Plan and IDP- related processes	Councillors ODM officials	District IDP Manager

Famous Names	Is Forum	Frequency of	Forum	Forum	Forum
Forum Name	active?	Meetings	Purpose	Composition	Chairperson
Fraud & Risk Management Committee (FARMCO) Meetings	Yes	Quarterly	To assist the AC in addressing oversight requirements of risk management	ODM officials Member of External Audit Committee	APAC Member
Council Portfolio Committees	Yes	Quarterly	To assist the Executive Mayor and Mayoral Committee on matters relating to respective portfolio's	Councillors ODM officials	Portfolio Chair
IDP Indaba Working Group (IIWG)	Yes	Quarterly	Sectoral and municipal planning alignment	DLG District Municipalities Sector Departments	DLG
Provincial IDP Indaba/MGRO Engagements	Yes	Bi-annually	DLG and sector alignment	All IDP Managers in the Province and DLG	DLG PT
Provincial Public Participation Forum	Yes	Quarterly	Ward Comm and public participation processes	DLG Municipalities Sector Departments	DLG
Provincial Communication Forum	Yes	Quarterly	Comms updates and innovations	DLG Municipal Comms Sector Departments	DLG
Provincial IDP Managers Forum	Yes	Quarterly	Alignment of Provincial and Local municipal activities	All IDP Managers in the Province and DLG.	DLG
Western Cape Districts Integrated Forum	Yes	As per DLG calendar	Cross-district alignment of IDP-related matters	District IDP Managers	District IDP Host
JDMA Interface Task Team	Yes	Regular	Overberg joint planning	Overberg stakeholders	DLG
ICT Steering Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To monitor the ICT environment	Municipal Officials	Municipal Official
Project Coordinating	Yes	Monthly	Discuss project allocations	Budget holders	Budget Office

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Committee					

# DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM	_		unity gateway to Africa through				
VISION		sustainable services					
DEPARTMENTAL		A Strategic Plan which is executed through strong linkages					
VISION		established between IDP, Financial Administration and budgeting,					
			ormance management				
DEPARTMENTAL	<ul> <li>Creating a</li> </ul>	credible, s	sustainable and implementable IDP.				
STRATEGIC	<ul> <li>Efficient ope</li> </ul>	erational a	and activity implementation of strategic goals.				
OBJECTIVES							
ODM STRATEGIC			ance practices by providing a democratic and				
GOAL	pro-active acc	ountable	government and encouraging community				
	participation th	nrough ex	isting IGR structures.				
ALIGNMENT TO	NDP	Ch 7	South Africa in the region and the world				
PROVINCIAL &		Building a capable and developmental					
NATIONAL		state					
GOVERNMENT		Ch 13:					
STRATEGIC	National	National NO 9 A responsive, accountable, effective and					
DIRECTIVES	Outcome		efficient local government system				
			An efficient, effective and development-				
		NO 12	oriented public service and an empowered,				
			fair and inclusive citizenship				
	PSG	PSG 5	Embed good governance and integrated				
			service delivery through partnerships and				
			spatial alignment				
INPUTS	■ IDP		, , , ,				
	<ul> <li>Budget</li> </ul>						
	■ Human reso	ource cap	acitv				
	■ Computer e						
	■ Web-based						
	Nata						
	<ul><li>Legislation</li></ul>						
	Skills and T	raining					
ACTIVITIES/	Integrating		nmunication is used as a tool in ensuring that				
			•				
MISSION	activities with		the IDP objectives are realized.				

and OUTPUT	Communication	The following support is provided by Communication:  Overberg DM website Facebook Internal and External Newsletters Radio Coverage			
	Integrating with Communities through Public Participation	Ward Committees, capacity building and training initiatives undertaken, events covered, and accomplishments showcased within the district.			
	Inter- Departmental Integration	The IDP Manager attends meetings and workshops with all departments. IDP content write up and system improvements guarantee integration. IDP SC held quarterly. Various IGR Fora are attended and assists in ensuring alignment. Awareness workshops are conducted. Continuous interaction with line managers.			
PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES	<ul> <li>To have an informed workforce in respect of the IDP</li> <li>Enhance skills, knowledge and abilities of staff in the IDP/Communication Unit to improve their productivity</li> </ul>				
IMPACT	To ensure IDP is understood as everyone's business  Effective communication				

# GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORK

No	Policy	Review Status	Date Approved by Council	Council Resolution Number
1.	Section 27 District IDP Framework Plan	N/A	28.03.2022	A51.28.03.22
2.	Section 28 District Process Plan	N/A	28.03.2022	A52.28.03.22
3.	Communication Policy	Reviewed	2014.02.24	A16. 24.02.2014
4.	Communication Strategy	Reviewed	2012.12.03	A61. 03.12.2012

Diameter	4	ODM	DDC	PDO			20	)24/2	2025	5	2025/	2026/
Directo	orate	SG	PDC	,		KPI	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2026	2027
Office of MM		SG5	Awareness A initiatives i		Numbe Aware initiativ			1		1	2	2
			IGR (IDP Managers & PPComm)			ements nated per	2	2	2	2	8	8
			stakeholders		Extern Newsl	al etters hed per		1		1	2	2
5.	Lang	uage Poli	cy	Review	ved	2013.05.2	7		A	61.	27.05.20	013

# 11.1.3 PERFORMANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### INTRODUCTION

The Overberg District Municipality commenced with its Performance Management System (PMS) Framework in 2009. Performance management is a management tool to facilitate and measure the implementation of the organisation's IDP. The budget attaches money to the IDP objectives and this is monitored through the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP). The Municipality prepares its Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and MFMA Circular 13.

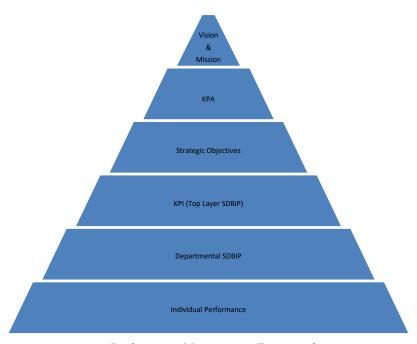
The unit focus on the performance of the organisation, departments and employees.

Risk Management forms an integral part to strategy planning and Performance. It is one of Management's core responsibilities according to section 62 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and is a part of the internal processes of a municipality. It is a systematic process to identify, evaluate and address risks on a continuous basis before such risks can impact negatively on the service delivery capacity. The function of risk management is delivered by a Chief Risk Officer on a Shared Service Business Model. The Performance Management function is the link between the Risk Management Shared Services and the municipality's risk function. The Position of CRO was temporary filled by a contract appointment. The Risk function is also support by a Financial Intern.

Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) / Performance Management System (PMS)

The SDBIP indicates performance targets, financial performance targets, target dates and

assigns responsibility to execute the respective performance targets. These targets are aligned with the National Development Plan (NDP), National Government's Outcomes (NO), the Western Cape Government Provincial Strategic Goals (PSG), and the Overberg District Municipality's Strategic Goals (SG).



Performance Management Framework

The following Batho Pele principles are applicable to performance:

- Consultation
- Serviced standard

#### **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)**

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), as defined in the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations 796 of 2001, defines a set of values used to 169 | O D M DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF IDP FOR 2025/2026

measure against. These values/indicators should be:

- quantitative presented as a number
- practical interfaces with existing municipal processes
- directional specifies whether the municipality is progressing or not
- actionable sufficiently in the municipality's control to effect change
- financial used in performance measurement

KPIs, in practical terms and for strategic development, are **objectives** to be targeted that will add the most **value** to the organisation.

#### ANNUAL REPORT

The Annual report is the primary instrument of accountability, in which the mayor and municipal manager report on the implementation of performance in relation to the budget and the SDBIP, and the progress being made in realising the IDP priorities. The Annual Report is tabled to Council for approval and is advertised for public comments each year. The Annual Report and the Oversight Report on the Annual Report is tabled to Council for approval by end March each year.

The Annual Report also serves as an analysis and information tool for subsequent reviews of Council's 5-Year IDP.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

However the municipality had a functional performance management system various challenged exist in terms of managing performance specifically relates to the lack of understanding the value of Performance Management in the organisation and culture.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Accountability
- Predetermined Objectives (PDOs) value add
- Usefulness and quality Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)
- Credible, reliable and accurate and timeous reporting
- Document management
- Proper planning on the implementation of the IDP
- Inaccurate performance reporting
- Inaccurate execution of a KPI Qualified Audit opinion on performance
- To determine the way forward on the Risk Management Shared Services

• Implementation of new Human Resources Regulations – Individual Performance

#### **RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES**

- Regular Management Meetings to address concerns and shortcomings in terms of accountability
- PDOs and KPIs revised annually in line with the IDP
- Ongoing training and mentoring provided to ensure accurate review of documents
- Continuously assist with planning timeframes
- Internal Audits
- Timeous submission of evidence to Performance Management Office
- Review and correct inaccurate information.
- Action owners must take ownership
- Compile KPI's in collaboration with owners
- Team based approach
- Training

#### **ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2022 - 2025**

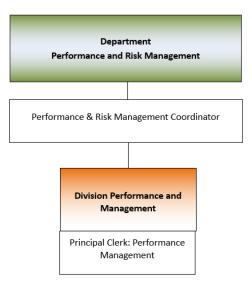
- Consecutive clean audits (unqualified) in terms of Predetermined Objectives (PDOs) and the management of the Performance Management System (PMS)
- Fraud & Corruption and Risk Management Awareness
- Performance Agreements cascaded down to all employees
- Functional Risk Management

#### LEGISLATION

- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- White Paper on Local Government, 1998
- Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) as amended
- Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 2000 (Act 33 of 2000) as amended
- Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003)

- Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations 796 of 2001
- Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations (No R 393, 17 April 2009)
- Local Government: Municipal Performance Regulations for Municipal Managers and Managers directly accountable to Municipal Managers, 2006 (No R 805,1 August 2006)
- Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000: Local Government Regulations on appointment and conditions of employment of Senior Managers, (No 21, 21 January 2014)
- Batho Pele White Paper, 1997;
- 2017 COSO Framework
- and various MFMA circulars

#### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

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Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Provincial PDO Forum	Yes	Quarterly	To share and keep abreast of developments in terms of predetermined objectives	DLG PT A-G Municipalities	DLG
District IDP Rep/PPComm	Yes	As per identified need	Overberg stakeholder structure	DLG Sector Depts Executive Mayors Municipal Managers Overberg District & Local Municipalities	District Municipal Manager
Audit and Performance Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To advise the Municipal Council and Administra-tion on matters relating to the MFMA and performance	ODM officials External Audit Committee members	External Audit Committee Chairperson
Fraud & Risk Management Committee Meetings	Yes	Quarterly	To assist the Accounting Officer in addressing its oversight requirements of risk management and evaluating and monitoring the municipality's performance with regards to risk management	ODM officials Member of External Audit Committee	Member of the Audit and Performance Audit Committee
A-G Steering Committee Meetings	Yes	During audit review period	To provide feedback and information on audit process	A-G ODM officials	Auditor- General
Training Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To create a workforce empoweredwith the necessary and	ODM officials Unions Councillors - Observers	Chair rotates between Officials and Unions

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
			continuously upgradedskills		
Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC)	Yes	Quarterly	To assist Council with its oversight role. Also serves as the Oversight Committee for the Annual Report	Councillors ODM officials External member of the public	ODM Councillor
Council Portfolio Committees	Yes	Quarterly	To assist Executive Mayor and Mayoral Committee on matters relating to respective portfolio's	Councillors ODM officials	Relevant Portfolio Chair
Municipal Manager and Directors Evaluation Panel	Yes	Bi-annually	To evaluate the performance of the Employees at mid-year and year-end	Municipal Manager: Executive Mayor, Executive Mayor from another munic, Chair of APAC and member of the Mayco (Portfolio Chair) Directors: MM, MM from another munic, Chair of APAC and member of Mayco (Portfolio Chair)	Chairperson of the Municipal Manager performance evaluation: (Executive Mayor) Chairperson of the Director performance evaluation: (Municipal Manager)
ICT Steering Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To monitor the ICT environment	Municipal Officials	Municipal Official

# DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the services	opport	tunity gateway to Africa through sustainable				
DEPARTMENTAL VISION	A risk and perfo	A risk and performance culture that support the municipalities objectives					
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	System	To create an effective and efficient Performance and Risk Management System					
ODM STRATEGIC GOAL	active accounta	To ensure good governance practices by providing a democratic and pro- active accountable government and encouraging community participation through existing IGR structures.					
ALIGNMENT TO PROVINCIAL &		Ch 7 Ch 13	South Africa in the region and the world Building a capable and developmental state				
NATIONAL GOVERNMENT STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES	Outcome	NO 9 NO 12	A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system An efficient, effective and development- oriented public service and an empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship				
	PSG	PSG 5	Embed good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment				
INPUTS	<ul> <li>IDP &amp; Budge</li> <li>Human resor</li> <li>Computer ed</li> <li>Web-based resort</li> <li>Legislation</li> <li>Skills and Tr</li> </ul>	urce cap quipmen monitori					
ACTIVITIES /MISSION and OUTPUT	Performance Management:	■ De ma	velop, guide, and maintain a performance nagement system gn Indicator to Strategic Direction				
	Reporting:		view and compile Monthly, Quarterly, Mid-year and nual Reports				
	Individual Performance:	Individual Coordinate and guide Individual Performance					
	Compliance:	■ Gu	idance, monitoring and reporting				
	Risk Management:		ordinate Risk Management Committee meetings mpile Risk Agenda				

	SDBIP Annual Reports					
	Individual performance evaluations					
	Risk Management Agenda					
	Report on Compliance					
PREDETERMINED	To promote a performance culture					
OUTCOMES	<ul> <li>Accurate and accountable reporting to the public</li> </ul>					
	■ Credible, functional and integrated Performance Management System					
IMPACT	To enhance performance against service delivery					

# GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No	Policy	Review Status	Workshop Date	Date Approved by Council	Council Resolution Number
1.	National Treasury Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information	N/A (National document)	N/A	N/A	N/A
2.	Performance Management Policy Framework	05 December 2017	05 December 2017	05 December 2017	A184 05.12.2017
3.	MFMA Circular	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4.	Code of ethics	29 June 2020	29 June 2020	29 June 2020	A65 29.06/2020

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2025/26 - 2026/27

Directorate	ODM SG	PDO	KPI	2024/2025			5	2025/	2026/
Directorate	ODINI 30	PBO	KFI	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2026	2027
Office of the MM	SG5	Prepare Top Layer Service Delivery budget implementation plan for approval by the Mayor within 28 days after the adoption of the Budget Review annually the TL SDBIP to inform Council should a revised TL SDBIP be necessary and table the report to Council	TL SDBIP submitted to Mayor for approval  Report (Sec 72) tabled to Council by January			1	1	1	1
		Compilation and submission of Draft Annual Performance Report to the AG by 31 August	Annual Performance Report submitted	1				1	1

# 11.2 DIRECTORATE CORPORATE SERVICES

# 11.2.1 HUMAN RESOURCES

#### INTRODUCTION

**Human Resource Management** (**HRM** or simply **HR**) is the management of human resources. HR is primarily concerned with the management of people within organization, focusing on policies and on systems, including employee benefits, employee recruitment and selection, training and development, organizational change and industrial relations, that is, the balancing of organizational practices with requirements arising from collective bargaining and from governmental laws.

The Human Resources division of the Overberg District Municipality resides over the following functions and duties:

- Employment Equity (EE)
- Labour Relations (LR)
- Occupational Health & Safety (OHS)
- Recruitment and Selection (R&S)
- Training and Skills Development
- Employee Assistance Programme (EAP)
- Human Resource Administration (HR)

An update as well as progress with regard the above functions are reported on various platforms, viz. Local Labour Forum (LLF), Employment Equity Committee, Training Committee and Occupational Health & Safety Committee. Consultations are held with IMATU and SAMWU Representatives to ensure transparency and promote and enhance good governance.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

To provide quality HR services to attract, develop, motivate and retain a diverse workforce within a supportive work environment; to do this with emphasis on a motivated and informed workforce.

#### CHALLENGES

- Motivating employees
- Resistance to change

Address workforce shortages

# **RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES**

- Focus on attraction, development and retention.
- To enhance the ability of all individuals to reach their full potential.
- HRD to take back their rightful position in this organisation.

#### **ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2022**

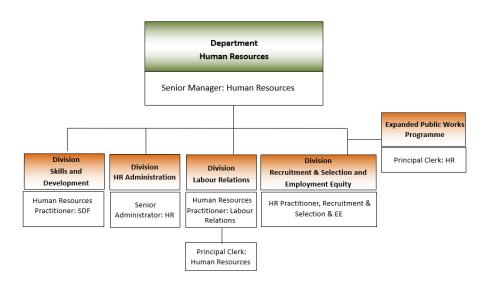
- Employment Equity (EE) Plan: Dept of Labour confirmed 5-year Plan and annual reports found to be satisfactory.
- Workplace Skills Plan (WSP): Certificate of Compliance received from LGSETA for submitting WSP and Annual Training Reports as prescribed by SETA Regulations.
- Implementation of the electronic leave system.
- The HR Department can assist employees and members of the public in all three languages of the Western Cape.
- Compliance:
  - Employment Equity (EE) Plan/Report
  - Workplace Skills Plan (WSP)
  - Collective Agreements

#### **LEGISLATION**

- Local Government Municipal Staff Regulation & Guidelines
- Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996
- Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997 (Act 75 of 1997)
- Employment Equity Act, 1998 (Act 55 of 1998)
- Labour Relations Act (LRA), 1995 (Act 66 of 1995)
- Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998)
- Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act 81 of 1998)
- Skills Development Levies Act, 1999 (Act 20 of 1999)
   Act 20 of 1999)
- Occupational Health & Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993)
- Construction Regulation,2014
- Protection of Personal information Act

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#### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Employment Equity (EE) Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To discuss matters related to Employment Equity	4 Councilmembers, 4 Management Reps, 7 Union Reps, HR	ODM Municipal Manager
Training Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To discuss training issues	2 Cllrs observer status 8 employers 6 union reps- observer status	ODM CFO
Local Labour Forum(LLF)	Yes	Monthly	To discuss labour relations matter	4 Councilmembers 4 Managementreps 5 IMATU Reps	Portfolio Chairperson

ls Frequency Forum Forum Forum **Forum Name Forum** of **Purpose** Composition Chairperson active? Meetings 2 SAMWU Reps HR ODM Safety Occupational Yes Quarterly To discuss 16.2 Health and Health and Appointees. Rep OH&S Reps, Safety safety related Committee matters SALGA HR Managersof all Yes Quarterly **HR Managers** T Roodman Human with problem Munics in Province, George solving, best Resources SALGA Municipality Working Group practice and legislation/ collective agreement interpretation HR Managersof the Job Evaluation J Amansure Yes Monthly Evaluation of Committee District TWK positions Provincial Audit HR managersof the Dr H Brand Yes Monthly Auditing of WC West Coast Committee evaluated Job (PAC) descriptions District All SDF's inthe SDF Yes Quarterly Information Darren Provincial sharing, Western Cape Baumeester Forum Training and processes All SDF's inthe District SDF Collate Yes Quarterly Joanne Overbergand Cape Pieterse Forum discussion (Overberg & deriving from Winelands District the District Cape Forums to be Winelands) taken to Provincial Forum for discussion District Discuss SDF's of the Z Feni for the Yes Quarterly Coordinators challenges and Overberg District Overberg Forum progressto take District

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Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
			forward to the District Forum		
EPWP	Yes		Discuss matters related to the EPWP Function	National & Provincial Departments, All sectors, Municipalities in Overberg	S Mdewu

# DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable					
VISION	services					
DEPARTMENTAL	An informed and skilled workforce					
VISION						
DEPARTMENTAL			s to attract, develop, motivate and retain a diverse			
STRATEGIC	workforce withir	n a support	ive work environment.			
OBJECTIVES						
ODM STRATEGIC			formation and institutional development by creating			
GOAL	a staff structure	that would	adhere to the principles of employment equity and			
	promote skills development.					
ALIGNMENT TO	NDP	Ch 9 Improving education, training and innovation				
PROVINCIAL &		Ch 13	Building a capable and developmental state			
NATIONAL	National	NO 1	Improved quality of basic education			
GOVERNMENT	Outcome		A skilled and capable workforce to support an			
STRATEGIC		NO 5	inclusive growth path			
DIRECTIVES	PSG	PSG 2	Improve education outcomes and opportunities			
			for youth development			
INPUTS	<ul><li>Budget</li></ul>					
	<ul> <li>Human resou</li> </ul>	ırces				
	<ul><li>Pool vehicles</li></ul>	for attend	ing meetings			
	<ul><li>HR-related IC</li></ul>	GR structur	es			
ACTIVITIES/MISSION	Employment	The purp	ose of the Employment Equity Act, 1998, is to			
and	Equity (EE):		equity in the workplace by:			
OUTPUT	,	a) promoting equal opportunity and fair treatment in				
		employment through the elimination of unfair				
		discrimination;				
		b) implen	nenting affirmative action measures to redress the			
		disadvan	tages in employment experienced by designated			

	groups, to ensure their equitable representation in all occupational categories and levels in the workplace.
	In adhering to the above prescripts, as well as that of the Labour Relations Act (LRA), 1995, the ODM strives to ensure equity of employment by racial and gender classification. The ODM has a functioning EE Committee that meets quarterly.
Recruitment and Selection:	The ODM ensures transparency in its recruitment and selection processes by way of consultation with all relevant role-players. Recruitment and selection is done in a fair, efficient, effective, transparent and equitable manner in order to:  achieve equity in the workplace promote workplace diversity attract scarce skills and enhance service excellence
Employee Wellness:	The ODM has an Employee Assistance Programme (EAP) in place. The EAP consists of employee benefit programmes to be offered by the employer. The EAP is intended to assist employees deal with personal challenges that might adversely impact their work performance, health and well-being. EAPs include short-term counselling and referral services for employees and their households. By effectively implementing and applying the EAP, the ODM, amongst many other benefits,  stands to gain a more productive workforce ensures a workforce with a positive attitude towards executing his/her duties reduce absenteeism in the workplace
Labour Relations:	As guided by the LRA, the ODM strives to promote economic development, social justice, labour peace and democracy in the workplace. The Local Labour Forum (LLF) meets on a monthly basis.
Training and Skills Development:	As prescribed in the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), the Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act 81 of 1998) and the Skills Development Levies Act, 1999 (Act 20 of 1999), Councillors and employees have the right to reasonable access to education, training and development within the broader service delivery strategies and priorities of Council. The ODM is therefore committed to skills development of its Councillors and employees. The aim is to ensure that:

Occupational Health & Safety (OHS):	<ul> <li>Provision and management of education, training and development in ODM promotes the achievement of organisational goals and objectives.</li> <li>Councillors and employees have access to quality education, training and development.</li> <li>ODM complies with National legislation and guidelines.</li> <li>In order to provide quality education and training, the following general principles apply:         <ul> <li>Ensure Training Providers are accredited in terms of relevant legislation.</li> <li>Procurement procedures and the selection of Training Providers are in terms of ODMs Procurement Policy, and with due consideration for quality control.</li> <li>Training that is undertaken will support the principle of capacity building.</li> <li>Ensure that, where possible, training will lead to the acquisition of credits for learners in terms of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF).</li> <li>Ensure that beneficiaries of education, training and development are aligned to ODMs EE initiatives.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In terms of Section 17 of the Occupational Health &amp; Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993), the employer is obliged to ensure the health and safety of all its employees in the workplace. Thus far, the ODM has embarked on introducing and implementing safety measures in the workplace. However, due to budget constraints, the ODM has failed to fully implement health and safety measures in the workplace. Balso obliged to ensure the appointment of Occupational Health &amp; Safety (OHS) Representatives in the workplace. The ODM has to date appointed twenty-two (22) OHS Representatives, representing all departments across the District, as well as fourteen (14) OHS Officials, representing the different teams within Roads Department. As a result of additional training programmes, adherence to SOPs and the appointment of OHS Officials for the different teams at Roads, a significant decline in injuries on duty occurred over the l</li></ul>

	To provide quality training programmes to OHS Representatives and officials in order to ensure health and safety of all in the workplace.  To provide for the necessary funding to fully implement health and safety in the workplace, as prescribed by the law.  OHS meetings are conducted on a quarterly basis and the Department of Transport & Public Works regularly conducts safety audits at the Roads Department.			
PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES	To have an informed workforce Develop/review HR policies in a manner that is understandable and implementable Enhance skills, knowledge and abilities of individuals to improve the productivity of people in their work areas			
IMPACT	Focus on attraction, development and retention.     To enhance the ability of all individuals to reach their full potentials.     HRD to take back their rightful position in this organisation			

# GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No	Policy	Status	Adoption
1.	Acting, Secondment and Additional Allowance Policy	Review	24/05/2024
2.	Bursary Policy	Review	28/06/2021
3.	Study Aid Policy	Adopted	28/06/2021
4.	Cellular Tablet & Data Policy	Review	27/07/2015
5.	Dress Code Policy	Review	28/06/2021
6.	EAP Policy	Review	27/07/2015
7.	Financial Support forDriving Lessons	Review	05/12/2017
8.	HIV/Aids Policy	Review	18/06/2012
9.	OH&S Policy	Review	28/06/2021
10.	Overtime Policy	Review	18/06/2018
11.	Promotion Policy - Fire Dept	Repeal	29.08.2022
12.	R&S Policy	Review	22/08/2022
13.	Sexual Harassment Policy	Review	06/12/2019
14.	Skill Retention Policy	Review	27/07/2015

15.	Smoking Policy	Review	27/07/2015
16.	Substance Abuse Policy	New	06/12/2019
17.	Task Job Evaluation Policy	Review	03/12/2012
18.	Time-Off to Attend Funeralor Memorial Service Policy	Review	24/05/2021
19.	S&T Policy	Review	29/05/2023
20.	Education, Training &Development Policy	Review	22/08/2022
21.	Employment Equity Policy	New	22/08/2022
22.	HR Policy Framework	New	22/08/2022
23.	Induction & Orientation	New	22/08/2022
24.	Housing Policy	Review	05/12/2022

# PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2025/26

No.	KPI Name	Description of Unit Measurement	Annual Target	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1.	Review and update the Staff Establishment as per the MSR and table to Council by 31 March 2025	Number of reviewed staff establishment tabled p.a.	1			1	
2.	Interact quarterly with staff on strategic HR-related matters	Number of staff interactions p.a.	4	1	1	1	1
3.	Percentage of Municipal budget spent on the implementation of the Workplace Skills Plan by 30 June (Reg)	% Municipal Budget spent p.a. on WSP (Actual spent on Training / Total Expenditure Budget)	0.41%				0.41

4.	Create temporary work opportunities through the municipality's EPWP programme by 30 June	Number of temporary EPWP work opportunities created p.a.	122		122
5.	Conduct annual sexual harassment awareness campaign with staff	Number of awareness campaigns per annum	1		

# 11.2.2 ADMINISTRATION SERVICES

#### INTRODUCTION

An effective Support Services function is crucial in ensuring the Overberg District Municipality delivers on its strategic objectives. Despite a lack of capacity, the Support Services unit coordinates an effective administrative support system to all departments and ensures the safekeeping of confidential documentation with regard contracts and property management. The functions of these two units comprise:

- Legal support services
- Administrative support (preparation and distribution of agendas and minutes)
- Reception services
- Committee services
- Records management
- Archives and Registry
- Office assistance
- Property maintenance
- Council support

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

The shifting and/or cancellation of meeting dates impact on the administrative functioning of the Division which results in target dates as per the SDBIP not being met.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Staff Capacity and High Workload
- Poor Records Management and Documentation
- Limited Budget and Resources
- Resistance to Change and Modernization

#### RESPONSE

- To manage the high workload, the Department is focusing on better resource allocation, using technology to automate routine tasks, and identifying areas where additional temporary or permanent staff may be needed.
- To tackle issues with record-keeping, the Department has revised and strengthened its Records Management Policy. This includes implementing digital records management systems, Collaborator that ensure all documents are securely stored, easily retrievable, and compliant with relevant laws. Audits on records management are also carried out to ensure proper adherence to the policy.
- With the limited budget as requested, the department ensures that resources are allocated efficiently, and unnecessary expenses are minimized.
- Response: Clear communication about the reasons for change, along with ongoing support, helps ensure smoother transitions to the new system or processes.

#### **ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2025**

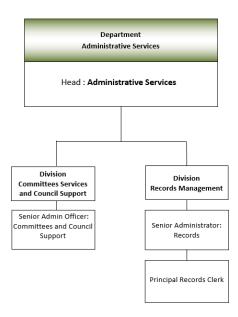
- Updating of Registry Procedure Manual
- Review of the Records Management Policy
- Application for authorisation to transfer files to Western Cape Archives
- Clean Archives and Records Audit
- Updating of Registry Procedure Manual
- Review of the Records Policy
- Application for authorisation to transfer files to Western Cape Archives
- Clean Archives and Records Audit

#### **LEGISLATION**

- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998)
- Records and Archives Management Policy
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- National Archives and Records Service of South Africa Act (No 43 of 1996 as amended)
- National Archives and Records Service of South Africa Regulations
- Public Finance Management Act (No 1 of 1999)
- Promotion of Access to Information Act (No 2 of 2000)
- Promotion of Administrative Justice Act (No 3 of 2000)
- Electronic Communications and Transactions Act (No 25 of 2002)

#### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

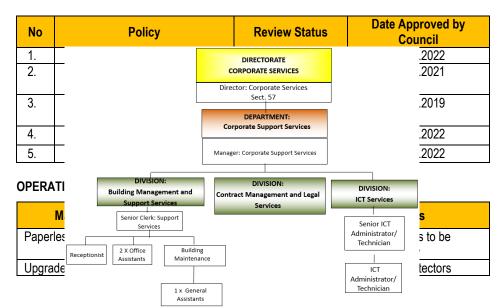
Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Records Management Forum	Yes	Quarterly	The Western Cape Archives and Records Service collects, manages and preserves records that form part of our archival heritage.	All Municipal Records Managers SALGA	WC DLG

# **DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION**

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable services				
DEPARTMENTAL VISION	A culture of service excellence				
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	To deliver an effective and efficient administrative service				
ODM STRATEGIC GOAL	To ensure good governance practices by providing a democratic and pro- active accountable government and ensuring community participation through existing IGR structures.				
ALIGNMENT TO	NDP	Ch 13	Building a capable and developmental state		
PROVINCIAL &	National	NO 9	A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient		
NATIONAL	Outcome		local government system		
GOVERNMENT		NO 12	An efficient, effective and development- oriented		
STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES			public service and an empowered, fair and inclusive citizenship		
	PSG	PSG 5	Embed good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships		
INPUTS	Budget				
	Human capacity				
	<ul><li>Skills Knowledge</li><li>Vehicles</li></ul>				
	Office and Computer Equipment				

	Legislation		
ACTIVITIES/ MISSION and OUTPUT	Administrative Support:  Archives & Records Mgt	Compilation of agendas Accurate Minute-taking for Mayco, Portfolio & Council Meetings; distribution of resolutions Minute-taking for LLF, EE, Training Committee, MPAC, Sec 32, Audit & Performance Audit Committee  Assist with Minute-taking at Audit SC, Bid Specification-, Evaluation- & Adjudication Committees Filing Registry procedure manual Comply to Western Cape Archives Review policies Collection and distribution of mail items	
	Committee Services:	Copying and binding of documents for distribution Committee Services is tasked to compile and distribute Agendas to Councillors, Management and relevant personnel. It is also responsible for the accurate recording of Minutes at Portfolio Committees, Executive Mayco and Council Meetings. The safe keeping of especially confidential Minutes and documents emanating from such discussions, as well as Council Resolutions, are ensured throughout. Assistance is offered to the following predominant structures:      Council     Executive Mayoral Committee     Strategic Services Portfolio     Community Services Portfolio     Finance Portfolio     Corporate & IGR Portfolio  On an ad-hoc basis, committee services are rendered at meetings other than the above. The Archives section is	
PRE- DETERMINED OUTCOMES	responsible for ensuring a comprehensive and proper filing system, as per Western Cape Archive Regulations.  Priority 1: Maintain clean audit (Registry) Priority 2: Switching over to paperless - Electronic distribution of agendas and minutes Priority 3: Optimal utilisation of current resources		
IMPACT	Ensure the quality of printing and circulation of documents     To reduce cost of the circulation of agendas and minutes     Safeguarding and establishing sound procedures for the security, privacy and confidentiality of records		

# **GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS**



Department Corporate Support Services is structured as follows:

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2023/24 - 2026/27

No.	KPI Name	Description of Unit	Annual	2024/2025		25/26	26/27		
140.	KETName	Measurement	Target	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	25/20	ZUIZI
1.	Table quarterly progress report on Electronic Document Management System to Corporate Services Portfolio Committee.	Number of progress reports tabled per annum	4	1	1	1	1		
2.	Bi-annual submission of updated Remedial Action Plan to WC Archives & Record Services.	Number of updated plans submitted per annum to WCARS	2		1		1		

The Manager: Contract, Legal, ICT and Building Management position is currently vacant, with no capacity in the Division Contract Management & Legal Services.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

The lack of capacity and financial resources has an adverse impact on the department, resulting in personnel having to work extended hours in order to meet SDBIP deadlines and avoid audit findings.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Vacant Manager position.
- Building Maintenance provides a service to the entire ODM, across all depots in the region.
   The lack of capacity renders this task extremely challenging.
- Lack of sufficient ICT assistance to serve the entire organisation.
- Ad-hoc requests from departments for unplanned building maintenance activities.

### **RESPONSE**

Director Corporate Services fulfils functions of the Manager of the Department.

# 11.2.3 CORPORATE SUPPORT SERVICES

#### INTRODUCTION

With the review of the organisational structure, adopted by Council in August 2022, the 181 | O D M DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF IDP FOR 2025/2026

- EPWPs appointed to assist with cleaning and building maintenance activities.
- Building Maintenance and Office Assistants perform duties as per Work Schedule.
- Conduct site visits to ascertain accurate building maintenance needs.

### **ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2023 - 2024**

- Successful implementation of Cooperative Agreement concluded with Cape Agulhas Municipality for ICT assistance.
- Building Maintenance Division and ICT Services Division making progress with backlogs.
- EPWP participant exposed to managing switchboard duties.
- Work Schedule developed and monitored for Office Assistant duties.
- Monitoring and control of fleet management mechanisms introduced.
- Improved ICT security infrastructure as per ICT Remediation Plan.
- Updating and upgrading of operating, software system to minimise vulnerabilities.
- Implemented automated back-up system.
- Upgrading network infrastructure for faster and secured data transfer.
- Ensuring 24/7 up-time by installing back-up power.

#### **LEGISLATION**

- The Constitution of South Africa, 1996
- Protection of Personal Information Act (POPIA), 2013

### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Goal	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
ICT Steering Committee	Yes	Quarterly	To facilitate the use of ICT in enabling business in its service delivery.	Municipal Officials	Director: Corporate Services
SALGA Working Groups: Governance & Intergovernmental Relations Municipal Digital Solutions	Yes	Quarterly	Forum through which organized local government can consult on a political level in order to contribute towards the creation of democratic	Councillors Municipal Officials	Various (Councillors)

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Goal	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
■ Capability and Institutional Resilience			and economically viable local government.		

#### GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No.	Policy	Review Status	Date Approved by Council
1.	ICT Migration Disaster Recovery Plan	New	22.08.2022
2.	ICT Performance Plan	Review	22.08.2022
3.	ICT Strategic Plan	Review	22.08.2022
4.	Municipal Corporate Governance of ICT Policy	Review	22.08.2022
5.	ICT User Access Management Policy	New	05.12.2022
6.	ICT Change Management Policy	New	05.12.2022
7.	ICT Operating System Security Controls Policy	New	05.12.2022
8.	ICT Security Controls Policy	New	05.12.2022

#### PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2024/2025 - 2026/27

No.	KPI Name	Description of Unit	Annual		<b>Target</b>	2024/25	j
NO.	KPI Name	Measurement Targ		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1.	Review and quarterly table ICT Remediation Plan to ICT SC.	Number of reviewed plans tabled p.a.	4	1	1	1	1
2.	Percentage Capital budget actually spent on building maintenance capital projects by 30 June (Reg)	% of Building maintenance capital budget actually spent on capital projects for the annum (Actual spent on capital projects/Total capital budget)	80%	0%	0%	0%	0%

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## 11.3 DIRECTORATE FINANCE

## **11.3.1 FINANCE**

#### INTRODUCTION

The Finance Department is responsible for:

- Annual Financial Statements (AFS)
- · Budget Setting and Reporting
- Revenue and Debtor Control
- Expenditure and Credit Control
- Insurance Portfolio
- Financial Reporting
- Investment Properties
- Financial Compliance
- Financial System Administration

National Treasury had prescribed municipalities to comply with the municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA) by 01 July 2017. The Overberg District Municipality however implemented mSCOA as at 1 July 2016 and is continuously aligning ongoing as new versions becomes available and migration to the web-based continuously as developed or required.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Compliance hampering service delivery
- Dependent on cooperation from various stakeholders
- Ensuring a cash funded surplus budget
- Migration to new Financial System Risks

#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2023

- Implementation of web base financial system
- Decrease in use of consultants
- Clean Audit achievements
- Compilation of Financial Revival Initiative
- Implemented cost containment regulations
- Funded and balanced budget
- Initiated an Investment Property audit and optimum utilization of properties

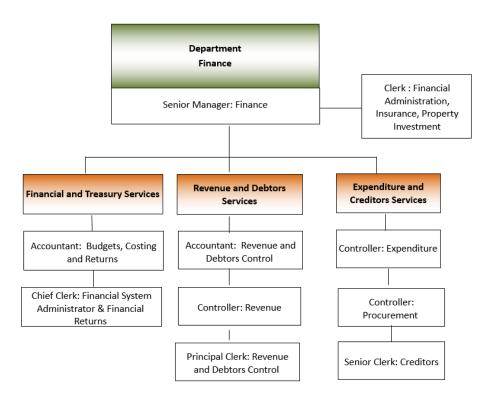
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- Updated the long-term financial plan and strategy of ODM.
- Re-activation of MSCOA committee
- Clean Audit opinion 2022/2023

#### LEGISLATION

- Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003 (Act 56 of 2003)
- Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)

#### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



# INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
MAF	Yes	Quarterly	Technical financial matters	WC Provincial Treasury	PT

# **DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION**

OVERBERG DM	Overberg - th	e opportun	ity gateway to Africa through sustainable					
VISION	services		, , ,					
DEPARTMENTAL	Provide timely	and accurat	te financial information, ensuring proper decision					
VISION			rocedures are executed					
DEPARTMENTAL			ting and financial management services to ensure					
STRATEGIC	effective, effici	ent and eco	nomics are applied					
OBJECTIVES								
ODM STRATEGIC			ancial viability and sustainability by executing					
GOAL		vices in acc	ordance with National policy and guidelines.					
ALIGNMENT TO	NDP	Chap 3	Economy and employment					
PROVINCIAL &		Chap 13 Building a capable and developmental state						
NATIONAL		Chap 14	Fighting corruption					
GOVERNMENT	National NO 4 Decent employment through inclusive economic							
STRATEGIC	Outcome growth							
DIRECTIVES		NO 9 A responsive, accountable, effective and effici						
			local government system					
		NO 12	An efficient, effective and development- oriented					
			public service and an empowered, fair and					
			inclusive citizenship					
	PSG	PSG 1	Create opportunities for growth and jobs					
ACTIVITIES/MISSION	Budget and Re							
	Cash and Liqu							
	Annual Financ							
	Expenditure M	•						
			d Debt Collection					
	Financial Syst							
PREDETERMINED			ns (funded from grant) available for skills transfer					
OUTCOMES	<ul> <li>Migration to</li> </ul>	web-based	financial system -mSCOA					
IMPACT	<ul> <li>Aim for a Cl</li> </ul>	ean Audit						
	<ul> <li>mSCOA and</li> </ul>	d GRAP con	npliant Annual Financial Statements					
			ernmental relations					
I.		5						

Optimal utilization of Investment Properties
Ensuring Capital Projects are executed
Compiling surplus cash backed budgets

# **GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS**

		Review		
No.	Policy	Update	Date Approved	Council Res No.
1.	Borrowing Policy	Amended		
2.	Budget Policy	Amended		
3.	Cash Management and Investment Policy	Amended		
4.	Cost containment Policy	Amended		
5.	Credit Control and Debt Management Policy	Amended		
6.	Customer Care Policy	Amended		
7.	Funding and Reserves Policy	Amended		
8.	Infrastructure Investments and Capital Projects Policy	Amended		
9.	Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Policy	Amended		
10.	Liquidity Policy	Amended		
11.	Long-Term Financial Planning Policy	Amended		
12.	Management and Administration of	Amended		
13.	Immovable Assets Policy			
14.	Tariff Policy	Amended		

15.	Virement Policy	Amended			(Service				
	-				Debtors) (Reg)				

#### PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2023/24 - 2026/27

Directorate	ODM	PDO	KPI		202	4/25	i -	25/26	26/27
Directorate	SG	PDO	KFI	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	23/20	20/21
Finance	SG4	Measured financial viability ito the Municipality's ability to meet its service debt obligations by 30 June (debt coverage).	The number of times the municipality was able to meet its Debt obligation (Total operating revenue received operating grants / debt service payments)				7	7	7
		Measured financial viability in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure by 30 June (Cost coverage) (Reg)	Number of months cash were available to cover fixed operating expenditure (All available cash at a particular time + investments / monthly fixed operating expenditure)				1.5	2	2
		Measured financial viability in terms of percentage outstanding service debtors by 30 June	% Outstanding service debtors per annum (Total outstanding service debtors / annual revenue received for services)				20	20	20

# 11.3.2 SUPPLY CHAIN & ASSET MANAGEMENT

#### INTRODUCTION

The municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations was promulgated in the Government Gazette (number 27636) on 30 May 2005. According to regulation (7)(1) each municipality and each municipal entity must establish a Supply Chain Management Unit (SCM) to implement its supply chain management policy. The SCM Unit was established during May 2008 and a Head of SCM was appointed on 1 October 2008.

The implemented SCM system provides for the following elements:

## **Demand Management**

- Management of processes to ensure that goods and services required by the Municipality
  are quantified and budgeted for and supports its operational commitments and its strategic
  goals.
- Provide for the compilation of the required specifications to ensure that its needs are met.

## **Acquisition Management** - Ensure

- that goods and services are procured by the municipality or municipal entity in accordance with authorized processes.
- that expenditure on goods and is incurred in terms of an approved budget
- that the threshold values for the different procurement processes are complied with
- that bid documentation, adjudication criteria and general conditions of a contract are in accordance with any applicable legislation
- that any Treasury guidelines are properly taken into account.

# **Logistics Management**

 To provide for the setting of inventory levels, placing of orders, receiving and distribution of goods, stores and warehouse management, expediting orders, vendor performance, maintenance and contract administration.

#### **Disposal Management**

• Disposal or letting of assets, including unserviceable, redundant or obsolete assets.

#### Risk Management

 Identification, consideration and avoidance of potential risks in the supply chain management system.

### **Contract and Performance Management**

- Administrative duties associated with a contract that has arisen through the acquisition/procurement processes as described in the municipalities' Supply Chain Management Policy.
- Monitoring system to determine, on the basis of a retrospective analysis, whether the authorized supply chain management processes were followed and whether the desired objectives were achieved.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

Negative stereotypes associated with supply chain management. The supply chain management function being misunderstood as well as the strategic importance of the function not being recognized.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Non-adherence to the procurement plan (buy-in, accountability and commitment from user departments) – Demand Management
- · Limited skilled resources to effectively execute contract- and logistics management
- Availability of compliant local suppliers goods and services

#### **RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES**

- Develop and implement a demand management process
- Assist local suppliers to comply
- Register local suppliers on the municipal and national supplier database

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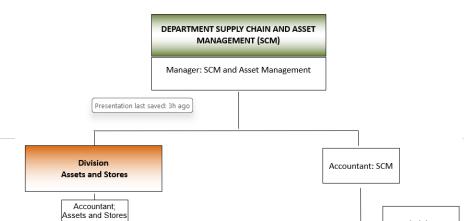
#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2022

- Develop a Demand Management policy, Standard Operating Procedures, rules and procedures for Bid Committees
- Clean Audit, Stores Procedure Manual, Switch to Samras plus (electronic requisition system for procurement under R30 000)
- Develop a Preferential Procurement- and a Supply Chain Management Policy for Infrastructure procurement and Delivery Management

#### LEGISLATION

- ✓ Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Act No 108 of 1996
- ✓ Municipal Finance Management Act No 56 of 2003 and its regulations
- ✓ Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000
- ✓ Policy to guide uniformity in procurement reform processes in government
- ✓ National Treasury Circulars
- ✓ Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, Act No 5 of 2000 and its regulations
- ✓ Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, Act No 53 of 2003
- ✓ Prevention and Combating of Corruption Activities Act, Act No 12 of 2004
- ✓ King Report on Corporate Governments for South Africa
- ✓ Integrated Development Plan
- ✓ State Information Technology Agency Act
- ✓ National Small Business Act, Act No 102 of 1996
- ✓ Other related Acts -
  - Public Service Act. Act No 23 of 1994.
  - Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, Act No 3 of 2000.
  - Promotion of Access to Information Act. Act No 2 of 2000.
  - Protected Disclosure Act. Act No 26 of 2000.
  - The Competition Act, Act No 89 of 1998

#### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



# INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Supply Chain Management Forum	Yes	Quarterly	MFMA	Provincial Treasury WC Munics	PT
SCM Indaba	Yes	Annually	MFMA	Provincial Treasury WC Munics Suppliers	PT

# DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable services					
DEPARTMENTAL VISION	To be fair, trans	To be fair, transparent and cost-effective to all when executing our duties.				
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	To manage SCM	To manage SCM in an economic, effective, efficient and timeous manner.				
ODM STRATEGIC GOAL			ncial viability and sustainability by executing ordance with National policy and guidelines.			
ALIGNMENT TO PROVINCIAL & NATIONAL	NDP					

GOVERNMENT	National	NO 4	Decent employment through inclusive economic				
STRATEGIC	Outcome		growth				
DIRECTIVES		NO 9 A responsive, accountable, effective and efficient					
			local government system				
		NO 12	An efficient, effective and development- oriented				
			public service and an empowered, fair and				
			inclusive citizenship				
	PSG	PSG 1	Create opportunities for growth and jobs				
INPUTS	<ul> <li>Human Reso</li> </ul>	urces	<ul> <li>Financial system (SAMRAS)</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Budget</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Legislation</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Transport</li> </ul>						
ACTIVITIES/	Demand	Demand M	lanagement Plan				
MISSION and	Management:		n of Specifications				
OUTPUT			g the supplier database				
		Determine	supply chain management process according to				
		the thresho					
	Acquisition		n of tender and formal quotation documents				
	Management:		n of bid documentation				
			and Adjudication of bids received				
		Reporting	on implementation of supply chain management				
		processes					
	Logistics	Processing of orders					
	Management:	Receiving of goods					
		Stores / warehouse management					
		Vendor pe					
	Disposal	Disposal o	f unserviceable, redundant or obsolete assets				
	Management:						
	Risk		on of risks and/or potential risks				
	Management:		identified risks				
	Contract	Administra	tive duties associated with contracts				
	Management:						
	Performance	Monitoring	supply chain management processes				
	Management:						
	Reporting:		Quarterly; Annually				
			ce of suppliers – bi-annually				
	Tenders:	Tenders av					
	Requisition:	Processed orders					
	Database:	Registered suppliers for the different commodities					
PREDETERMINED			the legislative requirements pertaining to supply				
OUTCOMES	chain managem						
IMPACT			by procuring quality goods and services in a cost				
	effective and	,					
	Procurement	as a strateg	ic enabler to promote local economic development				

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2023/24 – 2026/27

Directorate	ODM	PDO	KPI	2024/25				24/25	25/26
Directorate	SG	PDO	JO RPI		Q2	Q3	Q4	24/23	25/26
Finance	SG2 SG4	Report bi-annually to Council on the performance of service providers for quotations and tenders above R30000	Number of reports submitted to Council per annum		1		1	2	2
		Invite service providers to register on the suppliers database by 30 June	Invitation placed on ODM website and in external media				1	1	1

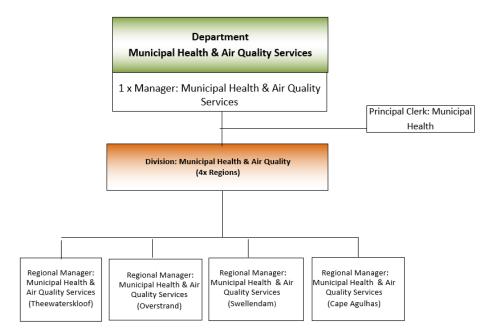
### 11.4 DIRECTORATE COMMUNITY SERVICES

## 11.4.1 MUNICIPAL HEALTH & AIR QUALITY SERVICES

#### INTRODUCTION

The Minister of Local Government and Housing, as per Government Gazette No. 826 of 13 June 2003, assigned the provision of Municipal Health Services to District & Metropolitan Municipalities as from 1 July 2004. This, by implication, means that all Environmental Health Practitioners (EHPs) involved with these services, should be in the employ of District Municipalities. The Overberg District Municipality has an equipped and functional Municipal Health Services offices with dedicated and qualified Environmental Health Practitioners in all of its sub-districts which are Swellendam, Overstrand, Theewaterskloof and Cape Agulhas. (see organizational structure).

#### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



Municipal Health Services is rendered by Overberg District Municipality, in accordance with the National Health Act, Act 61 of 2003. The Department renders the following Municipal Health Services core functions, on behalf of Council within the Overberg Region:

- Water Quality Monitoring Through implementation of monthly water sampling program to
  ensure water is safe for human consumption; Conduct inspections of community water
  supplies & infrastructure; compile water analysis report to B–Municipalities & Industries.
  Communicate with community members & stakeholders in terms of potential unsafe water
  supply.
- Food Control To ensure food safety for human consumption, routine inspections of food
  premises (supermarkets, restaurants, production facilities & milking sheds); provide health
  education programs for food handlers & consumers; oversee proper disposal of unsafe
  foodstuffs; ensure food safety in respect of acceptable microbiological & chemical food
  standards, through Monthly food sampling runs.
- Waste Management Monitor safe management of waste, by ensuring proper refuse storage, collection, transportation, transfer processing & final disposal; Ensure proper management of liquid waste including sewage & industrial effluent; registration & monitoring of medical waste generator & disposal; through involvement in basic health educational programmes on waste-to-waste generators;.
- Health Surveillance of Premises Monitoring conditions at premises which could affect
  the health status of persons housed/making use of the premises such as Early Childcare
  Centre, Healthcare Facilities, Schools & Old Age Homes; Routine assessment of premises
  to determine compliance with Health requirement; Issue compliance certificates to complying
  premises.
- Surveillance and Prevention of Communicable Diseases, excluding Immunizations -Environmental Health Practitioners carries out investigations on cases of infectious diseases; Promotes health & hygiene aims at preventing environmental diseases & related communicable diseases; Collect, analyze & disseminates epidemiological data & information; Community Diseases surveillance & hotspot mapping.
- Vector Control To protect public health, Overberg DM Environmental Health Practitioners monitors pest control measures implemented by business to prevent pest infestation; Assess operational efficiency & effectiveness of pest control operations; Conduct community survey to determine environmental factors, which can create nuisance, leading to pest control challenges & diseases outbreaks.

- Environmental Pollution Control Ensure a hygienic working, recreational & living environment; Environmental Health Practitioners carries out routine environmental health inspection to determine pollution agents on land, water & air; Conduct community hazards, risk assessments & mapping; Ensure pollution sources are addressed through enforcement.
- Disposal of the Dead Oversee management of human remains with Overberg region through certification of mortuaries & funeral undertakers; Monitors practices at cemeteries, crematoria & other facilities used for human management; Manages, control & monitors exhumations & reburials; Develop & implement health promotion programs on management of healthcare waste.
- Chemical Safety Chemical management compliance inspections conducted to ensure compliance to legislative requirements by premises owners & community members; Health education to promote safe storage of chemical & use implemented.

#### **ACHIEVEMENTS 2017 - 2023**

Municipal Health Services delivered dignified services during the last five years on behalf of council, within Overberg Region together with various stakeholders including the community members. The following are highlights during the last five-year period.

- Reviewed & gazetted Municipal Health Services By-Law & implemented successfully.
- The Section's excellent performance i.t.o. its strategic & operational targets, as contained in the various SDBIP's over the past 5 years.
- A total of **65** export certificates were issued, with **+16 000** Tons of **edible oils** for exported.
- Countries exporting to: Colombo, Sri Lanka, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, Ashdod, Israel, Casablanca, Morocco, Hamad, Qatar, King Abdullah, Saudi Arabia, Netherlands, United Kingdom & United Arab Emirates.
- The management & rendering of an efficient & cost-effective municipal health service in all our communities under difficult circumstances due to capacity constraints and comorbidities.
- The successful completion and issuing of all Atmospheric Emission Licenses in the District.
- The Department played a vital role to prevent and minimise the spread of COVID-19 in the Overberg District.

#### **CHALLENGES**

Municipal Health Services plays an important function to protect Public Health. It still faces some serious challenges in terms of:

- Shortage of EHPs to cover Overberg Region, as per National Health Policy of 1 Environmental Health Practitioner per 10 000 Population.
- High number of businesses to be monitored versus number of community members to be served.
- Lack of Infrastructure such as Accessible office space to the public and equipment's.
- Inadequate financial provision for Municipal Health Services Community Programmes.
- Inspection turnaround time as per National Environmental Health National Norm.
- Town planning and development in general do not always consider the impact on environmental health issues.
- Environmental Health Practitioners Safety.
- B-Municipalities Wastewater Effluent Compliance.
- To comply to the new Norms and Standards Notice 1229 of 3 December 2015 National as per National Health Act 61 of 2003.
- To deliver a service to all the communities in the Overberg region on an equal basis.
- Lack of a MHS Tariff Structure, which maximise the implementation of Municipal Health Services – By law as a revenue generating stream, through cost reflective tariffs.

#### DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC IMPLEMENTATION PLAN 2022/23 – 2026/27

Overberg DM Vision	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable services						
Departmental Vision	To be a district where the constitutional rights of all human beings to municipal health services is maintained to such a standard where economic and social development will flourish without jeopardizing the environment.						
Departmental Strategic Objectives	<ul> <li>To ensure municipal health services of all in the Overberg through effective and consistent MHS service delivery.</li> <li>Promote communication in relation to MHS service delivery.</li> <li>Effective and consistent compliance monitoring and enforcement.</li> <li>Develop and maintain institutional arrangements in the district that support MHS service delivery.</li> <li>Achieve and sustain acceptable MHS delivery levels throughout the district.</li> <li>Minimize the negative impact on human health and well-being and on the environment.</li> </ul>						
Overberg DM Strategic Goal	To ensure the health and safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of efficient basic services and infrastructure						
Alignment to Provincial & National	NDP Ch 10: Healthcare for All Ch 11: Social protection Ch 12: Building safer communities						
Government	NO NO 2: A long and healthy life for all South Africans						

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Strategic	PSG PSG 3:	Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills					
Directives	PSG 4:	Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living					
		environment					
Inputs Required	<ul> <li>Budget</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Human resort</li> </ul>	urces					
	<ul> <li>Property, pla</li> </ul>	ant & equipment (PPE)					
	<ul> <li>Transport</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Community I</li> </ul>	aison structures					
	<ul> <li>IGR structure</li> </ul>	es					
Departmental	Water quality	1. Inspections/activities to Drinking Water Purification Plants					
Service Delivery	monitoring	2. Monitoring of drinking water in Towns and Communities					
Implementation		through monthly water sampling programs.					
Activities		3. Inspections/activities at Sewerage Purification Plants					
		Monitoring of Sewerage Final Outflow through monthly water sampling programs.					
		Monitoring of Cholera					
		6. Monitoring of Water at Milking Sheds					
		7. Monitoring of Recreational Water					
	Food control	Inspections/activities at Food Premises					
		Number of R638 Certificate of Acceptability issued					
		10. Monitoring of Food in terms of FCD Act and Regulations					
		through food sampling programs.					
		11. Number of Training Session for Food Handlers					
		12. Number of Food Handlers trained					
		13. Number of food Export Certificates issued					
		14. Number of certificates issued for safe disposal of food					
		15. Inspections/activities at Milking Sheds					
		16. Number of R961 Certificate of Acceptability for Milking					
		Sheds issued					
	Waste	17. Inspections/activities at landfill sites, Transfer stations and					
	management	Recycling Plant					
	1114-	18. Inspections at Generators and Couriers of Medical Waste					
	Health	19. Inspections and activities at Farms					
	surveillance of premises	Inspections and activities at Informal Settlements     Inspections and activities at childcare centers					
	higilises	22. Inspection and activities at old age homes					
		23. Inspection and activities at old age nomes					
		24. Inspection and activities at accommodation					
		establishments					
		25. Inspections and activities at beauty salons					
		26. Inspections and activities at swimming pools and spa baths					
		27. Inspections and activities at dry cleaning and laundry					
		establishments					

		28.	Inspections and activities at Health establishments							
			(hospitals, clinics)							
			Inspections and activities at public gathering places							
			Inspections and activities wrt keeping of animals							
		31.	Inspections and activities at Prisons and holding cells							
		32.	Inspections and activities at vacant land (as and when							
			necessary)							
			Inspections and activities at office accommodation (office complex)							
		34.	Inspections and activities at panel beating and spray painting							
		35. Number of Building Plans evaluated								
			Number of Town Planning Applications evaluated							
		37. Inspections and activities at Industrial Areas								
			Inspections and activities at Resorts&Parks							
	Surveillance		Number of Communicable disease cases handled							
	and prevention	40. Number of awareness campaign activities								
	of .									
	communicable									
	diseases excl									
	immunizations									
	Vector control	41.	Monitoring of Pest Control at premises							
	Environmental	42.	Water Pollution: Incidents handled							
	pollution	43.	Number of Air Quality evaluations							
	control	44.	Soil Pollution: Incidents handled							
	Disposal of the	45.	Inspections/activities at funeral undertakers and							
	dead		mortuaries							
		46.	Activities relating to Cemeteries							
		47.	Exhumations and reburials							
		48.	Number of Pauper Burials administered							
	Chemical	49.	Monitoring of Hazardous Substances at Food Premises							
	safety		(Top level)							
_	Complaints	50.	On the 9 functions							
Predetermined	<ul> <li>Continually ens</li> </ul>	ure t	hat Council meets the Constitutional and legal requirements							
Outcomes	pertaining to M	unici	pal Health Services;							
	<ul> <li>Maintain platfo</li> </ul>	forms for engagement and collaboration between the District								
		nd all the local Municipalities in the District and the Provincial and								
		artments, non-government organizations, Community-Based								
			communities, public, business and industry on matters related							
			ain MHS in the Overberg;							
			elivery to perfection in terms of the 9 core functions of							
			ervices and Air Quality Management, in the Overberg.							
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							

Implementation Impact	To promote the Environmental Health rights of the communities in the Overberg:  Everyone has the right to an environment that is not harmful to their health or
	well-being.

#### PRIORITY GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURE/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

The Department will develop, review & continue to implement the following policies to enhance the delivery of MHS more effectively & efficiently during the next five years implementation period.

No	Policy	Review /Develop	Implementation Date
1.	Municipal Health Services Plan	Annual	Annual
2.	Air Quality Management Plan	2024/2025	2025/2026
3.	National Environmental Health Norms and Standards for premises and acceptable monitoring Standards for Environmental Health Practitioners ( EHP's)	Annual	Annual
4.	SOP file	Continuous	Continuous
5.	MHS Audit Compliance Plan	Annual	
6.	Municipal Health Services By-Law	2025/2026	2025/2026
7.	Develop Pauper Burial Policy	2024/2025	2024/2025

#### MHS ADDITIONAL CAPACITY IMPLEMENTATION PLAN 2024/25 – 2026/27

To ensure all communities and businesses within Overberg region receive municipal health services of good quality the following additional human resources personnel will be appointed through a phase in approach to enable proper budgeting and services plan implementation.

Filling of Positions	Number of Positions	Implementation
Environmental Health Practitioner (EHP)	3	2022/2023 – 2025/2026

- a) Collection of Municipal Health Services Data/Survey The project will be implemented throughout the Overberg Municipality to determine number of premises operating within the region.
- **b) Health Education Project** The project is aims, to raise health awareness focusing of hygiene practices with Early child development centers.

### INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Municipal Health Services collaborate with various stakeholders in delivering the services withing the region to ensure the service is delivered in a sustainable manner.

Forum Name	Frequency	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition
WC Municipal Health Working Group	Bi-monthly	The general purpose of the WCMHWG is to promote and support sustainable and integrated management of Municipal Health Services in the Western Cape.	Managers MHS of 5 DM's Metro CPUT Provincial EHSs
WC Air Quality Officers Forum	Quarterly	To promote and support sustainable and integrated Air Quality management in the Western Cape.	All AQO from DM's Metro Provincial Officials
WC Food Control Committee	Quarterly	To promote and support sustainable and integrated Food Control management in the Western Cape.	MHS Managers Laboratories Provincial Health CPUT Metro officials Expert EHPs Industry
WC Public Health Forum	Quarterly	To promote and support sustainable and integrated Municipal Health Services in the Western Cape	MHS Managers Provincial Health EHPs
Overberg Air Quality Officers Forum	Quarterly	To promote and support sustainable and integrated Air Quality management in the Overberg	AQ Officers from: ODM CAM TWK Overstrand

#### MHS COMMUNITY PROJECTS

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Forum Name	Frequency	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition
WC Integrated Waste Forum	Quarterly	The Waste Management Officer Forum serves as a platform for the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning to interact with local government with regards to integrated waste management issue.  The forum is utilized as a vehicle to support municipalities with the implementation of the National Waste Management Strategy and legislation pertaining to integrated waste management.	DEADP National DEA WC District Munics WC LMs Other stakeholders as identified by the forum
Overberg Waste Forum	Quarterly	To promote cooperation between Municipalities in order to improve Waste Management within the region; To share best practices and share knowledge and information; and To create a platform for which information can be gathered to feedback to the Provincial Waste Officers Forum.	ODM OSM CAM SDM TWK DEADP National DEA Other stakeholders as identified by the forum

#### MHS LEGISLATIVE SERVICE DELIVERY FRAMEWORK

Overberg District Municipality render Municipal Health Services as prescribed by, guided & defined in the following Legislative Framework:

- a. Section 24 of The Constitution of South Africa, 1996, (Act 108 of 1996)
- b. National Health Act, 2003 (Act 61 of 2003) and Regulations
- c. R. 363 Regulations Relating to the Management of Human Remains
- d. Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act 56 of1974)
- e. R. 698 Regulations Defining the Scope of the Profession of Environmental Health: Amended
- f. Foodstuffs, Cosmetic and Disinfectant Act, 1972 (Act 54 of 1972) and all Regulations
- g. R 908 Labelling and Advertising
- h. R. 718 Regulations Relating to Bottled Waters

- R. 961 Regulation Relating to Hygiene Requirements for Milking sheds, the Transport of milk and Related Matters
- j. R638 Governing General Hygiene Requirements for Food Premises, the Transport of Food and relared matters
- k. R. 692 Regulations Governing Micro Biological Standards for Foodstuffs and Related Matters as corrected by R. 427 and R. 491 and as amended by R427, R490 and R. 1588
- I. R. 504 Regulations Relating to the Fortification of certain Foodstuffs
- m. Plus 330 other Regulations relating to foodstuffs
- n. Section 53(3) of the Health Act, 1977 (Act 63 of 1977)
- o. Section 10(3)(b) of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act 54 of 1972)
- p. Business Act, 1991 (Act 71 of 1991)
- q. National Environmental Management Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act 39 of 2004)
- r. GN 1138: Notice to establish the National Framework i.t.o. S7(1) Air Quality Act
- s. AQMA: no: 201 Declaration of Temporary Asphalt plants as a Controlled Emitter and Establishment of Emission standards
- AQMA: no: 831 Declaration of small boilers as a Controlled Emitter and Establishment of Emission Standards
- u. AQMA: no: 693 List of activities which result in atmospheric emission which have or may have a significant detrimental effect on the environment, including health, social conditions, economic conditions, ecological conditions or cultural heritage
- v. AQMA: no 486 National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Particulate matter with Aerodynamic Diameter less than 2.5 micron meters (PM2.5)
- w. ODM Air Quality Management By-Law
- x. National Building Regulation and Standards Act, 1977 (Act 103 of 1977)
- y. ODM Municipal Health By-Law
- z. All other relevant Health Related legislation
- aa. SANS codes

#### AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT

In accordance with the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act of 2004, Overberg District Municipality (Municipal Health Services) performs Air Quality Management Function. The Municipality compiled an Air Quality Management Plan and approved by Council, together with an Air Quality By-Law for the Overberg District Municipality, gazetted on 15 May 2015. Metropolitan and District Municipalities are charged with implementing the atmospheric emission licensing and Overberg District Municipality is only responsible to license industries triggering a Listed Activity and controlled emitters.

The divisions of roles and responsibilities between Local and District Municipalities are not

clearly understood or have not been accepted by certain Local Municipalities, which hampers cooperative governance and the implementation of the function. Until consensus has not been reached regarding the abovementioned, the ODM only accept responsibility for the licensing of listed activities and the enforcement of legislation will be the Local Municipalities' responsibility. Not all Local Municipalities have appointed Air Quality Officers, and this hampers communication and accountability. The successful implementation of air quality management is thus strongly dependent upon cooperation and communication among all sectors and all Local Governments within the District.

- The Chairperson of the Overberg Air Quality Officers Forum (OAQOF) deals with air quality matters within the Overberg Region.
- Licensing the industries that triggers a business as a listed activity or a controlled emitter.
- Monitoring and follow up of the different air quality pollution incidents in communities to protect their health.

#### AIR QUALITY IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES

- Inadequate financial provision specifically earmarked for air quality management by all Municipalities in the District.
- The availability of suitably skilled human resources also remains a challenge.
- Personnel capacity building (EMI course).
- Town planning and development in general do not always consider the impact on air quality.

#### IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAM 2024/25 – 2026/27

Overberg District Municipality aims to implement Air Quality Management function through implementation of the following programs. The implementation will ensure the district is able to control Air pollution within the region through issuing of license to all air emitters.

- Municipal Health & Air Quality division will be populated a designated Air Quality officer who
  will oversee the management of Air Quality within Overberg DM.
- Overberg District Municipality will embark on reviewing of an Air Quality Management Plan during 2024/2025 financial year and additional funding for the services will be advocated through Western Cape government funding & through cost reflective Tariffs permits & service rendered.
- Overberg Air Quality Officers Forum (OAQOF) has been established, which consists of representatives from Swellendam, Cape Agulhas, Theewaterskloof and Overstrand Local Municipalities, Overberg District Municipality and Provincial Air Quality. The Forum meeting takes place once a quarter prior the Western Cape Air Quality Officers Forum (WCAQOF).
- An Air Quality Monitoring Station has been installed in Hermanus Overstrand Sub- District and is monitored by the Air Quality Officers of Overstrand.

#### PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2023/24 - 2026/27

Directorate		PDO	КРІ	2024/25				25/26	26/27
	;			Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Community Services	SG1	Take domestic drinking water samples in towns and communities to monitor water quality (SAN 241 as amended)	Number of samples taken per annum	264	264	264	264	1056	1056
		Take food samples to monitor the quality of Food ito the FCD Act and legislative requirements	Number of samples taken per annum	144	144	144	144	576	576
		Take water sample at Sewerage Final Outflow to monitor water	Number of samples taken per annum	71	71	71	71	284	28

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quality (National				
Water Act:				
General				
Standards)				

## 11.4.2 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

#### INTRODUCTION

The environmental management function is based on Section 24 and 152 of the Constitution which requires of municipalities to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner and to promote a safe and health environment. The National Environmental Management Act of 1998 further underscore the Constitutional mandate and through the environmental management principles and duty of care. The Overberg District Municipality promotes sustainability by means of an integrated environmental management approach throughout the Overberg region.

The Environmental Management Services Department is responsible for the following functions across the whole of the Overberg Region:

## • Environmental Impact Management

The function of assessing and deciding on environmental impact assessment processes resides with the National and Provincial departments. However, municipalities have a key role to play in terms of integrating environmental management principles into spatial planning and land-use approvals. The ODM seek to promote the sustainable use and conservation of our natural resources through the implementation of the principles contained in its Spatial Development Framework.

The ODM act as a commenting authority in providing comments on development applications where environmental authorization is required.

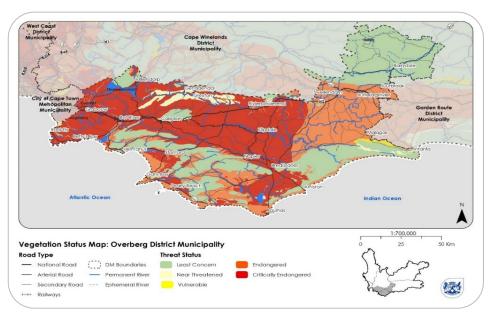
# Biodiversity Management

Our natural resources such as soil, water, plants, animals and minerals are the bedrock of our economy and social prosperity. It is therefore imperative that we use and manage these resources in responsible and sustainable manner. The ODM promotes the conservation and management of our terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems within its strategic policy documents. Biodiversity priorities as defined in the Western Cape Biodiversity Spatial Plan of 2017 as well as heritage resources are listed in the ODM SDF.

There are ample benefits that can be obtain through a healthy and ecologically functioning environment.

- Biodiversity creates jobs (conservation, research, ecological restoration, tourism, and extractive use).





- Some ecosystem types, such as: indigenous forests, dunes, estuaries, wetlands, and beaches, perform an important ecological infrastructure function that can alleviate some of the impact of climate change.
- Healthy ecosystems are essential for water- and food security.
- Provide for a tourism economy.

Alien and invasive species is seen as one of the biggest threats to our rich fynbos heritage and other natural resources. In response thereto the ODM has develop an Alien Invasive Species Monitoring Control and Eradication Plan for the management of alien and invasive vegetation on ODM properties.

Legislative	Sector Plan	Project	Budget		ntation timeframe	Comments
Framework	Sector Plan	Project	Source	2023/24	2024/25	Comments
			Clima	te Change		
ange		Mainstream climate change into municipal planning - Climate Change and Biodiversity Forum	Municipal	Meetings held quarterly	Meetings held quarterly	The forum's focus is to support and build capacity at local municipal level in order to mainstream climate change response actions.
United Nations Framework Convention of Climate Change The Paris Agreement National Climate Change Response White Paper The National Development Plan 2030 National Climate Change Bill	) Framework	Manage increased impacts on threatened ecosystems	Municipal	Commenting on EIA applications	Commenting on EIA applications	Commenting on development application to ensure the Spatial Planning Categorie as defined in the SDF are taken into consideration by competent authorities
tions Framework Convention of Climat The Paris Agreement nal Climate Change Response White F The National Development Plan 2030 National Climate Change Bill	Climate Change Response Framework	Rehabilitation of catchments and wetlands	EPWP grant	10 job opportunities created.		Partnership with the Nuwejaars Wetland Special Management Area to clear alien invasive species in the Nuwejaars River and wetland system
Frame The mate ( lationa	e Char	Development of project proposals for the promotion of climate change responses		No new proposals	If available	
nited Nations F National Cli The N	Climat	Conduct climate change risk and vulnerability assessments.	Municipal	Desktop review conducted	Refinement	The purpose of the review is to align the ODM Climate Change Response Framework with new legislation and policy guidelines.
j		Review Climate Change Response Framework and the Climate Change Adaptation Summary.	Municipal	1st draft tabled	Finalisation	ODM will partner with DEA&DP and the CSIR (Greenbook initiative)
			Bio	diversity		
Biodiversity 2004) esources Act 1983) ct 36 of 1998)	Alien Invasive Species Monitoring, Control and Eradication Plan (AIS Control Plan)	Clearing of invasive alien vegetation on ODM properties.	Municipal	Follow-up clearing -35ha. Initial Clearing – 5ha	Planned: Follow-up clearing - 40ha. Initial Clearing – 20ha	Implementation of the AIS Control Plan is based is based on affordability.
Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act of 2004 (Act 10 of 2004) Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act of 1983 (Act 43 of 1983) National Water Act of 1998 (Act 36 of 1998)	Spatial Development Framework	Mainstream biodiversity conservation into municipal planning: IDP, SDF, Land-use applications.	Municipal	Implementation of SDF policies. Implementation of the Alien Invasive Species Monitoring, Control and Eradication Plan	Implementation of SDF policies.     Implementation of the Alien Invasive Species Monitoring, Control and Eradication Plan.     Investigation into the expansion of Ramsar site in collaboration with Cape Nature and the Nuwejaars Wetland Special Management Area.	The Spatial Planning Categories in the SDF has been aligned with the Western Cape Biodiversity Spatial Plan. The ODM does not have an Environmental Management Framework, but the SDF has extensive policies on biodiversity management and conservation.

Legislative	Cartan Dian	During	Budget	Implemen	tation timeframe	0
Framework	Sector Plan	Project	Source	2023/24	2024/25	Comments
			Coastal	Management		
National Environmental Management: Integrated Coastal Management Act of 2008 (Act 24 of 2008)	годгатте	Coastal Monitoring inspections	Municipal	Monthly inspections	Monthly inspections	Coastal areas are being monitored on a monthly basis by means of a physical inspection to all accessible areas along the coastline. Illegal activities and structures, sources of pollution, strandings, and coastal access (parking areas, signage, environmental impact) are reported to the responsible authorities.
lanageme of 2008 (A	gement P	Coastal Management Programme	Municipal	Reviewed		The CMP was reviewed inhouse and tabled to Council.
onmental N	Coastal Management Programme	Support Estuary Forums	Municipal	Attendance of Estuary Advisory Forum meetings	Attendance of Estuary Advisory Forum meetings	
onal Envirc Manage	Ö	Implement the Coastal Management Lines	Municipal	Commenting on development applications	Commenting on development applications	The ODM inform applicants if proposed development falls within high-risk area in terms of coastal flooding or erosion.
Nati		Maintain the Municipal Coastal Committee	Municipal	Meetings held quarterly	Meetings held quarterly	The purpose of the MCC is to coordinate integrated coastal management.
			Waste I	Management		
ent: Waste 8)	ıt Plan	Maintain and improve upon the mandate of the Regional Waste Forum.	Municipal	Meetings held quarterly	Meetings held quarterly	The purpose of the forum is to address challenges in the waste sector and to ensure effective waste management in the Region.
Managem . 59 of 200	anagemer	Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill Facility Monitoring Committee	Municipal	Meeting held annually	Meeting held annually	2023/24 financial audit outcome: Compliance score 98.97%
National Environmental Management: Waste Act of 2008 (Act 59 of 2008)	integrated Waste Management Plan	Waste management education and awareness	Unallocated	None	None planned	Education and awareness campaigns are done at local municipal level and supported through the Regional Waste Form
National El	Integra	Waste management capacity building for officials	Municipal	Urban Waste Management Innovation Expo. Municipal exchange and knowledge sharing with	TBC	

Legislative	0	Don't d	Budget	Implemen	tation timeframe	2
Framework	Sector Plan	Project	Source	2023/24	2024/25	Comments
				officials from Fezile Dabe District Mun.		
		Appointment of a consulting engineer for the management of the Regional Landfill Facility	Municipal	Appointment completed	Appointment completed	3 Year appointment.
3 of 2008)		Promote the establishment of integrated waste management infrastructure and services	Municipal	KWK access road upgrade. Maintenance work and system improvement at weighbridge		
308 (Act 59		Operation of Karwyderskraal Landfill site	Municipal	Service provider appointed	Service provider appointed	Service provider responsible for the day- to- day management of the Regional Landfill Facility.
e Act of 20	ant Plan	Waste characterisation at Karwyderskraal	Municipal	2 times per annum	2 times per annum	Build into service provider contract.
nent: Wast	Vanageme	Implementation of the Organic Waste Diversion Plan	Municipal	Running average is 49.7%		Ongoing investigations into organic was diversion options.
Managen	Integrated Waste Management Plan	Conduct compliance monitoring at the Karwyderskraal Landfill Site	Municipal	Quarterly	Quarterly	Monthly meeting with service provider and quarterly audit.
National Environmental Management: Waste Act of 2008 (Act 59 of 2008)	Integrat	Weighbridge maintenance and calibration	Municipal	Upgrade of facility components	Calibration.	Upgrades were done to weighbridge components as part of capital projects.
ational Env		Update and maintain waste data	Municipal	Report monthly on IPWIS	Report monthly on IPWIS	Ongoing reporting of data.
Ž		Review annual tariff for Karwyderskraal users	Municipal	Tariff meeting with user municipalities was held	Tariff meeting to be scheduled before end of Nov 2024.	
		Review of the Integrated Waste Management Plan	Municipal		IWMP to be reviewed in 2024/25	Implementation of the IWMP is reported in the Annual Report of the ODM.  Feedback on the progress of the Organic Waste Diversion Plan will be included.

# • Coastal and Catchment Management

The Overberg coastline is about 330km long and stretches over jurisdictional areas of three local municipalities. As set out in the NEM: Integrated Coastal Management Act the ODM has a key role to play in terms of coastal management. In response thereto the ODM developed a Coastal Management Programme with supplementary documents for each of the local municipalities to coordinate and assist with coastal management in the region.

Table 1: Nine priority areas as identified in the Coastal Management Programme

Prio	rity area	Description	Actions
1.	Facilitation of Coastal Access	To provide reasonable and equitable access to the coast for all.	The Overberg was selected as a pilot project for the implementation of the Western Cape Coastal Access Strategy.
2.	Compliance & Enforcement	To promote compliance and enforcement of legislation to facilitate protection of coastal resources within the municipal mandate.	Regular coastal inspections are being conducted in order to determine if there are any changes/impacts pertaining to:  Pollution; Impact evaluation; Access monitoring; Monitoring of ecological processes (erosion and sand movement).  Non-compliance is reported to the relevant authority through the Municipal Coastal Committee and, Provincial Coastal Committee and National Coastal Committee.  The Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning will develop a generic Integrated Coastal Management By-law to be adopted by local authorities.
3.	Estuaries	To ensure appropriate management and conservation of estuaries.	According to the NEM: ICMA National Estuarine Management Protocol, as published on 10 May 2013, the ODM will not act as a management authority for any of the estuaries within its jurisdiction.  The ODM continues to support Estuarine Management through the MCC and the attendance of local Estuary Advisory Forums.  Estuary Management Plans and Mouth Management Plans has been drafted for some of the estuaries within the Overberg.
4.	Land and Marine-based Source of Pollution & Waste	To minimize the impacts of pollution on the coastal environment.	Regular coastal inspections are being conducted in order to determine if there are any changes/impacts pertaining to:  Pollution; Impact evaluation; Access monitoring; Monitoring of ecological processes (erosion and sand movement).  Any source of pollution is reported to the relevant authorities through the Municipal Coastal Committee and, Provincial Coastal Committee and National Coastal Committee.  Coastal clean-up through the Working for the Coast Programme is supported and the yearly international coastal clean-up day in September in collaboration with Provincial Government and other NGO'S.
5.	Cooperative Governance & Local Government Support	To promote integrated and cooperative governance of the coastal zone and coastal planning/ governance.	The ODM will convene the Municipal Coastal Committee on a quarterly basis to ensure effective communication with all coastal role players.  The Overberg District Municipality is also represented as an elected member on the Provincial Coastal Committee.  The Overberg District Municipality is also nominated to represent on the National Coastal Committee.  The MCC will be used as a platform to support local municipalities by means of coordination and integration.
6.	Climate Change, Dynamic Coastal Processes & Building Resilient Communities	To promote resilience to the effects of dynamic coastal process and environmental hazards and natural disasters.	Draft Coastal Management Lines (CML) as well as the draft EIA Development Setback Line has been developed by the Department of Environmental Affairs & Development planning. Once the CML has been finalised and approved it will be incorporated into the ODM and Local Municipalities Spatial Development Frameworks and Coastal Management Programme.  The ODM together with the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning is also in the process of developing a Climate Change Response Framework that identify potential climate change hazards/impacts such as the increased mean sea level and associated storm surges. The Climate Change Response Framework will inform the Disaster Management Plan and other municipal strategic documents.

7.	Natural Capital & Resource Management	To promote conservation of biodiversity, ecosystem function and the sustainable use of natural resources.	As a commenting authority for any development application a set criteria, based on the principles of sustainability is used to evaluate the impact a proposed development would have on the natural resources of the area.
8.	Social, Economic & Development Planning	To promote sustainable local economic development.	Support the implementation of the Working for the Coast Programme promotes social and economic upliftment for local coastal communities. Employ temporally EPWP workers through grant funding in support of coastal initiatives.
			Linking with other LED/Tourism initiatives in the Overberg District.
9.	Education & Capacity Building	To promote coastal awareness, education and training.	Participation in Environmental Calendar Day such as Coastal Clean-up and Marine Week. Facilitate the procurement of ORV and Informative Signage and the erection of such signs in collaboration with NGO, government officials.

Table 2: Status of Estuary Management in the Overberg

Estuary	Estuary Management Plan	Mouth Management Plan	Estuary Advisory Forum
Breede River Estuary	To be reviewed	N/A	Yes
Klipdriftsfontein Estuary	New plan	None	None
Heuningnes Estuary	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ratel River Estuary	New plan	None	None
Uilkraal Estuary	Yes	Yes	Yes
Klein River Estuary	Yes	Yes	Yes
.Onrus Estuary	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bot River Estuary	Yes	Yes	Yes
Palmiet Estuary	Yes	None	None
Buffels River Estuary	Yes	None	None
Rooi-Els Estuary	Yes	None	None

	Legislative	Sector	Project	Budget			ementation time	frame		Departmental SDBIP	Responsible	
	Framework	Plan	FTOJECE	Source	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	Departmental 3DBIF	Department	
astal Management  mental Managemeni  Coastal Act of 2008 (Act 24	nagement: Integrated I 3 (Act 24 of 2008)	пе	Coastal Monitoring inspections	Municipal	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Conduct regular coastal and catchment inspections	Coastal and Catchment Management	
		nt Programme	Coastal Management Programme	Unallocated	Gap analysis	Review CMP				Review of Overberg CMP	Coastal and Catchment Management	
	rvironmental Ma Coasta ment Act of 200	Coastal Management	oastal Managemel	oastal Manageme	Support Estuary Forums	Municipal	Attendance of Estuary Advisory Forum meetings					
	National Environ Management	CO	Implement the Coastal Management Lines	Municipal	Incorporate in SDF to guide land-use planning						Coastal and Catchment Management	

Legislative	Sector	Droiget	Budget		Imp	lementation time	eframe		Departmental SDBIP	Responsible
Framework	Plan	Project	Source	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27		Department
		Maintain the Municipal Coastal Committee	Municipal	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Report quarterly on the activities of the Municipal Coastal Committee to the Community Services Portfolio meeting.	Coastal and Catchment Management

## • Solid Waste Management

The Manager: Environmental Management Services is the designated Waste Officer for ODM.

No Solid Waste Management Bylaw exists for the ODM.

Current state of the Regional Landfill Facility:

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

The natural environment is the resource base for all human activities and therefore ecological limitations should be taken into account when it comes to development planning. With increased population growth in urban as well as rural areas, municipalities are overburdened with development backlogs and balancing this with the preservation of its natural resources. It is therefore pertinent that concepts such as sustainable development and integrated planning become prominent in the way municipalities conduct their mandate. Apart from the development pressure on our natural resources, climate change is considered to be a significant risk which does impact upon these resources negatively.

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Financial constraints There are a lack of dedicated funding of environmental
  management functions. A lack of funding mechanisms available for municipalities to fund
  the municipalities capability to implement plans, programs and projects such as alien &
  invasive species clearing, coastal management and solid waste infrastructure severely
  impacts on the function.
- Institutional capacity Both at the District and Local Municipalities there is very little
  capacity available to fulfill in the environmental rights of communities. At the District level
  there are only three staff members dealing with a range of functions such as Biodiversity
  Conservation, Climate Change, Coastal Management, Pollution Management, Waste
  Management, GIS and Spatial Planning.
- Legislative compliance Linked to all of the abovementioned challenges is the ability for the municipality to comply with all the relevant environmental legislation. For example: The Waste Management Norms and Standards for the development of a new waste cell has made it almost impossible for municipalities to comply, hence hampering infrastructure development and rehabilitation which then affects service delivery.

Active waste cell has available air space until December 2026. The projected life span of the facility will be until July 2076 (52 years). External audit report done in November 2023. Compliance score 98.97%

Ongoing engagements with Cape Agulhas and Swellendam Municipalities regarding the 204 | O D M DRAFT REVIEW AND AMENDMENT OF IDP FOR 2025/2026

integration of users for the Regional Landfill Facility. Cape Agulhas Municipality indicated their willingness to participate as users from October 2024.

#### RESPONSE

 Ensuring continuous promotion of partnerships with all spheres of government, private sector, NGOs and international organisations, where and when applicable, to advance environmental management objectives in the Overberg.

#### **LEGISLATION**

- Section 24 of The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- National Environmental Management Act (NEMA), 1998 (Act 107 of 1998)
- NEM: Integrated Coastal Management Act of 2008 (Act 36 of 2014)
- NEM: Biodiversity Act of 2004 (Act 10 of 2004)
- NEM: Waste Management Act of 2008 (Act 59 of 2008)
- Forest Act of 1998 (Act 84 of 1998)
- National Heritage Resources Act of 1999 (Act 25 of 1999)
- National Water Act of 1998 (Act 36 of 1998)
- Spatial Planning and Land-Use Management Act (Act 16 of 2013)
- Municipal System Act of 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- Municipal Structures Act of 1998 (Act 117 of 1998)
- National Climate Change Bill

The vision for solid waste management in the Overberg is:

- Waste must be seen as an asset and managed accordingly.
- Integrate the effort between public and private initiatives
- Seek alternative ways of dealing with waste to ensure value adding and the creation of business opportunities
- New technologies need to be sought and be investigate as long-term alternatives to the status quo.
- Waste must be dealt with in a hierarchal approach to ensure the reduction, re-use, recycling and composting, energy creation and landfilling thereof.

Waste Management Projects for the next 5 years will be prioritised to address the abovementioned vision. Objectives are:

- Review the ODMs Integrated Waste Management Plan to collate the information from the local Authorities and to set the overarching principles for Waste Management in the Overberg.
- · Seek new or alternative solutions to address waste management in the Overberg.

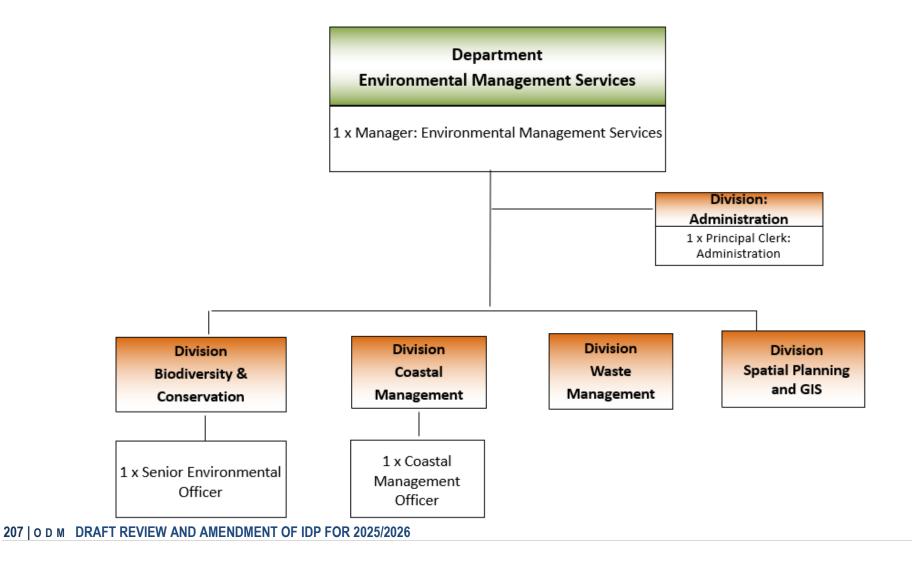
The primary objective of integrated waste management (IWM) planning is to integrate and

optimise waste management, to maximise efficiency and minimise the a	associated	
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	Legislative	Sector	D : 4	Budget		Imple	ementation time	frame		D ( LIODDID	Responsible	
	Framework	Plan	Project	Source	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	Departmental SDBIP	Department	
			Maintain and improve upon the mandate of the Regional Waste Management Forum	Municipal	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Report quarterly to the Community Services Portfolio Committee on the activities of the RWF	Environmental Management	
			Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill Facility Monitoring Committee	Municipal	1 meeting per annum	1 meeting per annum	1 meeting per annum	1 meeting per annum	1 meeting per annum	Report annually by June to the Community Service Portfolio Committee on the outcome of the Karwyderskraal Landfill Site adherence to the permit conditions.	Environmental Management	
			Waste management education and awareness	Unallocated	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously		Environmental Management	
	f 2008)		Waste management capacity building for officials	Municipal	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously		Environmental Management	
	18 (Act 59 of		_	Appointment of a consulting engineer for the management of the Regional Landfill Facility	Municipal	Appointment for three-year term						Environmental Management
t	1ct of 200	ent Plan	Promote the establishment of integrated waste management infrastructure and services	Municipal	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously		Environmental Management	
Waste Management	Vaste A	anagem	Operation of Karwyderskraal Landfill site	Municipal	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously	Continuously		Environmental Management	
Mana	ment V	ste Ma	Waste characterisation at Karwyderskraal	Municipal	Annually	Annually	Annually	Annually	Annually		Environmental Management	
Waste	Мападеп	ntegrated Waste Management Plan	grated Wa	Conduct compliance monitoring at the Karwyderskraal Landfill Site	Municipal	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Perform quarterly landfill site audits at Karwyderskraal	Environmental Management
	onmental	Integ	Weighbridge maintenance and calibration	Municipal	Weighbridge maintenance and calibration		Weighbridge maintenance and calibration		Weighbridge maintenance and calibration		Environmental Management	
	National Environmental Management: Waste Act of 2008 (Act 59 of 2008)		Update and maintain waste data	Municipal	Weighbridge software Report monthly to IPWIS	Report monthly to IPWIS	Report monthly to IPWIS	Report monthly to IPWIS	Report monthly to IPWIS	Update monthly waste volumes received at Karwyderskraal on IPWIS	Environmental Management	
	Z		Review annual tariff for Karwyderskraal users	Municipal	Tariff meeting with user municipalities before end of Nov.	Tariff meeting with user municipalities before end of Nov.	Tariff meeting with user municipalities before end of Nov.	Tariff meeting with user municipalities before end of Nov.	Tariff meeting with user municipalities before end of Nov.	Review annual disposal tariffs with Karwyderskraal user municipalities by November of each year.	Environmental Management	
			Review of the Integrated Waste Management Plan	Municipal	Report progress in ODM Annual Report	Report progress in ODM Annual Report	Report progress in ODM Annual Report	Report progress in ODM Annual Report	Report progress in ODM Annual Report		Environmental Management	
								IWMP Review process				

Legislative Sector					Imple	Departmental SDBIP	Responsible			
Framework	Plan	Project	Source	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	Departmental SUBIP	Department
						IWMP Review				
						process				

### ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



# INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
Regional Waste Forum	Yes	Quarterly	To promote cooperation between Municipalities in order to improve Waste Management within the region;  To share best practices and share knowledge and information; and  To create a platform for which information can be gathered to feedback to the Provincial Waste Officers Forum.	Overberg District Municipality Local Municipalities: Overstrand, Cape Agulhas, CAM & TWK National Department of Environmental Affairs Provincial DEADP Any other stakeholders as identified by the forum	Overberg District Municipality
Provincial Waste Officers Forum	Yes	Quarterly	The Waste Management Officer Forum serves as a platform for the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning to interact with local government with regards to integrated waste management issue.  The forum is utilized as a vehicle to support municipalities with the implementation of the National Waste Management Strategy and legislation pertaining to integrated waste management.	Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning National Department of Environmental Affairs All District Municipalities in Western Cape All Local Municipalities in Western Cape Any other stakeholders as identified by the forum	Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning
Karwyderskra al Residents Monitoring Committee	Yes	Annually	Facilitate the participation of interested and affected parties (I&AP's) in the formulation of control procedures for impacts or possible impacts resulting from the establishment, operation and rehabilitation of the Karwyderskraal Landfill Site.  Monitor compliance to the permit conditions.	Overberg District Municipality Local Municipalities: Overstrand and TWK National Department of Environmental Affairs National Department of Water and Sanitation Provincial DEADP Breede-Gouritz Catchment Management Agency Whale Coast Conservation Contracted site operator Surrounding landowners	Overberg District Municipality
Climate Change & Biodiversity Forum	Yes	Quarterly	The forum will also serve as a platform to share information on the climate change and biodiversity policies, tools and, interventions across the Overberg District thereby minimising duplication of efforts across the District whilst pooling of resources;  To steer and facilitate biodiversity management across all local municipalities in the Overberg District to invest in the preservation and restoration of local habitats in order to increase protection against climate change impacts; and Inform and guide Municipalities in the Overberg with regards to projects and programmes linked to biodiversity protection and Climate Change initiatives.	Overberg District Municipality Local Municipalities Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning National Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries	Overberg District Municipality

Local Government Support Forum	Yes	Bi-annually	Coordinate local government environmental management support;  Provide a platform for engagement, and accountability between the environment sector with its key partners and local government on the management and implementation of the local government support strategy;	National Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries Provincial Reps of depts responsible for environmental affairs Representatives of district and metro municipalities Strategic Partners:  South African Local Government Association South African Biodiversity Institute Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs South African Cites Network International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives	National Department of Environmental Affairs
Kogelberg Biosphere Reserve Stakeholder Committee	Yes	Bi-monthly	To coordinate the long-term implementation of the Kogelberg Biosphere Reserve Strategy and to advance and represent the common interest of the Parties in matters concerning the management of the KBRC.	Directors of the KBRC Board DEADP Department of Agriculture: Landcare City of Cape Town Overberg District Municipality Local Municipalities NGOs	Cape Nature  (Deputy Chair:    Overberg    District    Municipality)
All relevant estuary forums within the jurisdiction of the Overberg	Yes	Quarterly	To liaise with, and advise the Management Authority and any other of its members constituencies on any matter concerning the environmental management of the Estuary, including the setting of objectives, how to achieve those objectives and the priorities for environmental governance.	Any relevant stakeholders as identified by the forum	Management Authority (Determined by the National Estuarine Management Protocol)

# DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the o	pportunity	gateway to Africa through sustainable services				
DEPARTMENTAL VISION	Working together, from catchment to coast, towards a legacy of a healthy functioning environment in the Overberg, for the benefit and enjoyment of all.						
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	Promote sustainable development that delivers basic environmental, economic and social services to all in the Overberg, without threatening the viability of our natural resources;     Promote an ethic of partnership building between all spheres of government and civil society to ensure sufficient and effective environmental governance.						
ODM SG	To ensure the h efficient basic s		safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of d infrastructure				
ALIGNMENT TO PROVINCIAL & NATIONAL GOVERNMENT	NDP:	Ch 5 Ch 7 Ch 11 Ch 12	Environmental sustainability and resilience South Africa in the region and the world Social protection Building safer communities				
STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES	National Outcomes (NOs):	NO 2 NO 6 NO 10	A long and healthy life for all South Africans An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network Environmental assets and natural resources that are well protected and continually enhanced				
	PSGs:	PSG 3 PSG 4 PSG 5	Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment Embed good governance and integrated service delivery through partnerships and spatial alignment				
INPUTS	<ul><li>Property, plar</li><li>Human resou</li><li>Budget</li><li>IGR structure</li></ul>	rces	nent (PPE)				
ACTIVITIES/ MISSION and OUTPUT	Environmental Management	onmental • Invasive species management					
	Coastal & Catchment Management	<ul> <li>Routin</li> </ul>	al and catchment monitoring e inspections and compliance monitoring nentation of the Coastal Management Programme				

	1				
		Municipal Coastal Committee			
		Provincial Coastal Committee			
		Estuary Advisory Forums			
	Solid Waste	Regional Waste Forum			
	Management	Karwyderskraal Residents Monitoring Committee			
		Development and implementation of the Integrated Waste			
		Management Plan			
	Spatial	Development and review of the Spatial Development			
	Planning and	Framework			
	GIS	Maintain the GIS database			
PREDETERMINED	<ul> <li>Continually</li> </ul>	strive towards legal compliance.			
OUTCOMES	Maintain platforms for engagement and collaboration between the District				
	Municipality	and all the local Municipalities in the District, as well as			
	between the	e Municipalities, and the Provincial and National Departments,			
	SANParks,	Non – Government Organisations, Community-Based			
	Organisatio	ons, and communities on matters related to the pursuit of			
	improved e	nvironmental management and sustainability in the Overberg;			
	<ul> <li>Enhance th</li> </ul>	e inclusion of integrated planning and sustainable			
	developme	nt in all municipal planning processes.			
	<ul> <li>Improved s</li> </ul>	ervice delivery, in terms of solid waste management, in the			
	Overberg.				
IMPACT		environmental rights of the communities in the Overberg:			
	Everyone has th	e right to an environment that is not harmful to their health or			
	well-being.				

# GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

	No	Policy	Revie	w Status
	1	Environmental Management Policy	2014	To be reviewed
	2	Milkwood Tree Policy	2014	To be reviewed
	3	Spatial Development Framework	2022	
	4	Integrated Waste Management Plan	2019	
	5	Coastal Management Programme	2016	To be reviewed 2023/24
-	6	Climate Change Response Framework	2017	To be reviewed 2024/25
	7	Overberg Wetland Report	2017	
	8	Wetland Strategy and Action Plan	2017	

9	Alien & Invasive Species Monitoring, Control and	2020	
	Eradication Plan		

#### PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2023/24 – 2026/27

PDO	ODM	PDO	KPI		202	4/25		24/25	25/26
100	SG	100	Ki i	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	24/25	23/20
Community Services	SG1	Report quarterly to Comm Serv Portfolio on activities of MCC	Number of reports submitted per annum	1	1	1	1	4	4
		Report annually to the Community Services Portfolio Committee on the outcome of Karwyderskraal Landfill site adherence to the permit conditions	Report submitted to the Community Portfolio Committee per annum			1		1	1
		Report quarterly to the Community Services Portfolio Committee on the activities of the Regional Waste Forum	Number of reports submitted per annum	1	1	1	1	4	4
		"Report quarterly to the Community Services Portfolio Committee on the activities of the Municipal Climate Change & Biodiversity Forum		1	1	1	1	4	4

## 11.4.3 EMERGENCY SERVICES

#### INTRODUCTION

The Overberg Fire & Rescue Services renders a fire service in the municipal areas of Swellendam, Theewaterskloof and Cape Agulhas. Fully equipped and staffed Fire & Rescue depots are situated in each of these areas, including Grabouw and Villiersdorp, with the District Office situated in Bredasdorp. A service delivery and mutual aid agreement is in place between the ODM and Overstrand Municipality.

The Overberg Region is prone to severe veld fires during summer. This is largely due to the fynbos veld that burns easily and is further aided by the dry and windy summer conditions. The numerous mountain ranges and long coastline as well as the N2 running through the Overberg, increases pressure on the service in terms of rescue operations over a wide spectrum.

Devastating fires swept through parts of the Overberg Region during December 2016 and April 2017, burning fynbos in excess of 60,000*ha*. The impact of veld fires could serve to be harmful and destructive for the inhabitants of the Overberg Region and the regional economy. However, the Overberg Emergency Services has thus far managed to effectively respond to a variety of incidents throughout the entire Overberg Region. Throughout the entire Western Cape, Overberg Fire & Rescue is the only provider managing a helicopter rescue programme.

This could be regarded as one of the best practices in the Western Cape.



### Current status of full-time operational stations of Overberg Emergency Services:

Municipal Area	Station	Fire Fighting Vehicles	Fire Fighters	Fire Fighter per sq km	Fire Vehicle per sq km
Theewaterskloof	Grabouw	3	11		
(area 3,278)	Villiersdorp	1	9		
	Caledon	2	7		
Totals TWK	3	7	27	1/121	1/364
					_
Swellendam	Swellendam	3	6		
(area 2,999)			6 EPWP		
Totals SDM	1	3	12	1/249	1/749
Cape Agulhas	Bredasdorp	4	6		
(area 3,437)	·		6 EPWP		
Totals CAM	1	4	12	1/286	1/859





- Overberg Fire Prevention Association
- Facilitating Integrated Fire Management
- Organizing and capacitating the landowner
- Working on Fire (Kushogo)
- o Partnering for firefighting teams on our bases
- Aerial Resources
- National Sea Rescue Institute
- o Active participation and support, creating an asset and resource to be used
- Joint rescue program with the Air force



#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

Disaster Management: Own capacity and capacity of the Local Municipalities in the Overberg Region. Do not have sufficient capacity to adequately address the disaster management continuum.

#### CHALLENGES AND RISKS – HOW MITIGATED

- Disaster Management Capability; overburdening of staff (burnout)
- Using FPA staff (Covid); assistance of landowners for the past three years
- Operational Capabilities/Vehicles
- Best use of available resources
- Plant and Equipment Maintenance Budget
- o Adjustment Budget 1 new vehicle
- Risk to service delivery
- Knofflokskraal draining resources. This risk has improved and mitigated by fire awareness mitigation

#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2022

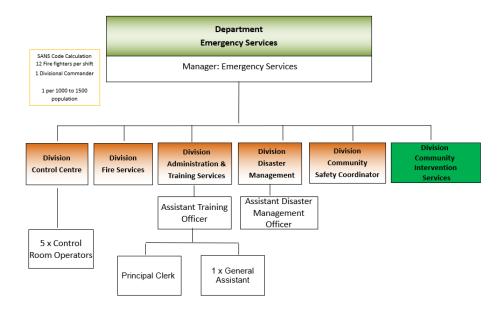
- Safer Beaches Campaign prevented drownings on our coast
- Effective aerial resource deployment
- Establishment and partnering with Greater Overberg FPA for Integrated Fire Management
- Safer Communities Project launched
- Community Safety Mediation actions preventing protest actions and long term economic impact
- Effectively managing a severe fire season whilst maintaining safe communities over the festive season

#### **LEGISLATION**

- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- Section 156(1)(a) of the Constitution deals with the powers and functions of municipalities and specifies that "a municipality has executive authority in respect of and has the right to administer the local government matters listed in Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5". Firefighting is listed as a local government function in Schedule 4 Part B

- Fire Brigade Services Act, 1987 (Act 99 of 1987): A local authority may establish and maintain a service in accordance with the prescribed requirements
- Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998)
- S84(1)(j) A district municipality has the following functions and powers- Firefighting services serving the area of the district municipality as a whole
- Disaster Management Act,57 of 2002, S43(1) Each metropolitan and each DM must establish in its district a disaster management centre for its municipal area

# ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



## **FLEET CAPACITY**





Caledon	1 Structural vehicle 1 4x4 large tanker
	1 4x4 Medium tanker
	1 4x4 skid unit
Greyton/ RSE Volunteer	1 Unimog
Grabouw 24h Station	1 Structural vehicle
	4x4 Medium Tanker 4x4 Large Tanker
Villiersdorp	1 Structural unit
	1 4x4 skid unit
Swellendam	1 Structural Unit
24h Station	1 4x4 Large Tanker 1 Skid unit
	Hazmat Unit
Barrydale	1 Structural unit
-	1 Skid unit
Bredasdorp	1 x Structural unit 1 4x4 Large tanker
	1 4x4 Medium Tanker 1 Skid unit
	1 Rescue vehicle
	1 Command unit
Struisbaai	1 Skid Unit

# INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
District Fire Working Group	Yes	Quarterly	<ul> <li>a) To develop, monitor and maintain best practices, Standard operating Procedures, Memorandum of Understanding and Service Level Agreements for Veld fire and Rural/ Urban Interface incident response, mobilization and resource deployment in the Overberg District.</li> <li>b) Provide inputs on all veld fire related matters to the Provincial Veld Fire Workgroup.</li> <li>c) Investigate and draw up reports for inputs on veld fire related matters to the Provincial Veld Fire Workgroup.</li> </ul>	The Principal Members of the ODVFWG shall include: a) DM Fire Services senior officers b) Local Municipality Fire Services senior officers c) Area managers and Catchment Managers d) Relevant CapeNature Area Managers a) Cape Pine Area managers b) SA National Parks c) DAFF officials responsible for FPA's  Co –opted members shall include: a) FPA chairmen b) CapeNature Reserve Managers c) Cape Pine Plantation Manager d) Working on Fire e) Representatives of Volunteer Fire Services f) SANDF g) SAPS d) Disaster Management e) ESCOM f) Provincial Directorate and sub directorate Ad-Hoc Members shall include: a) Persons who by their relevant expertise considered making valuable inputs into the business of the ODVFWG.	New chair to be elected
Disaster Management Advisory Forum	Yes	Quarterly	In order for all relevant role players in disaster risk management in the district to coordinate their actions on matters relating to disaster risk management as prescribed in section 30(1) of the Disaster Management Act,		ODM (Reinard Geldenhuys)
Provincial Fire Working Group			To develop, monitor and maintain best practices, SOPs, MOU and SKAs for Veld fire and Rural/ Urban Interface incident response, mobilization and resource deployment in Western Cape.		ODM (Reinard Geldenhuys)
Provincial Disaster Management Advisory Forum	Yes	Quarterly	In order for all relevant role players in disaster risk management in the province to coordinate their actions on matters relating to disaster risk management as prescribed in section 30(1) of the Disaster Management Act, the WCDMC must establish and maintain a disaster risk management advisory forum for the province. This is provided for in section 37 of the Act.	The head of the WCDMC Heads of provincial departments designated by the Premier Designated disaster risk management focal points for provincial departments which have disaster risk management responsibilities Disaster risk management functionaries of the WCDMC	Colin Denier

	Representatives of the South African Local Government Association (SALGA)
	Head of the disaster management centre of the City of Cape Town
	Heads of the disaster management centres of each of the five district
	municipalities in the province
	Heads of neighbouring provincial and district disaster management
	centres
	Representatives of emergency and essential services, national organs
	of state and organised business, including:
	o Medical services:
	- Emergency medical services: state and private
	Hospitals: state and private
	○ SA Police Service
	SA National Defence Force
	Dept Water Affairs and Forestry  Part Harm Affairs
	Dept Home Affairs  Palacent acceptable instead in instead in the control of
	<ul> <li>Relevant parastatals, including:</li> <li>Airports Company of South Africa (ACSA)</li> </ul>
	- Airports Company of South Airica (ACSA)
	- LONOW - Mountain to Ocean (MTO)
	- SANParks
	- South African Weather Service
	- SPOORNET
	- TELKOM
	- SA Maritime Safety Authority
	- SA Ports Authority
	- SA National Roads Agency
	○ Organised labour
	o NGOs, CBOs and other relevant role-players, including:
	- Congress of Traditional Leaders of South Africa
	- Agricultural and farm workers associations
	- SA Red Cross Society
	- Life-saving associations
	- National Sea Rescue Institute
	- SA Council of Churches
	- SA Chamber of Business
	- Chamber of Commerce in the Western Cape Province
	- Institutions of Higher Learning

Provincial			
Disaster Mgt:			
Head of			
Centre			
Meeting			

## DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable			
VISION	services			
DEPARTMENTAL				
VISION				
DEPARTMENTAL				
STRATEGIC				
OBJECTIVES				
ODM STRATEGIC			safety of all in the Overberg through the provision of	
GOAL	efficient basic s	services and	d infrastructure	
ALIGNMENT TO	NDP	Ch 11:	Social protection	
PROVINCIAL &		Cp 12:	Building safer communities	
NATIONAL	National	NO 3:	All people in South Africa are and feel safe	
GOVERNMENT	Outcome	NO 11:	Create a better South Africa and contribute to a	
STRATEGIC			better and safer Africa and World	
DIRECTIVES	PSG	PSG 3:	Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills	
		PSG 5:	Embed good governance and integrated service	
			delivery through partnerships and spatial	
			alignment	
INPUTS	Budget		V	
(what we use to do	• Fleet			
the work)	Property Pla	nt & Fauinr	nent	
,	Air resource:		nont	
	Ground tean	-		
			4.,	
ACTIVITIES/	Human reso			
MISSION	Integrated Fire		transfer of the risk to the property owner by	
			ng the landowners.	
and	Management:		ership with the Greater Overberg Fire Protection	
OUTPUT		Assoc		
			ing the risk of fires, reducing the overall operational	
		cost.		
	Community		nd life safety training to reduce the risk of house fires	
	Awareness:		train communities on what to do in case of fires in	
			o prevent injuries and loss of life.	
			People Project	
		Basic Emergency and Fire Education		
		Learn not to burn		
		<ul> <li>School</li> </ul>	ls program	
			id Training	
	Aerial		provide for rapid aerial fire and rescue intervention	
	Support		erberg Region by placing a multi-purpose helicopter	
	Project:		by in Bredasdorp, from 1 December to 30 April each	
L			NOMENT OF IDD COD 2025/2026	

		year.		
	Drowning			
	Prevention:			
	Vehicle	In order to efficiently respond to a variety of incidents in the		
	Replacement	entire Overberg Region, the dire need to replace old and		
	Project:	unreliable vehicles, has been identified. Response times to		
		calls would significantly be reduced if these vehicles are		
		replaced with faster rapid intervention vehicles.		
	EPWP Fire Fighting	Overberg Fire & Rescue seeks to provide for a Firefighting team that could actively fight veld fires in the summer season.		
	Project:	This team would then also do prevention and mitigation work		
	i roject.	in winter by establishing and maintaining strategic firebreaks		
		in high-risk areas throughout the Overberg Region. This		
		initiative also serves to further support and promote the		
		objectives of the EPWP programme, which is to ensure job		
		creation and the transfer of skills.		
PREDETERMINED	Top Priorities:			
OUTCOMES	<ul> <li>Reduction of</li> </ul>	after-hour response time		
	Providing en	ough adequately trained staff and equipment to respond to		
	incidents			
	To ensure th	he safety of the Overberg communities and visitors		
IMPACT	<ul> <li>Informed and</li> </ul>	d safer communities		
	<ul> <li>Integrated fir</li> </ul>	e management		
		npact of fires on communities and agricultural sector		
	Disaster prepared.	paredness		

## GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No	Policy
1.	Disaster Risk Management Plan
2.	Disaster Management Framework
3.	Safer Communities Project Plan
4.	Festive and Fire Season Readiness Plan

## PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2024/25 - 2026/27

5.	ODM	222	I/DI		202	24/2	5	27/22	22/25
Directorate	SG	PDO	KPI	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	25/26	26/27
Community Services	SG1	Table the revised Disaster Risk Management Plan to Council by June	Revised Disaster Risk Management plan tabled to Council				1	1	1
		Table to Council the revise Disaster Management Framework by June	Revised Disaster Management Framework tabled to Council				1	1	1
		Present annually the revised Festive and Fire Season Readiness Plan to DCFTech							
		Present annually the revised winter readiness plan to the Community Services Portfolio Committee	readiness plans submitted per annum			1		1	1
		Rollout formal Training programmes by fire services Training Centre	Number of formal fire training programmes rolled out by fire training centre		1		1		

## 11.4.4 ROADS

## INTRODUCTION

The Roads Division receives grant funding from the Provincial Department Transport & Public Works (DTPW) and acts as a Provincial Agent for the maintenance of the network of main, divisional and minor roads. This includes all activities relating to the maintenance of 3,685km of proclaimed roads in the Overberg District. The major access route to the Overberg District is the N2.

## **CHALLENGES**

- Environmental factors
- · Ageing/depreciation of mechanical plant and equipment
- Backlog on re-gravel of gravel roads due to insufficient capacity and funds
- Limited (6) registered borrow pits in the Overberg Area
- Timeframes for filling of vacant posts.
- Timeframes to obtain materials and parts for plant due to SCM processes.

## **RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES**

- Management of environmental factors (weather conditions, irregular rainfall patterns, flood damage, etc.)
- More intensive maintenance of fleet.
- Requests to PAWK for more capacity and funds.
- Continuous requests to road authority to speed up the process.
- Dependent on HR processes
- Continuous re-evaluation of planned works

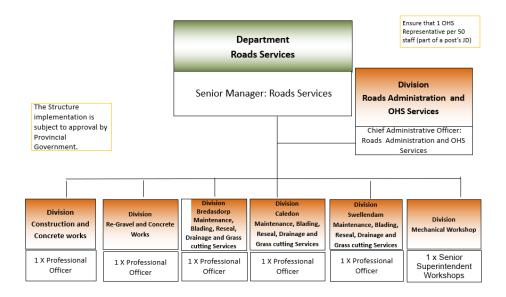
## ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2022 - 2023

- Gravel roads upgraded to surfaces standard: 3.78km
- Gravel roads re-gravelled: 43.00km
- Sealed roads resealed: 16.26km
- Gravel roads graded: 6510km

## **LEGISLATION**

- Intergovernmental Relations (IGR) Framework Act, 2005 (Act 13 of 2005)
- Memorandum of Agreement (MOA): DTPW/ODM

## ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



## INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name		Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chairperson
District Roads	Yes	Monthly	Technical and financial progress	ODM Roads DRE WCDM CWDM	Stewart Bain (DRE)
Roads Network Management	Yes	3 per annum	Technical and budget progress	All DMs Senior Roads personnel DRE Head Office senior personnel	Len Fourie - DDG (DTPW)

## DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the op	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable			
DEPARTMENTAL VISION		An effective Road Infrastructure Network for accessible, safe and affordable			
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	Adequate huma Road Infrastruct construction and	<ul> <li>Adequate human resource capacity to manage and maintain Provincial Road Infrastructure Network by means of re-gravelling, re-sealing, construction and routine maintenance.</li> <li>Economic growth and empowerment through roads infrastructure</li> </ul>			
ODM STRATEGIC GOAL	To ensure the hea efficient basic serv			g through the pr	rovision of
ALIGNMENT TO PROVINCIAL &	NDP Ch		infrastructure		
NATIONAL GOVERNMENT	National NO Outcome	infrastructu	t, competitive ar ure network		
STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES		PSG 3 Increase wellness, safety and tackle social ills PSG 4 Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment			
INPUTS	<ul><li>Property, plant &amp;</li><li>Human resource</li><li>Budget</li></ul>	, ,			
ACTIVITIES/	Road Type	Responsible	Bitumen	Gravel	Total
MISSION & OUTPUT	National (N2)	Authority SANRAL	<b>km</b> +180	<b>km</b>	<b>km</b> 180
	Trunk Roads	Provincial DTPW	650	0	650
	Main Roads	ODM	409,8	87,5	497,30
	Divisional Roads	20,00			,
	Minor Roads				
PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES	To provide a safe and efficient road environment to all road users.  Proper maintenance of road network to ensure sustainable roads infrastructure.  Flood damage control: preventative measures, effective repair timeframes to enable immediate mobility of affected roads.				

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	<ul> <li>Reactive maintenance: emergency works / potholes 48-hour turn-around time policy.</li> <li>Optimisation of gravel road blading frequency.</li> </ul>
IMPACT	To keep the proclaimed Provincial Roads in a safe and reliable condition within the legal framework of the various Ordinances, Acts and Regulations.

### PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2024/25 - 2026/27

PDO	ODM	PDO	KPI _		2024/25				26/27
150	SG	150		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	25/26	_0,
Community Services	SG1	Upgrade roads to permanent surface by 30 June (MR 276)	Number of kilometers road upgraded per annum				3.4		
		Kilometers of gravel roads to be regravelled	Number of kilometers road regravelled per annum	11.5	7.5	11	12		
		Kilometers of gravel roads to be bladed	Number of kilometers roads bladed per annum	1850	1550	1300	1800	6500	6500

### GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No	Policy	Review Status	Workshop Date	Date Approved by Council	Council Res No.
1	MOA: DTPW/ODM	Annually by March each year	Annually	March each year	Annually

## OPERATIONAL PLANNING

Main Activity	Timeframe	Deliverables			
Refer to Proposed Budget Projections in Chapter 12, section 12.4					

## 11.4.5 LED, TOURISM & RESORTS

## REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

## INTRODUCTION

RED is an ongoing process by which key stakeholders and institutions from all spheres of society, the public and private sector as well as civil society, work jointly to create a unique advantage for the locality and its firms, tackle market failures, remove bureaucratic obstacles for local businesses and strengthen the competitiveness of local firms/SMMEs. L/RED is therefore a means of systematic identification, development, and utilisation of economic opportunity, to benefit local businesses. As the private sector grows inclusively, poverty is reduced sustainably, and public sector income also increases.

Sustainable jobs are created in the private sector which makes money from markets. In contrast with the public sector that taxes these businesses and their employees to fund their own activities. To grow the economy, businesses therefore need to increase their revenues by competing better in markets, which are exposed to fierce global competition. The key to growth is therefore competitiveness, not just of individual firms but of complete value chains.

### REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM STRATEGY

SALGA assisted the Overberg District Municipality with the development of a Regional Economic Development and Tourism Strategy. On 11 October 2019 the Implementation Plan was presented to the RED/Tourism Forum. Implementation of the proposals in the plan is required to bring the strategy to life.

## OVERBERG ECONOMIC RECOVERY PLAN

The Recovery plan and Progress report is a recognition of, and response to, these dual pandemics. It identifies the problems that require an urgent, Whole-of-Society response in order to create jobs, foster safe communities, and promote the wellbeing of all the residents of the Western Cape. It will be pursued with the same energy and collaborative approach that created

the coalition that came together to fight the virus. The Recovery Plan and the Joint District and Metro Approach (JDMA) is aligned to each other.

Refer Chapter 6, page 123, for more information on regional economic development.

### ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2023

- LED & SCM, SMME support: Partner with local municipalities and assist entrepreneurs with registering on the central supplier and municipal database and advising on tender document completion.
- The SALGA and UNDP partnership, together with the ODM, handed over Covid-19 PPE to each local municipality in the region for distribution to informal traders.
- 6 Tourism Monitors start working at ODM for a period of 12 months
- 6 DEDAT Interns start working at ODM to collect SMME Data for 6 months.

## **MUNICIPAL RESORTS**

The Overberg District Municipality manages two Resorts, which are fully functional. Uilenkraalsmond Resort is situated 7km from Gansbaai and Die Dam Resort 40km from Gansbaai town. Both Resorts comprise chalets and caravan sites, as well as semi-lessee accommodation.



ACCOMMODATION	DIE DAM		UILENKRAALSMOND		
	Die Dam Holiday Reso	rt comprise of	Our resort offers semi-permanent		
	a caravan park and two	self-catering	houses a	and long stays, holiday	
	chalets. Hot water show	wers and	chalets and lodges and a very		
	baths are available at a	blution	popular o	caravan park situated next	
	blocks.	ach.			
CHALETS	<b>4</b> 2		<b>4</b> 40		
CARAVAN STANDS	<b>4</b> 83		<b>4</b> 110		
SEMI-PERMANENT	<b>4</b> 128		<b>↓</b> 555		
ACTIVITIES	<ul> <li>Bird watching</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Horse Trials</li></ul>	;	<ul> <li>Kayak trips</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Fishing</li> </ul>	◆ Trekker Ride	es	<ul> <li>Fishing from Boat</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Hiking</li> </ul>	◆ Paint Ball		<ul> <li>Whale Watching</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Kids Playground</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Quad (Explore)</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Shark Cage Diving</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Swimming</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Sky Diving</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Guests can take long</li> </ul>	
				walks along the beach	

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## CHALLENGES, RISKS AND HOW ADDRESSED

- Illegal building, permanent residence and sub-letting
- Erosion of dunes
- Fire lanes
  - Reporting, institute legal proceedings, revised contracts
  - EIA done by ODM & Prov. Env. Services
  - Env. Services. Tender to be awarded
- Erosion of coastline and flooding of Resort. Injuries to the public with possible claims. Loss in revenue due to holiday makers no longer making use of Resorts
  - Environmental Services awaiting response from Provincial Government. Access bridge temporarily repaired.
- Zoning of the land on which Uilenkraalsmond Resort is situated. Challenge of town planning
  decisions and building plan approval by Local Municipality. Health and safety impact for
  occupants in Resort not able to build bathroom facilities.
  - Environmental Services awaiting response from Provincial Government. Access bridge temporarily repaired.
  - Letter sent by Attorneys to Provincial DPW regarding lease agreement.
- Minimize cash handling
  - Promote no cash acceptance at pay points through notices and website to ensure safety of personnel.

### ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2023

- Flooding in Uilenkraalsmond has dropped significantly due to teamwork between Overstrand Municipality and ODM.
- A bund wall at the Franskraal boundary was erected with the assistance of Roads Department.
- Stormwater trenches were cleaned and obstacles removed.
- The dilapidated and dangerous walkways at Die Dam have been repaired and providing safe and secure access to the facilities and beach.
- In 2018 palisade fencing was erected at both sides of the entrance.
- In 2019/2020 asbestos water pipe was replaced at Die Dam Resort.
- In 2020 a 1.5km medium high voltage electrical cable was installed at Die Dam Resort.

## **DIE DAM & UILENKRAALSMOND**



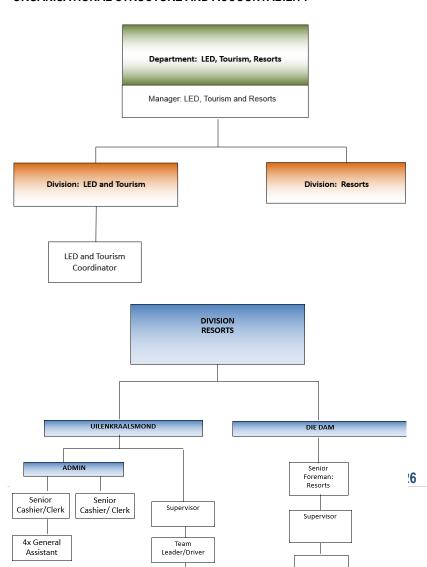


### DIE DAM





## ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



## **DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION**

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable services			
DEPARTMENTAL VISION	A vigorous and inclusive economy, establishing new partnership			
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	<ul> <li>Improve the quality of life in the Overberg</li> <li>Promote sustainable economic growth</li> <li>Address unique priorities as they arise including poverty reduction</li> </ul>			
ODM STRATEGIC GOAL			nomic development by supporting initiatives in the nent of a sustainable district economy	
ALIGNMENT TO PROVINCIAL & NATIONAL		Ch 3 Ch 6 Ch 7	Economy and employment Inclusive rural economy Building a capable and developmental state	
GOVERNMENT STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES	National No 4 Decent employment through inclusive ecor Vibrant, equitable and sustainable rural cor with food security for all			
		PSG 1 PSG 4	Create opportunities for growth and jobs Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment	
INPUTS	<ul> <li>Human resources</li> <li>Budget</li> <li>IGR structures (strategic partnerships)</li> <li>Pool vehicle for attending meetings</li> <li>Property &amp; equipment (laptop, overhead projector, flipchart, branding)</li> <li>Protective clothing</li> </ul>			
ACTIVITIES/ MISSION and OUTPUT	Regional Economic Dev	/ Ri cr • Pr	acilitate and, where relevant, lead the implementation of ED through ensuring appropriate institutional capacity is eated on the district level. roviding guidance in terms of the direction that economic evelopment should take.	

	<ul> <li>Link/coordinate (through IDP) - ensuring that the activities within the various LMs and activities of external stakeholde are linked and coordinated.</li> <li>Providing appropriate information in support of economic development initiatives.</li> <li>Continuing to promote RED as a core strategy of the Distriand Local municipalities.</li> <li>Developing and implementing a competent marketing programme for the district.</li> <li>Providing support to LMs in the implementation of local economic development.</li> <li>Establishing and maintaining a system for monitoring the successful implementation of LED</li> <li>Promote community-based economic initiatives, youth development, reduce poverty and promote sustainable employment creation opportunities;</li> <li>Enhance human capital to maintain and uphold the future of the Overberg for the benefit of the future generation;</li> <li>Promote social inclusion and inclusive growth towards empowering communities to have access to markets and share in the proceeds of economic growth;</li> <li>Promote social capital by making available resources through personal and business networks such as</li> </ul>
Tou	<ul> <li>information, ideas, leads, business opportunities, etc.</li> <li>Align activities with national and provincial priorities for tourism and economic growth, trade, and investment promotion initiatives;</li> <li>Facilitate the relationships between tourism, business, and government decision-makers; and</li> <li>Provide service excellence in all their business support functions</li> <li>Enhancing the tourism potential of the area, Cape Overber have various tourism approaches to market the Overberg a a destination generating interest to the area for longer stays. Furthermore, promote the area's tourism products and attractions making the region a preferred destination</li> </ul>
Res	<ul> <li>To improve and maintain the Resorts and make it marketable in order to ensure a sustainable income.</li> <li>Report quarterly on Reservations vs Complains received</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Publish Resort information on ODM's website</li> <li>Monthly meetings with Resort Managers to discuss strateg and operational matters</li> </ul>
Clie	Service, • Resorts employees strive to render good client services.

	Networking and Marketing	<ul> <li>Resorts are inter-dependent and assist each other as and when the need arises.</li> <li>The affiliation with the WCRA has proven to be a viable networking medium; an opportunity to network with other resorts, gain knowledge, etc.</li> <li>Through this forum, the resorts are widely marketed.</li> </ul>
PREDETERMINED OUTCOMES	of the District S Dedicated budg Monitor implem Vigorous prome Improve quality Promote sustai Address unique To have an info Develop/review implementable	get allocation for LED/Tourism activities lentation of strategy potion and implementation of EPWP of life in the Overberg lentation of the overberg lentation over lentation of lentatio
IMPACT	In order to enhand speedily, there development.  Focus on attraction To enhance the	ce service delivery the methods and processes must be more must be more funds towards infrastructure to stimulate ction, development and retention.  e ability of all individuals to reach their full potentials. ack their rightful position in this organisation

## GUIDING POLICIES/PROCEDURES/STRATEGIES/FRAMEWORKS

No	Policy	Review Status	Adoption
1.	District LED/Tourism Strategy	Reviewed	March 2018
2.	District LED/Tourism Terms of Reference	Reviewed	August 2019

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name	Is Forum	Frequency of	Forum Purpose	Forum	Forum Chair
Forum Name	active?	Meetings	Forum Purpose	Composition	Forum Chair
Regional Tourism Liaison Committee	Yes	Bi-Monthly	<ul> <li>To limit the overall environmental intrusion of the signs</li> <li>To limit the total number of information bits available at a specific point</li> <li>To limit the total cost of the provision of the signs</li> <li>Provides information</li> <li>Avoids confusion</li> <li>Identifies tourism routes</li> <li>Promote tourism services and facilities</li> <li>Promotes tourism in rural areas</li> </ul>	Prov Transport Administration Road Authority LMs RTOs LTOs Assessing Organisations	DTPW CWD
WESGRO RTO	Yes	Quarterly	Priority sectors: agribusiness, business process outsourcing and ICT, renewable energy, and tourism infrastructure.	Wesgro NDT SA Tourism SATSA SACCI FEDHASA RTO LTOs	Wesgro
District LED/ Tourism Forum	Yes	Quarterly	To promote cooperation between Municipalities in order to improve LED & Tourism within the region; To share best practices and share knowledge and information; and To create a platform for which information can be gathered to feedback to the RTO Forum.	DM & LMs NDT Cape- Overberg Whale Coast Country Meander Trade Route Cape Agulhas Stakeholders identified by forum	ODM
LTO Meetings	Yes	Monthly	It is proposed that LTBs will primarily have an information provision function at the level of local municipalities to:  • market their areas of jurisdiction as a tourist destination and any product,	Local Tourism Board Members Local Sphere: Representative s of LTO	CEO's of Tourism Offices

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chair
			in co-operation with surrounding municipalities and the province  • provide an information and assistance service to encourage tourists to visit the area in a way which is mutually beneficial to tourists and local communities  • develop and promote tourism skills and awareness within the local community to achieve the maximum sustainable benefits from tourism through the widest possible participation in the local tourism industry  • promote the development of appropriate tourism infrastructure and products, including attractions, accommodation, transport and shopping facilities  • protect and advance emerging business and previously disadvantaged persons within the tourist industry  • identify and promote the natural and cultural assets of its area of jurisdiction  • produce and distribute tourist promotion literature in conjunction with tourism service providers registered by the marketing agency.  • organise and market local tourism events, conferences and meetings in conjunction	Representative s of the community  DM Strategic Partners:  WESGRO  Provincial Government  DEDAT	

_	Is Forum	Frequency of		Forum	
Forum Name	active?	Meetings	Forum Purpose	Composition	Forum Chair
			with registered tourism service providers  • establish and maintain a database of tourism information on the local area which is linked to the marketing agency database (or cause this to be done)  • undertake other related activities  • generate income to achieve their objects		
National Department Tourism	Yes	As needed	To ensure participation of all stakeholders and beneficiaries; To ensure that stakeholders are informed and updated on the status of tourism; Role and responsibilities of stakeholders for the on-going info sourcing, provisioning, data verification and on-going maintenance of the NTIMS.	DEDAT RTO LTO Stakeholders	NDT
Die Dam Camp Association					
Uilkraal mond Camp Assoc			All semi-permanent home owners are advised to join the Uilenkraalsmond Camp Association, who are currently mandated to be the communication vehicle between home owners and the Local Authorities	Official Office Bearers  Deputy Chairperson Maynard van Niekerk Secretary: Johan Kotze Treasurer Heleen van Emmenes	
Women in Tourism	Yes	Quarterly	The WiT Programme commenced in 2013 as a platform to drive initiatives that support the development and empowerment of women in the	DEDAT Municipalities	Chair Lizelle Bailey

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chair
			tourism sector. This platform recognised the challenges faced by women entrepreneurs who are often found at the bottom end of the tourism economic value chain, and identified interventions that will assist in realising the WiT agenda. Its main focus areas included training on personal development, supporting women to develop a competitive advantage in their businesses and provision of capacity building initiatives. The WiT platform is meant to integrate women from the different backgrounds within the sector and to ensure that they converge on a set of common goals and interests within the industry. The WiT initiative serves as a mechanism to drive programmes to support the development and empowerment of women in the tourism sector as well as provide networking opportunities. The aim of the programme is to create a conversation platform for advancing transformation and integration of women from different socio-economic backgrounds and spectra within the sector towards ensuring that their interests converge on a common and sustainable developmental goal within the tourism industry		

Forum Name	Is Forum active?	Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chair
Western Cape Resort Association	Yes	Quarterly	<ul> <li>The promotion of the resort manager's function within the tourist sector</li> <li>Information exchange between members</li> <li>Training of the resort personnel (amplifying the 'learning organization' concept)</li> <li>Acting as the professional mouthpiece for the industry</li> <li>Establish networking relationships among the resorts</li> <li>Networking with other relevant industry role players to stimulate and promote this Trade</li> <li>To establish excellent service delivery in the resorts sector, promoting this trade and developing a strong tourism responsibility amongst resort personnel</li> <li>To assist employers with advice pertaining to the resort manager's function</li> <li>To create a high level of competency within the sector by formulating a code of conduct</li> <li>To aid resort managers to operate their resorts profitability</li> <li>To introduce crossmarketing between the</li> </ul>	Holiday Resort Managers from both the private and public sector Chairperson Vice Chairperson Secretary Treasurer	Chairman  General Queries

ODM	PDO	КРІ		2024	25/26	26/27		
30			Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
SG2	Review the Regional LED Strategy and table to council by 30 June Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to	Reviewed LED Strategy tabled to council Number of reports tabled to						
	SG	Review the Regional LED Strategy and table to council by 30 June Submit Feasibility Study report on the	Review the Regional LED Strategy and table to council by 30 June Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled to council Number of reports tabled to	Review the Regional LED Strategy and table to council by 30 June Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled to council Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Reviewed LED Strategy tabled to council Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Reviewed LED Strategy tabled to	GG2 Review the Regional LED Strategy and table to council by 30 June Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled to table to council Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled to tabled to tabled to Strategy tabled to tabled to Strategy tabled to table tabled to Strategy tabled to Strategy tabled to Strategy tabled to Strategy tabled to table	Review the Regional LED Strategy and table to council by 30 June Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled to table to council Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled to council Submit Feasibility Study report on the resort function to Strategy tabled	PDO   KPI   Q1   Q2   Q3   Q4	PDO   KPI   25/26

## 11.4.6 SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

### INTRODUCTION

Social development is the cornerstone of building sustainable communities. It is about improving the well-being of every individual in society so that they can reach their full potential. It requires the removal of barriers so that the community can journey together as a collective toward their dream with confidence and dignity. Social development is broadly understood as the overall improvement and enhancement in the quality of life of all people, especially the poor, the vulnerable and disadvantaged communities.

### **CHALLENGES**

- High unemployment Crime, Substance Use, Increase in food demand
- High staff turnover in Service Delivery Organisations Service delivery backlogs, high demand for specialised services
- Silo approach to interventions- service delivery not integrated

### **RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES**

- Facilitate linkages to possible job opportunities/internships/relief in distress
- Sourcing alternative service providers, joint interventions in partnership with other stakeholders
- Continuous efforts to promote joint ventures and initiatives

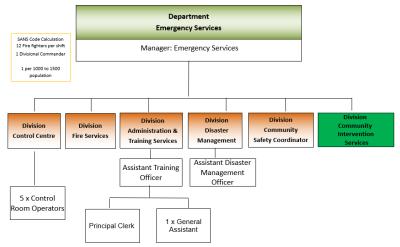
ACCOMPLISHMENTS 2017 - 2023

- The ODM council approved the revised organisational structure to incorporate and accommodate a Social Development Unit with the Community Services Directorate.
- A Memorandum of Understanding was signed in February 2019 between the Overberg District Municipality and the Department of Social Development
- The Overberg District Municipality hosted its first Social Development Summit in September 2019. The summit was attended by 150 delegates from across the region, which included Mayors, Councillors, Social Development Officials and Community Representatives.
- A summit task team was established which consisted of officials from DSD, ODM and the
  Overberg Local Municipalities. The primary objective if the summit was to improve the lives
  of people living and working in the Overberg.
- The first Social Development Implementation plan was developed for the district by all stakeholders present at the summit highlighting issues such as youth development, substance use disorder, ECD support and Gender Based Violence.
- 57 youth were deployed across TWK through the 1000 Stories Project to promote reading.
- The first Virtual Youth Day celebrations was hosted by the Cape Agulhas municipality in partnership with the Overberg District Municipality, youth from across the district could register online to view the day's proceedings.
- 150 youth participated in a career expo through the Thusong outreach programme held in Grabouw, ODM assisted with a needs analysis conducted on the day.
- 80 youth from Swellendam and Cape Agulhas received youth leadership training and basic training in understanding Gender Based Violence, these projects were made possible through partnerships between Social Development Coordinating Forum and the District Safety Forum.
- Climate Change Webinar A Climate Change Webinar was hosted in celebration of Women's
  month in Cape Agulhas which led to several youth in waste projects and the employment of
  5 EPWP workers to participate in the project. Youth participated in a weeklong leadership
  training session, which included life skills, environmental awareness etc.

## **LEGISLATION**

- Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996)
- White Paper on Local Government (1998)
- Memorandum of Understanding
- White Paper on Social Welfare (1997)
- Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act, 2005

## ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE AND ACCOUNTABILITY



## INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Forum Name		Frequency of Meetings	Forum Purpose	Forum Composition	Forum Chair
Nourish to Flourish Forum Workgroup	Yes	Quarterly	Forms part of the Economic Recovery focus dealing with jobs, safety, and wellbeing.     Build common cross-cutting approach to food nutrition.     Bridge the gap between adverse stakeholders.     Design and implement 3 areabased food and nutrition system initiatives (Knysna, Langa, Zwelethemba)     Develop systems to update mapping of the vulnerable areas.     Create a food system learning platform to enhance and promote joint action and implementation between sectors.	Local Government DoA DTPW DEDAT DHS Treasury DOTP	WCG (B Walters)
Social Development	Yes	Quarterly	Coordinate, co-plan, co-budget for the implementation of social development initiatives/	B Municipalities Local DSD Provincial DSD	ODM (D Barends)

Coordinating Forum			projects/programmes in the district	Sector departments join when	
Provincial Public Participation Forum	Yes	Quarterly	Ward Committee and Public Participation process	necessary Public Participation officials CDWs DPLG Comms	DLG (Craig Mitchell)
Inter- governmental Forum on Street People	Yes	Quarterly	Impact Mitigation (Minimizing impact of migration to streets through appropriate interventions) Shelters and support Specialised services and interventions, and referral mechanisms Services for Street Children Sanitation, waste management and public health Reintegration and Econ opportunities (creating formal and informal financial inclusion opportunities) Increased support for Reintegration Units for outreach and engagement on the street Increased economic opportunities towards self-sufficiency Housing opportunities Partnerships to mobilise a whole-of-society response to street people Interface between NGO-sector and the Forum to ensure NGO involvement  Law Enforcement By-law enforcement regarding streets and public places Municipal and community court diversion programmes	Provincial DSD DoTP DoH CoCT SAPS Metro Police DEDAT Department of Home Affairs Correctional	(R Macdonald

MA III	V		Preparing for the end of the disaster declaration and likely evictions     Parole violators, etc engagements with Correctional Services required		200
Wellbeing Manco	Yes		<ul> <li>Feedback on progress regarding priority matters discussed at the Wellbeing and Dignity Steering Committee.</li> </ul>	Cabinet Ministers HOD's Municipalities	DSD (S Fernandez )
Wellbeing and Dignity Steering Committee	Yes		<ul> <li>Look at deep dive matters for consideration</li> <li>Provide priority updates: Youth, Mental Wellbeing, GBV, Homelessness, ECD migration etc</li> </ul>	Cabinet Ministers HOD's Municipalities	DSD (S Fernandez )
National Dialogue: Early Childhood Development Migration	Yes		<ul> <li>This is the continuation of a series of ECD Dialogues that were hosted by the National Education Collaboration Trust and DBE since 2021.</li> <li>In line with the Education Dialogue SA protocols, the Dialogue aims to create yet another opportunity for participants to engage, reflect and speak on what will be required to strengthen the ECD sector coordination and collaboration.</li> </ul>	All municipalities , National Departments, Department of Basic Education, NGOs in the ECD sector, ECD's across the country	
CDA, WCSAF & LDAC Forum: (Central Drug Authority, Western Cape Substance Abuse Forum & Local Drug Action Committees)	Yes	Quarterly	Supply Reduction     Harm Reduction     Demand Reduction     Establish outstanding LDAC's     Re-establish dysfunctional LDAC's     Strengthen existing LDAC's     Strengthen data collection     Promote evidence-based prevention programmes	Central Drug Authority Western Cape Substance Abuse Forum Local Drug Action Committees DSD Municipalities	C Pepper

## DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC DIRECTION

OVERBERG DM VISION	Overberg – the	opportunity gateway to Africa through sustainable services
DEPARTMENTAL VISION		
DEPARTMENTAL STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES		
ODM STRATEGIC GOAL		gional Economic Development by supporting initiatives in the evelopment of a sustainable district economy
ALIGNMENT TO PROVINCIAL & NATIONAL GOVERNMENT	NDP	Ch 09: Improving Education, training, and innovation Ch 11: Social Protection Ch 12: Building Safer Communities Ch 15: Transforming Society
STRATEGIC DIRECTIVES	SDG	Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all. Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls
	PSG	Goal 1: Safer and cohesive communities Goal 2: Growth and Jobs Goal 3: Empowering people
	District Strategic Goals	Goal 2: Poverty alleviation/ job creation initiatives
INPUTS	<ul><li>Budget</li><li>Human Reso</li><li>Transport</li><li>Office and Cor</li></ul>	ources mputer Equipment

ACTIVITIES/ MISSION & OUTPUT	Identify and prioritize social /community development needs and opportunities	Network with community development resources Set up and facilitate community meeting with service providers and role players Consult directly with communities on their needs, opportunities, and strengths Host community meetings that are widely advertised or door to door surveys to assist in the identification of social and community development needs Align projects with IDP and feeding community needs back to IDP process Development and implementation of the social development policy.
	Programme/ Project Implementation	<ul> <li>Plan and consult with communities in planning projects and programmes</li> <li>Project manage the spending of operational funds on relevant projects</li> <li>Implement new social/community development projects and co-ordinate existing projects</li> <li>Manage the implementation of projects according to time frames and planning schedules.</li> <li>Create or mobilize existing social development structures in the community by means of motivational skills, positive relationships, meetings, discussion of identified needs, capacity building, empowerment/confidence building to make the community development process community driven</li> </ul>
	Administration	<ul> <li>Manage conflicts in the community by means of conflict management skills and processes to work towards consensus/ collaboration in the community.</li> <li>Make use of relevant service providers, consultants, NGO's CBO's by means of guiding, networking in order to provide expert knowledge and skills to the community.</li> <li>Building and strengthen relationships with various stakeholders to elicit support with social upliftment initiatives, projects, and programmes.</li> <li>Link projects/organisations/programmes with relevant resources.</li> <li>Co-ordinate broader based stakeholder workshops to seek ideas, establish priorities and determine strengths, weaknesses, and threats.</li> <li>Conduct training and skills development to develop an understanding and to build the capacity of communities.</li> </ul>

	Oversee the marketing and communication regarding social and community development programmes of the division.     Provide input on municipal strategic planning together with other division heads on social/community development matters impacting on service delivery.     Compiling necessary reports and updating of databases.     Identify needs and compile and manage the social development division budget in collaboration with the Director: Community Services.
Financial	<ul> <li>Monthly report submission and reports on individual projects to council when necessary to keep council informed about progress in the department and to guide with recommendations.</li> <li>Accountable for keeping records of KPI's and identification of new KPI's for the division.</li> <li>Write monthly reports and reports on individual projects to the council, when necessary, to keep Council informed about progress in the department to guide with recommendations.</li> <li>Keep update of databases of social development services providers to encourage networking and increase productivity.</li> <li>Keep a filing system in place for projects and administration to ensure continuity in service delivery.</li> <li>Compiling notices, agendas, and minutes of functional meetings and attending to circulation.</li> <li>Attend to correspondence from partners/departments and circulate to stakeholders to keep them abreast of developments.</li> <li>Communicate opportunities for skills development and funding with stakeholders.</li> <li>Obtain and compile CDW reports for submission to council.</li> <li>Monitor CDW project implementation and ensure that it is line with their operational plan.</li> <li>To ensure successful project results</li> <li>Monitor financial expenditure of CDW funds as per grant allocation.</li> <li>Procure services for CDW project implementation as and when required.</li> </ul>

		Obtain financial statements and compile annual reports for submission to council on the work of CDW's in the Swellendam area.
M co	Stakeholder lanagement, mmunication, d participatory planning	<ul> <li>Compile tender or quotation specifications and guidelines where required in terms of approved budget, evaluate such tenders or quotations, and make recommendations regarding the appointment of service providers.</li> <li>Maintain stakeholder database.</li> <li>Disseminate functions and operational information on the immediate, short- and long-term objectives and current developments, challenges, and constraints.</li> <li>Co-ordinate the establishment and implementation of various district forums and coordinating structures to serve as platform to facilitate functional information.</li> <li>Participate in various meetings (council, internal and external forums) and provide strategic input on matters affecting or concerning functionality.</li> <li>Develop methods/plan/structuring for co-ordination of the various structures in consultation with community stakeholders.</li> <li>Oversee inclusive participatory strategic planning within forums.</li> <li>Ensure inclusion of relevant stakeholders and the community in planning of projects.</li> <li>Manage and convene the social development coordinating forum</li> </ul>

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT: TL SDBIP 2024/25 – 2026/27

Directorate	ODM	PDO	KPI		2024	/2025		25/26	26/27
Directorate	SG	PBO	KFI	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
Social Development		progress in respect of social development	Number of progress reports tabled per annum						

## 11.5 SUMMATION OF DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES

Here follows a summation of development priorities/operational plans as captured in Chapter 11, sections 11.1 to 11.4. The table seeks to illustrate alignment of National, Provincial and District strategic goals.

NATIONAL KPA	National Outcome	NDP (Chap)	PSG	ODM SG	Key Strategies
#1:	2	4	3	1	Landfill site
Basic Services	3	5	4		Going green
and Infrastructure	6	7	5		Develop environmental management tools
	9	10			Effective management of district municipal health services
	10	11			Effective management of roads projects
	11	12			Continuous assessment of disaster risks
					Enhance safer community projects and plans
#2:	4	3	1	2	■ Implement deliverables of Regional Economic Development & Tourism Strategy
Local	5	6	4		Job creation initiatives
Economic Development	7	7			SCM/LED initiatives
					Social Development
#3:	1	9	2	3	■ Implementation of EE Plan
Municipal Transformation and	5	13			Ensure skills development
Institutional Development	9				Local Labour Forum (LLF)
	12				Health and safety
					■ Ensure employee well-being
#4:	4	3	1	4	Monitoring and reporting
Financial Viability	9	13			Performance monitoring and reporting
	12	14			Secure financial sustainability
					Long-Term Financial Plan
#5:	9	7	5	5	Shared Services
Good Governance and Community	12	13			■ Enhancing IGR
Participation		14			Corporate governance audit and risk management
					Strategic planning and awareness
					Policy direction



# PROJECT FOOTPRINT OVERBERG REGION

## 12.1 OVERBERG JOINT DISTRICT AND METRO APPROACH (JDMA)

## JDMA FLAGSHIP PROJECTS

- Expanded Rail Network enable economic activity
- Land swop release land to enable development of social and economic development
- ◆ Shared Services to use economies of scale to ensure access to services (TWK, CAM, SDM & OSM)
- ◆ Pound encourage LED
- Safe House Network linked to outpatient care
- Upgrade of ablution facilities to improve human dignity
- Increase water resilience maximising water availability











## JDMA PROJECTS UNDERWAY



## **Waste Management**

- Cape Agulhas IWMP completed (IWMP is a living document that require annual revision)
- Theewaterskloof currently busy with their IWMP
  - Swellendam IWMP not yet developed – DEA&DP currently negotiating with National to assist with funding
- Ongoing discussion around further strategies (Karwyderskraal)



## Expand Rail infrastructure

- Phase 1: Expand and upgrade the rail section between Somerset West and Grabouw (completed in the 2019/20 year)
- Phase 2: Transform existing sheds/warehouses on the Elgin station into cooling facilities (Tender closes April 2022)
- Phase 3: To upgrade the railway into Swellendam
  - Expansion into Cape Winelands District

(possible Donor Involvement – discussions under way)



### School: Grabouw



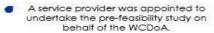
- JDMA successfully negotiated the swopping of Land: Pineview Municipal Sport Field for the development of a new Primary School in Grabouw (School Hub).
- WCED committed to provide funding to Grabouw High school to refurbish a playground on the new land, as they are sacrificing their sportsfield.
- All paperwork completed for the item to be tabled in Council
- Additional land included in the swop will be used for the expansion of health facilities

## School: Overstrand Municipality

- Overstrand Technical High School is supported by Dept of Education and TPW.
- Department of Education budgeted R5m for 2021/22 for planning.
- Ongoing discussions to determine the best suited land for the school. – options being considered.



## Water security





 As a first phase an Inception and Situation Assessment Report has been delivered. Project progressing.





## Drug Rehab



Due to reprioritising of funding by DSD, other alternative options will be explored for the Drug Rehabilitation Facility project in the Overberg. The Drug Rehab Centre remains a priority project in the Overberg.

## Feedback on Dennehof

 An urgent application was made to NPWI for the transfer of Dennehof.

Awaiting feedback from NPWI

## Land for Projects



DLG submitted a detailed correspondence to NPWI for the acquisition of land for projects

- Drug rehab
- Pound
- Grazing of small farmers
- Water Security: Desalination plant, Hermanus
- Small Harbor: Hermanus

Awaiting feedback

## Safehouse Network

- Project registered on District Safety Forum
- The bigger strategic intent: To build a network of safehouses across the Overberg as a safe haven for women and children.
- DSD will also use these facilities for out-patient treatment to assist rehab patients.
  - Project supported by SAPS
- Pilot the instruction of gender-based violence programmes in the project (CAM = pilot)



## **Rectification Project**



- Funding was allocated to the Overberg District for the upgrade of outside toilets in Railton and Genadendal (Rectification Project)
  - Swellendam R799 000 Theewaterskloof – R1000 000
- Business Plans were submitted to DLG and DHS
- Swellendam co-founding project
- TWK conducting more work on the project
- DHS sending engineers to site to determine the need - will allocate funding based on the need identified.



## Sanitation project in <u>Zwelitsha</u> Informal Settlements (Bredasdorp)

Consultation between key stakeholders have commenced in respect of the future sustainability of the project.

## Kleinmond Clinic

Discussions in progress in respect of the painting of the inside and rerouting access to KAWS to enable fencing.

## Container Park in Swellendam

- R2.2.mil secured to Swellendam for the development in Smitsville. (Railton is not able to access funding on this round of Booster Funding).
- The TPA is signed, and implementation is initiated.



## Early Childhood Development (ECD)

- New ECD Registration Framework to be rolled out to nominated areas Villiersdorp, Grabouw, Bredasdorp, Zwelihle.
- Dates to be confirmed by DSD.
- The completed registration framework was submitted to all JDMA municipal reps



## Taxi Interchange: CAM

- Initial discussions took place with Public Works
- Cam to formalize request and submit a detailed project plan for consideration by the Department.

## NEW JDMA PROJECT: DETAILED UPDATE



## Overberg Water

Following a meeting with Minister Bredell, DLG to lead a task team consisting of DLG, DWS (WC), DWS, municipalities and farmers (Agri WC).

- Task team established and functional.
- High level briefings to DWS on challenges experienced (report prepared).
- Full technical assessment conducted on 16 and 17. Water specialists and engineers leading the assessment.
- To draft a status report with recommendations for immediate, medium- and long-term interventions.
- All stakeholders were updated on progress and the way forward.



## **DBSA-FUNDED PROJECTS**

◆ Cape Agulhas Municipality: Asset Care R 800 000 for Phase 1

♦ Swellendam Municipality: Asset Care R1 000 000 for Phase 1

Revenue Enhancement R4 000 000

## JDMA PROJECTS COMPLETED

Municipality	Project	Description	Funding
ALL	Red tape: ease of doing business	Red tape reduction jointly developed with municipalities	DEDAT
Cape Agulhas	Establishment of safe houses	Safe houses established to ensure the safety of women and children	DOCS; DSD; Health
Theewaterskloof Cape Agulhas	Water security (boreholes)	Geohydro-logical study conducted on boreholes in CAM and TWK	DLG/Agriculture DEA&DP DHWS
Theewaterskloof	Expand on rail infrastructure	Expand and upgrade rail section between Somerset West and Grabouw (completed in the 2019/20 year)	Funded by Transnet
Theewaterskloof	Upgrade of basic services' infrastructure in Grabouw	Conducted a Feasibility Study to determine the need	Human Settlements
Theewaterskloof	High mast lighting in Grabouw	Construction of high mast lighting to ensure the safety of citizens in informal settlements	DLG

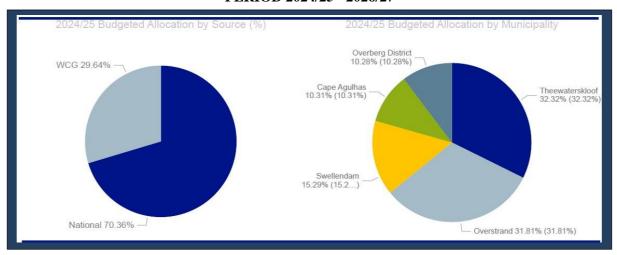
## JDMA PROJECTS REQUIRING FUNDING

- Upgrading of the electricity network in Villiersdorp area
- Financial contribution towards the repairs of the Grabouw Traffic Centre (NEW)
- ◆ Expand the Fire function (new fire station and training of 100 officials) (NEW)
- Funding for upgrading of Resorts
- Suiderstrand Road further clarity required as to the statistics of the project and specific support required

Updates on this part will be done during inputs and comments period of April 2025 and be table to council by end of May 2025 with the Fina Review and Amendment of IDP

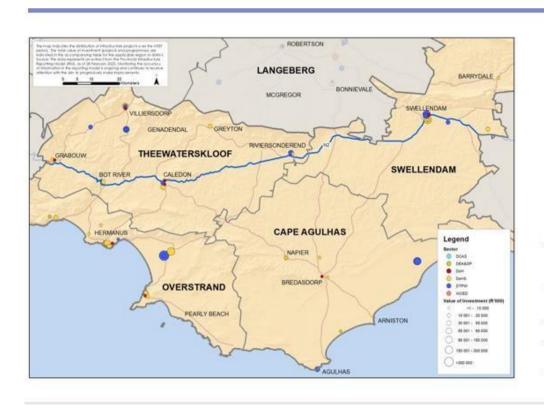
## 12.2 WESTERN CAPE GOVERNMENT FINANCIL FOOTPRINT OVERBERG REGION

## SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF ALLOCATIONS TO MUNICIPALITIES OVER MTEF PERIOD 2024/25 - 2026/27

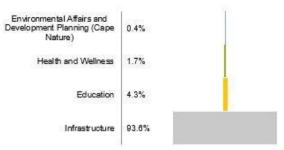


Source	Department	Total number of transfers	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	MTEF Total
WCG	Department of Economic Development and Tourism	2	R2,000,000	R0	R0.0	R2,000,000
WCG	Department of Education	2	R23,600,000	R35,040,000	R36,347,000.0	R94,987,000
WCG	Department of Social Development	2	R6,500,000	R0	R0.0	R6,500,000
National	Human Settlements	3	R1,634,787,000	R1,707,822,000	R1,937,436,000.0	R5,280,045,000
WCG	Department of Health and Wellness	4	R645,454,000	R661,435,000	R681,646,000.0	R1,988,535,000
WCG	Department of Mobility	5	R271,128,000	R276,351,000	R283,174,000.0	R830,653,000
WCG	Department of Environmental Affairs & Development Planning	8	R7,300,000	R7,530,000	R9,470,000.0	R24,300,000
National	Transport	9	R2,697,758,000	R3,453,501,000	R3,132,989,000.0	R9,284,248,000
WCG	Department of Police Oversight and Community Safety	10	R387,532,000	R378,868,000	R395,391,000.0	R1,161,791,000
WCG	Provincial Treasury	13	R19,760,000	R22,123,000	R23,028,000.0	R64,911,000
National	Water and Sanitation	18	R1,053,040,000	R659,016,000	R177,040,000.0	R1,889,096,000
National	Public works and Infrastructure	31	R70,143,000	R567,281,000	R593,271,000.0	R1,230,695,000
National	Cooperative Governance	32	R642,733,000	R1,227,760,000	R1,290,958,000.0	R3,161,451,000
WCG	Local Government	36	R131,144,000	R95,175,000	R28,222,000.0	R254,541,000
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	41	R278,983,000	R315,936,000	R288,071,000.0	R882,990,000
WCG	Cultural Affairs and Sport	43	R290,039,000	R290,936,000	R302,253,000.0	R883,228,000
National	National Treasury	52	R8,190,081,000	R8,606,406,000	R9,201,012,000.0	R25,997,499,000
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	99	R2,062,994,000	R2,033,651,000 R20,338,831,000	R1,840,771,000.0 R20,221,079,000.0	R5,937,416,000

## SECTOR AND SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF PLANNED INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT



# OD : Departmental MTEF Infrastructure Budgets (% of MTEF Total)



Department	No. of Projects	MTEF Total (R'000)
Infrastructure	53	1 689 920
Education	2	78 000
Health and Wellness	16	29 894
En vironmental Affairs and Development Planning (Cape Nature)	4	6 900
Total	75	1 804 71

## 2024/25 – 2025/26 MTEF PROVINCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT OVERVIEW TOTAL PLANNED INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS



## **CAPE AGHULAS MUNICIPALITY**

Cape Agulhas: Budgeted National and Provincial Allocations

Source	Department	Municipality	Transfer description	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
National	National Treasury	Cape Agulhas	Equitable Share	R43,073,000	R45,901,000	R48,854,000.0
National	Cooperative Governance	Cape Agulhas	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R17,101,000	R12,472,000	R13,164,000.0
National	Water and Sanitation	Cape Agulhas	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	R10,000,000	R7,000,000	R0.0
WCG	Cultural Affairs and Sport	Cape Agulhas	Library service: Replacement funding for most vulnerable B3 Municipalities	R8,277,000	R8,551,000	R8,781,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Cape Agulhas	Human Settlements Development Grant (Beneficiaries)	R3,364,000	R9,350,000	R26,000,000.0
National	National Treasury	Cape Agulhas	Local Government Financial Management Grant	R1,700,000	R1,800,000	R1,900,000.0
National	Public works and Infrastructure	Cape Agulhas	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	R1,363,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Cape Agulhas	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant	R1,051,000	R9,260,000	R8,000,000.0
WCG	Department of Environmental Affairs & Development Planning	Cape Agulhas	Regional Socio-Economic Projects (RSEP) Programme - Municipal Projects	R770,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Cape Agulhas	Municipal accreditation and capacity building grant	R249,000	R249,000	R260,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Cape Agulhas	Financial assistance to Municipalities for maintenance and construction of transport infrastructure	R90,000	R95,000	R99,000.0
WCG	Local Government	Cape Agulhas	Community Development Worker Operational Support Grant	R57,000	R57,000	R57,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Cape Agulhas	Title-Deeds Restoration	R43,000	R0	R0.0
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	Cape Agulhas	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	R0	R1,320,000	R2,000,000.0
Total				R87,138,000	R96,055,000	R109,115,000.0



Overstrand: Budgeted National and Provincial Alloc	ations	
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Source	Department	Municipality	Transfer description	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
National	National Treasury	Overstrand	Equitable Share	R168,794,000	R179,596,000	R190,729,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Overstrand	Human Settlements Development Grant (Beneficiaries)	R90,110,000	R46,719,000	R18,500,000.0
National	Cooperative Governance	Overstrand	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R25,165,000	R26,220,000	R28,183,000.0
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	Overstrand	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	R19,334,000	R9,900,000	R9,551,000.0
WCG	Cultural Affairs and Sport	Overstrand	Community library services grant	R8,608,000	R8,627,000	R9,014,000.0
National	Water and Sanitation	Overstrand	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	R8,000,000	R12,000,000	R0.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Overstrand	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant	R7,429,000	R0	R1,000,000.0
WCG	Department of Police Oversight and Community Safety	Overstrand	Resourcing funding for establishment of Law Enforcement Rural Safety Unit	R4,223,000	R4,317,000	R4,516,000.0
WCG	Department of Police Oversight and Community Safety	Overstrand	Resourcing funding for establishment and support of a K9 unit	R3,722,000	R4,100,000	R4,220,000.0
National	Public works and Infrastructure	Overstrand	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	R1,898,000	R0	R0.0
National	National Treasury	Overstrand	Local Government Financial Management Grant	R1,700,000	R1,800,000	R1,900,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Overstrand	Financial assistance to Municipalities for maintenance and construction of transport infrastructure	R450,000	R500,000	R523,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Overstrand	Title-Deeds Restoration	R187,000	R49,000	R0.0
WCG	Provincial Treasury	Overstrand	Western Cape Financial Management Capability Grant	R160,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Local Government	Overstrand	Community Development Worker Operational Support Grant	R76,000	R76,000	R76,000.0
WCG	Local Government	Overstrand	Thusong Service Centres Grant (Sustainability: Operational Support Grant)	R0	R146,000	R0.0
Total				R339,856,000	R294,050,000	R268,212,000.0



## THEEWATERSKLOOF MUNICIPALITY

Theewaterskloof: Budgeted National and Provincial Allocations

Source	Department	Municipality	Transfer description	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
National	National Treasury	Theewaterskloof	Equitable Share	R140,900,000	R150,354,000	R160,211,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Theewaterskloof	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant	R68,983,000	R60,281,000	R20,160,000.0
National	Cooperative Governance	Theewaterskloof	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R30,320,000	R31,645,000	R34,109,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Theewaterskloof	Human Settlements Development Grant (Beneficiaries)	R12,000,000	R28,080,000	R94,800,000.0
WCG	Cultural Affairs and Sport	Theewaterskloof	Library service: Replacement funding for most vulnerable B3 Municipalities	R7,009,000	R7,243,000	R7,437,000.0
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	Theewaterskloof	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	R5,913,000	R5,000,000	R6,000,000.0
National	Water and Sanitation	Theewaterskloof	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	R5,000,000	R0	R0.0
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	Theewaterskloof	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Eskom) Grant	R4,649,000	R13,462,000	R726,000.0
WCG	Cultural Affairs and Sport	Theewaterskloof	Community library services grant	R2,929,000	R2,936,000	R3,067,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Theewaterskloof	Title-Deeds Restoration	R1,911,000	R1,840,000	R0.0
National	National Treasury	Theewaterskloof	Local Government Financial Management Grant	R1,800,000	R1,900,000	R2,000,000.0
National	Public works and Infrastructure	Theewaterskloof	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	R1,563,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Department of Environmental Affairs & Development Planning	Theewaterskloof	Regional Socio-Economic Projects (RSEP) Programme - Municipal Projects	R900,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Provincial Treasury	Theewaterskloof	Western Cape Financial Management Capability Grant	R500,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Theewaterskloof	Financial assistance to Municipalities for maintenance and construction of transport infrastructure	R170,000	R180,000	R188,000.0
WCG	Local Government	Theewaterskloof	Thusong Service Centres Grant (Sustainability: Operational Support Grant)	R146,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Local Government	Theewaterskloof	Community Development Worker Operational Support Grant	R113,000	R113,000	R113,000.0
Total				R284,806,000	R303,034,000	R328,811,000.0



## SWELLENDAM MUNICIPALITY

Swellendam: Budgeted National and Provincial Allocations

Source	Department	Municipality	Transfer description	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
National	Cooperative Governance	Swellendam	Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R13,184,000	R13,612,000	R14,409,000.0
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	Swellendam	Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management Grant	R3,000,000	R4,000,000	R0.0
National	Mineral Resources and Energy	Swellendam	Integrated National Electrification Programme (Municipal) Grant	R4,975,000	R3,300,000	R3,000,000.0
National	National Treasury	Swellendam	Equitable Share	R46,412,000	R49,522,000	R52,787,000.0
National	National Treasury	Swellendam	Local Government Financial Management Grant	R1,800,000	R1,900,000	R2,000,000.0
National	Public works and Infrastructure	Swellendam	Expanded Public Works Programme Integrated Grant for Municipalities	R1,305,000	R0	R0.0
National	Water and Sanitation	Swellendam	Water Services Infrastructure Grant	R10,000,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Cultural Affairs and Sport	Swellendam	Library service: Replacement funding for most vulnerable B3 Municipalities	R6,340,000	R6,552,000	R6,727,000.0
WCG	Department of Environmental Affairs & Development Planning	Swellendam	Regional Socio-Economic Projects (RSEP) Programme - Municipal Projects	R700,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Swellendam	Financial assistance to Municipalities for maintenance and construction of transport infrastructure	R60,000	R70,000	R73,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Swellendam	Human Settlements Development Grant (Beneficiaries)	R97,971,000	R46,451,000	R13,111,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Swellendam	Informal Settlements Upgrading Partnership Grant	R8,638,000	R8,000,000	R2,000,000.0
WCG	Department of Infrastructure	Swellendam	Provincial Contributions towards to Acceleration of Housing Delivery	R10,075,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Local Government	Swellendam	Municipal Water Resilience Grant	R1,000,000	R0	R0.0
WCG	Local Government	Swellendam	Thusong Service Centres Grant (Sustainability: Operational Support Grant)	R0	R0	R150,000.0
WCG	Provincial Treasury	Swellendam	Western Cape Financial Management Capability Grant	R500,000	R0	R0.0
Total	1			R205,960,000	R133,407,000	R94,257,000.0

## 12.3 EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAM (EPWP)

Municipalities in the Overberg Region are committed to effectively utilising the Conditional Grant by ensuring job opportunities and skills transfer to the unemployed. As required by conditions of the Conditional Grant, certain targets must be met.

Monthly Expenditure Reports, Quarterly Evaluation Reports and Annual Performance Evaluation Reports are submitted to the Department. The Directorate EPWP Provincial Coordination and Compliance Monitoring Unit assist municipalities with reporting, capturing and technical challenges experienced.

An Overberg EPWP Forum structure is in place, coordinated and assisted by the Regional EPWP Coordinator in the Overberg, Mr H Zass. The Forum meets bi-monthly and comprises National, Provincial and District role-players. Here follows a breakdown of performance for the 2023/2024 financial year, per municipal area (as per the EPWP Reporting System Validation):

Municipality	No. of Projects	Work Opportu	unities (WOs)	Full-Time Equi	valents (FTEs)
Municipality	No. of Projects	Target	Performance	Target	Performance
Cape Agulhas	42	598	453	107	106
Overberg District	26	169	210	77	56
Overstrand	87	1070	1107	258	334
Swellendam	24	363	367	74	90
Theewaterskloof	48	324	407	121	139
TOTAL	227	2524	2544	637	725

Phase 5 – 5 Year Targets for ODM

Financial Year	WO Target	FTE Target
2025/2025	120	30
2026/2026	120	30
2027/2027	120	30
2028/2028	120	30
2029/2029	120	30
TOTAL	600	150

## 2024/2025 SECTOR TARGETS

Sector	WOs	FTEs
Infrastructure	31	8
Environment & Culture	101	26
Social	120	30
	252	64

## 2024/2025 FTE TARGETS OVERBERG MUNICIPALITIES

Municipality	Targets
Cape Agulhas	72
Overberg District	64
Overstrand	152
Swellendam	63
Theewaterskloof	69
TOTAL	420

## 12.4 DISTRICT ROADS PROJECTS

The Roads Department receives grant funding (budget) from the Provincial Department of Transport and Public Works and act as an Agent for the maintenance, upgrading, rehabilitation, regravel and reseal of Provincial proclaimed roads within the Overberg DM area.

## **PROJECTS 2024/2025**

RESEAL						
Roads No.	Road Name	Start	End	Length	Budget	
TO BE CONFIRMED BY DEPARTMENT OF INFRASTRUCTURE						
TOTAL					R20 820 000	

NORMAL MAINTENANCE					
Road	km	Budget			
All surfaced and gravel roads maintenance	3 628	R32 935 000			

BLADING				
Road	km	Budget		
All Gravel Roads	6 500	R20 000 000		

FLOOD DAMAGE REPAIRS					
Road km Budget					
Several gravel roads	To be confirmed by Department of Infrastructure	R14 000 000			

	REHABILITATIONUPGRADING PROJECTS							
Road No.	Road Name	Start	End	Length	Remarks	Budget		
DR 1206	Buffeljagsbaai	11.68	15.08	3.40	For completion 2024 / 2025	R16 000 000		
DR 1277	Buffelsjagrivier	0.00	2.70	8.60	To be completed 2025 / 2026	R 8 000 000		
TOTAL 12.00					R24 000 000			

REGRAVEL							
Road No.	Road Name	Start	End	Length	Budget		
DR 1277	Buffeljags Malgas	2.70	13.50	10.80	R9 800 000		
DR 1207	De Mond	0.00	14.33	14.33	R7 400 000		
DR 1279	Nethercourt	8.20	21.64	13.44	R7 800 000		
DR 1294	Krige / Greyton	0.11	15.15	15.04	R11 750 000		
TOTAL		53.61	R36 750 000				



## CLIMATE RESILIENCE

## 13.1 INTRODUCTION

Climate change and the lack of urgency in response thereto is now consistently ranked the top global risk by the World Economic Forum. The ODM also acknowledge this risk and the impact it will have on the region's economic growth, social vulnerability, and natural resources.

FIGURE C Global risks ranked by severity over the short and long term

"Please estimate the likely impact (severity) of the following risks over a 2-year and 10-year period."

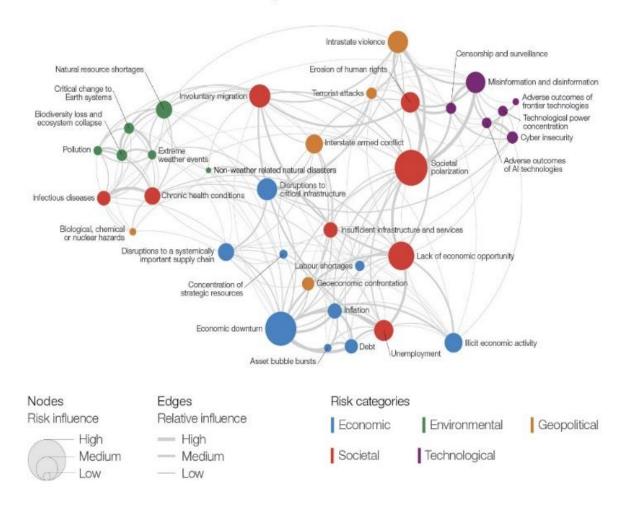


Climate change is impacting on us personal, neighborhood, town and regional levels, with energy concerns, harsh weather and natural disasters undermining our social and economic systems. Climate change tends to discriminate in terms of gender, age, wealth, social status and other factors, with vulnerable people and communities often being most at risk whilst having the lowest capacity for coping with the impacts of climate change. Our adaptation efforts and investments to climate change resilience should ensure equitable benefits for the communities and individuals most vulnerable to climate change.

Global Risks Report 2024

# Global risks landscape: an interconnections map





Source: World Economic Forum Global Risks Perception Survey 2023-2024.

Action at a local level requires pro-active planning and directing, and serious change management, if responses are to match the scale of impact to what is now termed a "climate emergency". In response to the impacts of climate change the ODM will have to implement an integrated approach focusing on mainstreaming climate change within its organisational mandate.

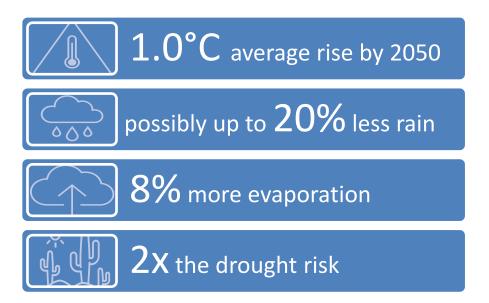
Mainstreaming of climate change refer to building climate resilience through sustainable planning (policies and sector plans) and decision-making processes across all sectors, to ensure efficient use of resource and

## 13.2.OBSERVED CLIMATE

Recent observational records (1902-2020) show that average temperatures in the ODM have been rising at about 0.1°C per decade. Maximum temperatures have been increasing accordingly, but at a marginally slower rate during summer and winter seasons. Trends in the observed rainfall record are less clear, but tend towards a slight increase in seasonal rainfall, except in autumn (March to May) when a clear decrease is observed. Rainfall intensity (maximum 1-day rainfall) tends to correspond to these seasonal patterns as well. The uncertainty in the historic rainfall trends also apply to observations on drought, but the suggestions are that there might be slightly fewer dry days during spring and summer but more dry days in autumn and winter. Note, however, that the wetting/drying patterns are not as dominant as the temperature changes, and therefore moisture availability would trend lower as temperatures rise. Notably, also, is a decline in the number of frost days per year – between 1 and 3 days fewer per winter season.

## 13.3.CLIMATE CHANGE PROJECTIONS

Projections of future climate show how the trend in rising temperatures will persist during the century, with mean annual temperatures being about 0.5 - 1 degree Celsius higher by mid-century than they are now (1.5°C higher than in 2000). Total rainfall could be up to 20% lower than around the year 2000, and potential evapotranspiration up to 8% more. This translates into the drought likelihood doubling by mid-century. This will increase water insecurity in the District. Additionally, sea levels will respond to historic greenhouse gas emissions by rising consistently for the next 200 years, with levels being 25cm higher by 2050.



## 13.4.CLIMATE CHANGE HAZARDS AND VULNERABILITY

The expected climatic changes will impact on day-to-day activities and especially productive economic activities. Sector or activity specific risk and vulnerability assessments are necessary to understand the hazards, vulnerabilities and risks activities in a particular context will need to adapt to. An immediate and widespread threat is the increasing likelihood of droughts. Increased temperatures and increased evapotranspiration will result in drier soils. Moisture availability at ground level will reduce over time, translating into more frequent hydrological droughts. Water dependent activities, especially agriculture, will have to find ways to become more water efficient and weather the longer or more frequent drought events. Drought awareness must increase, as even a stable total rainfall pattern will result in lower water availability due to the rising overall temperatures. Importantly, proactive protection of ecosystems in important catchments is the required long-term response.

The conditions conducive to wildfires starting and spreading beyond control will become more common. This will require more resources to respond to and contain wildfires, especially in inland areas where resources are generally thinly spread already. A major concern is areas adjacent to mountain ranges, that will be exposed to wildfires descending. Infrastructure, agriculture, wildlife and people are at risk. Provision for disaster response funds for fires will need to increase.

Increasing temperature indices may also impact on activities, such as fruit farming, that are sensitive to a decrease in the number of very cold days.

Along the coastline, uncertainties remain in terms of wind response and the effects on wave heights, but it is something to keep in mind when planning and increasing the resilience of coastal activities such as those in harbours or important tourist areas. There is, however, certainty regarding the irreversible sea level rise trend. All activities adjacent to the high-water mark or on primary dunes need to respond to the assessments of risks associated with coastal erosion and wave impact, either by improving coastal defences or by moving infrastructure further inland. Potentially mobile dune fields, currently stabilised by vegetation, should also be identified as risk areas, as the drying climate could translate into a deterioration of the vegetation cover and mobilisation of the underlying sand.

Coastal municipalities potentially have a big role to play in managing coastal development. Notably, insurance companies are starting to withdraw their cover from some vulnerable coastal areas. Impacts of shifting marine resources have implications for social and economic fabric of coastal communities.

## **Climate Change Opportunities**

The Overberg District is more climate change aware than most municipalities, and even makes an attempt at tagging budget items for climate change relevance. Successful budget tagging will go a long way towards creating the necessary institutional awareness of climate change and directing of procurement and investment into more sustainable products and services.

The Overberg District promotes the idea of a sustainable district economy. It therefore needs to take a long-term perspective in terms of what a 'sustainable economy' would look like, as some longer-term changes/outcomes require short-term investments in order to put in place the foundations for a systemic change.

It is necessary that the IDP planning implement recommendations from the District Climate Change Response Framework. Already, several activities that respond to climate change are listed in the IDP, and these are mostly aimed at reducing risks. The current IDP, however, defers to the projects listed in the Climate Change Response Framework, which suggests that such actions might not be fully integrated into the IDP.

Climate change is highlighted in all risk assessments, and more can be done to make development in the Overberg resilient in the face of anticipated climatic changes. The District must not downplay the impact of coastal erosion and flooding, given the importance of the coastline as a tourist and business attraction. Active response to coastal erosion and flooding must be present, with a strong focus on natural coastal defences — natural systems tend to be self-regulating and self-repairing, reducing the need for on-going maintenance or replacement over time as is the case for built defences.

Agriculture must also be given attention in respect of climate impacts over time, climate-proofing agricultural development.

It would also not go amiss to investigate renewable energy investments at a municipal scale, given the benefits of lower cost and more reliable electricity sourcing.

Rail services is recognised as an economic opportunity in the current IDP but, generally, business-as usual planning is at the order of the day. The suggestion of revitalised passenger rail services is welcome

in the context of a future where transport, inclusive of tourist transport, would need to be increasingly energy efficient or even carbon neutral.

## **Climate Change Response**

## Overberg Inaugural Climate Change and Biodiversity Indaba

Achieving climate resilience requires Local Government to understand its importance. Open discussions are essential to enhance climate readiness, use ecological services, and promote sustainable service delivery. Engagement from all municipal officials is crucial for supportive climate policies. The Overberg Climate Change and Biodiversity Indaba, held on 21 - 22 August 2024 provided a platform to discuss climate responses, biodiversity, and conservation, fostering unified actions and commitment. It emphasised that climate change affects sustainable service delivery and is not just a "green" issue.

The Indaba was a significant gathering aimed at fostering collaboration and commitment in the Overberg District and to prioritise local adaptation efforts, overcome barriers to integrating climate risks into planning, incorporate climate change response into existing frameworks, thus creating a climate-resilient District. Local Government's ability to implement adaptive measures will reduce community vulnerability to climate change impacts and facilitate sustainable service delivery.

The Indaba brought together stakeholders, experts, and leaders in climate change and biodiversity management to address key challenges and opportunities in the Overberg District.

One of the key objectives of this Indaba was to identify key commitments from municipalities to create a climate resilient pathway. The commitments are summarised as follows:

	Category	Commitment		
1	Municipal infrastructure planning and maintenance	<ul> <li>Prioritizing regular infrastructure maintenance to minimize service disruptions, enhance resilience, support emergency response, prevent costly repairs, sustain economic stability, mitigate risks, and protect public safety against climate change impacts.</li> <li>Map critical infrastructure to protect essential systems from climate impacts.</li> </ul>		
2	Communication and awareness	<ul> <li>Translate climate change information, including just transition principles, into the local language and using culturally relevant examples to enhance community preparedness and protect livelihoods.</li> <li>Conduct preseason campaigns to educate communities of flooding and fire risks, including early warnings and preparedness measures, through workshops and local collaborations.</li> <li>Engage in collaborative platforms, such as Breede-Sonderend Catchment Collaborative, to foster public-private partnerships.</li> </ul>		
3	Legislative compliance	<ul> <li>Enhance awareness of climate change and biodiversity compliance across sectors.</li> <li>Financial alleviation for Climate Assessment publications. DFFE undertakes to explore mechanisms to alleviate the financial burden of publishing the Climate Change Needs and Response Assessment in the Government Gazette.</li> </ul>		

4	Ecological	- Develop and maintain a comprehensive inventory of ecological			
	Infrastructure	infrastructure.			
		Ground truthing and validate wetland maps for accurate management.			
		- Utilise and expand existing data sources.			
5	Long-term	- Facilitate discussions on how the region can enhance water security.			
	Regional Water	- Alien species clearing planning: coordinate planning and budgeting for			
	Security	alien species clearing, focussing on clearing for a purpose to enhance			
		climate resilience.			
6	Mainstreaming	- Create a joint vision for climate change resilience in the Overberg			
		district, involving stakeholders to address climate challenges			
		effectively.			
		Identify key strategic projects that mitigate climate risks, enhance			
		resilience, and promote sustainable development.			
		<ul> <li>Institutionalization of climate change into all sectors, making it a shared responsibility.</li> </ul>	d		
		Review strategic plans to identify gaps and articulate relevant actions			
		related to climate change and biodiversity.			
		Ensure sector plans are cohesive and integrated for climate action and			
		ecological infrastructure conservation.			
7	Funding	- Explore and implement effective funding mechanisms with distinct			
	mechanisms	models for rural projects.			

## Overberg District Municipality Climate Change Response Framework

The first Overberg Climate Change Response Framework was developed in 2017 with the assistance of the Western Cape Government. Following the Response Framework the ODM also partnered with the National Department of Forestry, Fisheries and Environment to develop its Climate Change Adaptation Plan in 2018. In 2024 the ODM participated in the Greenbook initiative to develop a climate risk profile for the district.

The Climate Change Act (Act 06 0f 2024), requires the ODM to develop a Needs and Response Assessment followed by a Climate Change Response Implementation Plan. Current climate change strategies as mentioned above will be utilized as source documentation for the development of the plans as required in the Act.

In order for the ODM climate change strategy to be meaningful, it will have to align with National and Provincial strategies and objectives. Is should however be noted that any response action should be realistically implementable by the municipality, taking into account its limited resource and legal mandate. Response actions as listed below forms part of the Municipality's operational budget and implemented by the relevant line department.

Ove	erberg District Muni	cipality Climate	<b>Change Response Act</b>	ions
	Effectiv	re response to the climate	emergency.	
Climate change response	Action	Implementation timeframe	Strategic alignment	Responsible department
Early warning systems to provide long-term warnings and improved weather assessment	<ul> <li>Overberg Disaster         Management Centre         community and         stakeholders     </li> <li>Report quarterly to DCF</li> <li>and DCF-Tech.</li> </ul>	Ongoing	<ul><li>Disaster Management</li><li>Framework</li><li>Disaster Risk</li><li>Management Plan</li></ul>	Emergency services
Implementation of coastal management lines	Commenting on development applications to ensure coastal risk zone is considered in the planning phase of any development	Ongoing	- NEM:ICMA, - ODM Coastal Management Programme	Environmental Management Services
FPA awareness	Interaction with land- owners in terms of fire risk			Emergency services
ODM risk assessment	<ul><li>Report quarterly to DCF and DCF-Tech.</li><li>Compile ODM risk register</li></ul>	Ongoing		
	An equitable and ir	iclusive transition to net z	zero emissions be 2050.	
Climate change response	Action	Implementation timeframe	Strategic alignment	Responsible department
Reduce organic waste to landfill	100% of organic waste to be diverted from the Karwyderskraal Regional Landfill Facility	2027	<ul> <li>National Waste</li> <li>Management Strategy</li> <li>ODM Integrated Waste</li> <li>Management Plan</li> </ul>	Environmental Management Services
Landfill site monitoring	Compliance monitoring to prevent burning of waste.	Ongoing	<ul><li>Municipal Health Bylaw</li><li>Health Act</li><li>ODM MHS Plan</li><li>NEM:WA</li></ul>	Municipal Health Services
Regionalisation of waste management	<ul> <li>Promote centralised landfill to avoid duplication of impacts.</li> </ul>		- ODM IWMP - NEM:WA	Environmental Management Services

Integrate climate change	- Promote reduce, re-use and recycling.  Commenting on	Ongoing	-	NEMA	Environmental
risk reduction and resource efficiency into new-build projects	development applications to ensure climate resilience is considered in the planning phase of any development		-	Overberg SDF ODM Environmental Management Policy	Management Services
Air quality emissions licencing	Issuing and monitoring of air quality licences for listed activities and controlled emitters.	<ul> <li>Provisional         Atmospheric Emission         License reviewed         annually.     </li> <li>Atmospheric</li> <li>Emissions Licenses</li> <li>are reviewed every 5-years</li> </ul>	-	NEM:AQA ODM Air Quality Plan	Municipal Health Services
Promote investment in the green economy	<ul> <li>Promote the use of renewable energy (public and private sector)</li> <li>Support initiatives that incorporate the principles of a circular economy</li> <li>Incorporate sustainable public procurement principles in the SCM process.</li> </ul>	Ongoing	-	Overberg SDF WCG Municipal Energy Resilience programme	Regional Economic Development & Tourism Environmental Management Services
ODM initiatives	<ul> <li>Paper waste – supply to a local business as packaging material.</li> <li>E-waste – responsible disposal of e-waste through a certified service provider.</li> <li>Retrofitting to LED lights</li> </ul>	Ongoing	-		All department

	<ul> <li>Reduce carbon impact with the implementation of LPG water heating at resorts</li> <li>Paper reductions – reduced printing</li> <li>Online/hybrid meetings (reduced carbon footprint)</li> </ul>			
Climate change response	nvestment in natural capital to Action	reduce climate risks and Implementation	d increase socio-economic resilience Strategic alignment	Responsible department
		timeframe		nesponsible department
Ecosystem restoration	<ul> <li>Invasive species         management on ODM         properties.</li> <li>Wetland conservation</li> <li>Conservation         Agriculture for soil         restoration</li> </ul>	Annually	<ul> <li>NEMBA</li> <li>ODM Alien Invasive         Species Monitoring,             Control, and             Eradication Plan     </li> <li>ODM Wetland Strategy         and Action Plan     </li> <li>WCG SmartAgri Plan</li> </ul>	Environmental Management Services.
Water quality monitoring	Early detection for water- born diseases. (Sample & analysis for quality water)	Ongoing	<ul><li>Municipal Health Bylaw</li><li>Health Act</li><li>ODM MHS Plan</li><li>SANS 241</li></ul>	Municipal Health Services
Food production monitoring	Food production and storage management. Food sampling monitor and awareness.	Ongoing	<ul><li>Municipal Health Bylaw</li><li>Health Act</li><li>ODM MHS Plan</li><li>FCD Act</li></ul>	Municipal Health Services
Vector control	Monitoring change in vector incidents and distribution. Conduct awareness at community and businesses level.	Ongoing	<ul> <li>Municipal Health Bylaw</li> <li>Health Act</li> <li>ODM MHS Plan</li> <li>FCD Act</li> </ul>	Municipal Health Services
Promote ecosystem-based adaptation activities	Commenting on development applications	Ongoing	- ODM SDF	Environmental Management Services.

	to promote nature base solutions are incorporated into planning of any development.	ry governance to lead a ju	- Environmental Management Policy	
Climate change response	Action	Implementation timeframe	Strategic alignment	Responsible department
Overberg Climate Change and Biodiversity Forum	Convene a platform to support and inform local municipalities	Quarterly		Environmental Management Services
Overberg Climate Change Strategy	Review of the current Climate Change Response Framework to align with the Western Cape Climate Change Response Strategy and other policy documents	2024/25	Climate Change Bill National and Provincial policy document for climate change	Environmental Management Services
Support sustainable public procurement to support low carbon and more responsible goods and services	Develop a Sustainable Public Procurement Policy	2024	- WCG Sustainable Public Procurement programme	Supply Chain Management
Promoting community resilience to climate change impacts	<ul> <li>Impact of climate change on rural women</li> <li>Awareness session.</li> <li>Promote household food gardens in partnership with the Department of Agriculture</li> </ul>	Ongoing		Social development



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